BEFORE THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

ENERGY FACILITY SITE EVALUATION COUNCIL

In the matter of:)	
Application No. 2003-01)	
)	Adjudicative
SAGEBRUSH POWER PARTNERS, LLC,)	Hearing
)	
KITTITAS VALLEY WIND POWER PROJECT)	Pages 561 - 773
)	

An adjudicative hearing in the above matter was held in the presence of a court reporter on September 20, 2006, at 9:05 a.m., at Kittitas County Fairgrounds, 512 North Poplar Street, Fine Arts Building, in Ellensburg, Washington, before Energy Facility Site Evaluation Councilmembers.

* * * * *

The parties were present as follows:

SAGEBRUSH POWER PARTNERS, LLC, Darrel Peeples,
Attorney at Law; Timothy L. McMahan, Attorney at Law; Erin
L. Anderson, Attorney at Law, 325 Washington Street N.E.,
Suite 440, Olympia, Washington 98501.

COUNSEL FOR THE ENVIRONMENT, Michael Tribble,
Assistant Attorney General, 1125 Washington Street S.E.,
P.O. Box 40100, Olympia, Washington 98504-0100.

KITTITAS COUNTY, James E. Hurson, Kittitas County Prosecutor, Kittitas County Courthouse, Room 213, Ellensburg, Washington 98926.

Reported by:

Shaun Linse, CCR No. 2029

- 1 Appearances (cont'd):
- 2 RESIDENTS OPPOSED TO KITTITAS TURBINES (ROKT),
- 3 James C. Carmody, Velikanje, Moore & Shore, P.S., 405 East
- 4 Lincoln Avenue, P.O. Box 22550, Yakima, Washington 98907.
- F. STEVEN LATHROP, Jeff Slothower, Attorney at
- 6 Law; and F. Steven Lathrop, Attorney at Law, Lathrop,
- 7 Winbauer, Harrel, Slothower & Denison, LLP, 201 West Seventh
- 8 Avenue, Ellensburg, Washington 98926.
- 9 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT GROUP, Debbie Strand,
- 10 Executive Director, 1000 Prospect Street, P.O. Box 598,
- 11 Ellensburg, Washington 98926.
- 12 COMMUNITY TRADE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, Tony
- 13 Usibelli, Assistant Director, Energy Policy Division, P.O.
- 14 Box 43173, Olympia, Washington 98504-3173.
- 15 * * * * *
- 16 JUDGE TOREM: All right. It's now five
- minutes after 9:00, and we're going to call to order the
- third day of the Kittitas Valley Wind Power Project
- 19 proceedings. It is Wednesday, September 20, 2006, and
- this morning's agenda is six witnesses, and we have some
- 21 preliminary issues to take care of, and I see that
- Mr. Taylor is already seated at the table. We'll get to
- him shortly, but I want to go through a couple of
- 24 preliminaries first.
- 25 Yesterday afternoon off the record we had a

- discussion among interested parties as to where the site
- 2 visit would go tomorrow afternoon. It may actually turn
- 3 into tomorrow morning. So I want to make it clear now on
- 4 the record that tomorrow morning we're starting at 9:00
- 5 a.m. There are three witnesses it appears for
- 6 cross-examination. It could be done within an hour. So I
- 7 want to announce that the site visit will begin as early
- 8 as 10:00 a.m. but no earlier. It will be begin
- 9 immediately after we're done tomorrow.
- 10 I'm also informed that most of the parties
- don't feel a need to accompany the site visit, but I want
- to also make clear it's a part of the public meeting and
- 13 I'm not discouraging any attendance. So that anybody that
- wants to go may go, whether they're a party or from the
- 15 public. But to go you need to provide your own
- 16 transportation. I suggest that you check with Irina
- 17 Makarow and make sure that you have the appropriate maps
- and understand where the site visit is going.
- Joy Potter put together a site map. I
- 20 believe there are seven or perhaps eight sites I believe
- 21 that we're going to stop at. Those were suggested and
- agreed to by the parties. There was a discussion as to
- whether there should be a script with exact language read,
- and it was determined that no script was necessary; that
- 25 the landscape will speak for itself. And so long as it

1 was taken in context with I'll call it the prime viewing

directions that those were noted on the directions for

3 each stop Councilmembers will be directed as to which way

4 was north or south or west pointed out by staff, but

5 beyond that there will be no discussion at the sites and

6 that Council would be free to spend a few moments at each

of the eight stops and observe what they could.

The map does include a projection of the 60-some-odd turbine layouts so that where you're stopped on the map most people get the general directions. They will be able to look in all directions, including those specifically where turbines are proposed. So the Councilmembers are all planning on going in one van. I'll be accompanying them and staff will be driving and however many cars decide to go. Just let us know so we can have sort of an attendance roster on who's officially on the site visit during that part of the record.

Those who want to observe the proposed maps this morning Staff Member Mike Mills seated to Irina Makarow's right has copies. The pieces of paper are going to show a map of the area. I believe the Desert Claim project has been indicated on the map with some yellow shading and there is a mark--I think it's a blue line that shows the intended route and there are numbers as to each of the stops that are labeled. The directions are on a

- 1 separate piece of paper, and it's my intention that the
- 2 directions then would contain the additional prime viewing
- directions, if you will, to look at once we get to those
- 4 sites. Finally there's an aerial view, sort of a GIS map
- 5 area view of what the project area looks like. So that
- 6 can be held up in context as well when people are there.
- We'll also take with us the oversize exhibit that we had
- 8 all the post-it notes on yesterday for the proposed stops.
- 9 But I believe that's going to be the extent
- of evidentiary material that accompanies the
- 11 Councilmembers on tomorrow's visit. Again, if you have
- 12 further input on that, I'd appreciate at this morning's
- 13 break we do that.
- 14 Second, this afternoon for the Central
- 15 Washington University portion of our telephone testimony
- any of the parties that are presenting a witness and you
- 17 need one of these easels behind me, let Irina know if she
- needs to bring those with her this afternoon. If so, let
- 19 staff know to brings easels or not. And if you're
- 20 bringing any oversize exhibits, we're asking that if you
- 21 bring them, you be responsible for your party's exhibits
- if those are going to be necessary.
- 23 From what I gleaned from the rest of the
- parties and their attorneys it doesn't seem that's going
- 25 to be the case today; so we're not at this point planning

- on bringing any easels unless you tell Irina or Allen to
- 2 bring them, and they'll do their best to accommodate that
- 3 request.
- 4 For directions to the Central Washington site
- 5 there are some handouts in the back and you've got maps.
- 6 We'll try to have some signs up as well that will guide
- 7 you once you get to the general building so we can find
- 8 the room. So Irina says that by hopefully 12:45 signs of
- 9 that nature will be displayed around the building and
- 10 hopefully we'll get everybody in there.
- I understand that this afternoon,
- Mr. Slothower, you wanted to waive your right to
- 13 cross-examine Mr. Randy Hardy.
- MR. SLOTHOWER: That's correct, Your Honor.
- JUDGE TOREM: He's on the regional energy
- 16 needs. So you were along with Counsel for the
- 17 Environment, the County, and ROKT. Let me strike you from
- that list of cross-examiners. You indicated that frees
- 19 you up from any obligations to cross-examine this
- 20 afternoon.
- MR. SLOTHOWER: That's correct.
- 22 JUDGE TOREM: So it's my understanding that
- you and Mr. Lathrop need not attend this afternoon and
- that's your choice.
- MR. SLOTHOWER: That's correct. That's our

- 1 choice.
- JUDGE TOREM: We'll miss you and hope we
- 3 won't see you this afternoon then. Also this morning
- 4 there is a request for the Council to look at Mike
- 5 Pappalardo's testimony. He is Witness No. 23. He's
- 6 scheduled for the afternoon, and I wasn't certain if
- 7 Councilmembers would be ready right away this morning or
- 8 at the break this morning if you need more time to take a
- 9 look at Exhibit 23, determine if there is a need for
- 10 cross-examination, and let us know. Then I could find out
- 11 from Counsel for the Environment as well.
- This is the geology and storm water witness
- that Counsel for the Environment is listed as a
- 14 cross-examiner. If neither the Council nor the Counsel
- for the Environment has any questions for Mr. Pappalardo,
- 16 we'll adopt the affidavit procedure to bring his exhibits
- into the record. So maybe I'll just put that out there
- for now and remind you at the break; then we'll take a
- 19 look at that issue at that time.
- 20 Mr. Tribble.
- 21 MR. TRIBBLE: I can answer that question on
- behalf of Counsel for the Environment. My questions for
- 23 Mr. Pappalardo were along the same lines as Ms. O'Neill.
- 24 Because of the stipulation in place I will not have any
- 25 questions for him.

- 1 JUDGE TOREM: As a reminder the stipulation
- for Ms. O'Neill was as to the appropriate mitigation being
- assured by the Applicant if this project was built as to
- 4 wetlands. That would also apply for the geology and storm
- 5 water use?
- 6 MR. TRIBBLE: That's correct, related to
- 7 environmental monitoring and compliance.
- 8 JUDGE TOREM: So it's simply the monitoring
- 9 of the mitigation measures and compliance that was
- stipulated to yesterday for Ms. O'Neill. Is it the same
- 11 then for this witness?
- MR. TRIBBLE: Yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: Let me just confirm that with
- the Applicant's attorney. Does that stipulation stand for
- this witness as well?
- 16 MR. PEEPLES: Yes. I mean we're going to
- 17 propose that as part of the environmental monitoring.
- JUDGE TOREM: Let me then suggest the
- 19 Council take at the next break rather than rush it, take a
- look at those things, see if with that stipulation who
- does the compliance monitoring and who the employee is
- 22 which we discussed yesterday that affects any need for
- 23 cross-examination or otherwise you have questions you want
- to ask Mr. Pappalardo. He's scheduled to be available
- 25 this afternoon in the two o'clock group.

Page 569 1 Any other preliminary matters, Council, that 2. we need to go over today? Any other issues? 3 All right. Then I believe we're ready for David Taylor's testimony. This is Exhibit 101. Mr. Taylor, I'll have Mr. Slothower go through the 5 6 preliminaries with you and then see who the 7 cross-examination 8 is coming from. 9 (David Taylor sworn on oath) JUDGE TOREM: Gentlemen, if you use the 10 11 microphones, that would be great. 12 DAVID TAYLOR, 13 being first duly sworn on oath, 14 testified as follows: 15 DIRECT EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. SLOTHOWER: 17 Would you please state your full name for the 18 Ο. 19 record. 20 Α. My name is David Vincent Taylor. Where do you reside? 21 O. 22 I reside at 1661 Beane, B-e-a-n-e, Road,

and 102-R; is that correct?

23

24

Moxee, M-o-x-e-e, Washington 98936.

Mr. Taylor, you're sponsoring Exhibits 101

- 1 (Exhibit Nos. 101.0 and 102-R identified for
- 2 the record)
- 3 A. That is correct.
- 4 BY MR. SLOTHOWER:
- 5 Q. Today under oath if asked those questions you
- 6 would answer that your answers would be the same?
- 7 A. Yes, sir.
- 8 Q. Are you able to be cross-examined on these
- 9 documents?
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 MR. SLOTHOWER: I have no further questions.
- 12 I'd move for admission of the documents.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Slothower, I think that
- exhibit was yesterday in my confusion with Mr. Lathrop.
- 15 This is Exhibit 102 that you referred I think to 102-R was
- stricken in its entirety by Order 802 of the Council.
- 17 MR. SLOTHOWER: Actually, Your Honor, I
- believe it was 101 which was Mr. Taylor's direct testimony
- 19 that was stricken per Order 802. I believe that 102-R was
- 20 not stricken.
- 21 JUDGE TOREM: So I'm looking at least how I
- 22 marked it up and maybe staff can pull Order 802 at least
- for our reference. It looks like on page 4 of Exhibit
- 24 101, lines 13 that start with the question all the way
- 25 through page 5, line 3 was stricken. And then also just

- 1 at least that one question and answer was stricken from
- 2 101, and then I thought that this additional item it had
- 3 been stricken in its entirety.
- 4 MR. SLOTHOWER: I'm looking at the exhibit
- 5 list that was prepared, and it shows 101 was struck and
- 6 102 does not appear to be struck. Mr. Peeples has
- 7 provided me with your order which shows that on Exhibit
- 8 101 beginning on page 4 to line 13 and ending page 5, line
- 9 13 that was struck under Evidence Rule 704 and was not to
- 10 be considered by the Council. I do see your order does
- 11 reference Mr. Taylor's prefiled rebuttal testimony as
- being stricken so you are correct. When I looked at the
- order, it looks like--
- 14 JUDGE TOREM: It's split up in two places,
- the discussion a little bit.
- MR. SLOTHOWER: Right.
- JUDGE TOREM: So I think for the record we
- can move 102 in for the purpose of showing it's stricken
- 19 so it becomes part of the record as stricken.
- MR. SLOTHOWER: That would be my request.
- JUDGE TOREM: So, Council, then the motion
- in front of you is to take Exhibits 101 and 102-R and have
- it labeled subject to the restrictions of Orders 790 and
- 24 802 which strike those portions that we were just
- 25 discussing. If you have any confusion about that, I know

- 1 there was a one-page handout that showed you which
- 2 portions of testimony were stricken. I've confirmed with
- 3 staff that our discussion right now that that is correct.
- 4 So with those constraints all those in favor of bringing
- 5 in this testimony into the record say aye.
- 6 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
- JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed?
- 8 (Exhibit Nos. 101.0 and 102-R admitted into
- 9 evidence.)
- 10 JUDGE TOREM: Thank You, Mr. Slothower.
- 11 Now cross-examination--I'll find my piece of
- paper--for Mr. Taylor is scheduled the Applicant, Counsel
- for the Environment, Mr. Carmody on behalf of ROKT, and
- the County. Who would be first?
- MR. PEEPLES: We reserve cross. If nobody
- 16 cross's, we don't have cross.
- 17 Mr. Hurson?
- MR. HURSON: No questions.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Tribble?
- MR. TRIBBLE: No questions.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Carmody, did you intend to
- 22 cross-examine this witness?
- MR. CARMODY: No questions.
- JUDGE TOREM: The parties have essentially
- 25 reserved their rights to cross examination or waived it

- 1 entirely.
- 2 Councilmembers, for Mr. Tailor on preemption
- 3 land use issues did you have any questions for the
- 4 remaining testimony in Exhibit 101?
- 5 Ms. Wilson, none.
- 6 Ms. Adelsman?
- 7 MS. ADELSMAN: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Ms. Towne?
- 9 MS. TOWNE: Yes. I'm hoping that I can work
- from Exhibit 101, page 6, starting at line 19. You assert
- 11 that "the DEIS lacks the appropriate identification and
- 12 disclosure for potential impacts associated with the
- 13 proposed project."
- 14 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.
- MS. TOWNE: Did you participate in the EIS
- 16 scoping or comments sessions?
- 17 THE WITNESS: Not directly, no, ma'am. At
- the time the DEIS was prepared at least in part I was
- 19 employed by Kittitas County as the planning director and
- 20 had removed myself from the process through a conversation
- 21 with the commissioners in order to provide them with
- 22 staffing, via staffing.
- MS. TOWNE: You go on to say, "In addition,
- 24 many of the mitigation measures proposed by the Applicant
- or identified in the DEIS would be identified as

- 1 conditions of approval through any meaningful review
- 2 process." Now, is this the review process undertaken by
- 3 the county commissioners?
- 4 THE WITNESS: The review process that I was
- 5 referencing in that statement was the general review
- 6 process that any permit application would go through; that
- 7 not simply just one with an environmental impact statement
- 8 but any process.
- 9 MS. TOWNE: Well, we're still in the middle
- of the process. Would you normally expect that the
- 11 mitigations proposed in the Draft EIS would be
- incorporated in the condition of approval or development
- agreement or whatever instrument or vehicle is used to
- 14 undertake the project?
- 15 THE WITNESS: If I'm understanding your
- question correctly, typically, yes; however, first, I
- should say that I was viewing the permitting process at
- 18 the County level different than at this level.
- 19 Second, as far as mitigation being
- identified through the SEPA process and then become a
- 21 condition of approval, in 1995, there was House Bill 1724
- 22 passed which was regulatory reform, and within that bill
- it created the idea that you could not rely on SEPA itself
- 24 if something is already being regulated by another statute
- or vice versa. So the legislature didn't think they

- 1 removed the opportunity for jurisdictions to say, for
- 2 example, we want to protect this particular wetland
- 3 through our critical areas, but we want to do it even at a
- 4 greater detail through SEPA. They removed that oral. So
- 5 there's--if that clears up the question.
- 6 MS. TOWNE: Well, I think it's a matter of
- 7 timing. The implication in your response starting on 6 is
- 8 that somebody failed to do something early on that would
- 9 have incorporated the proposed mitigation or suggested
- 10 mitigation into something that it looks as if I'm to
- think, oh, this was an unreasonable permitting process
- 12 because it didn't incorporate the SEPA mitigation.
- 13 THE WITNESS: I see what you're saying. My
- intent was not for that to come across that way. The
- intent it was simply to say, yes, during any standard
- permit review process you're going to identify impacts and
- 17 mitigate those impacts. The Draft EIS that was put out
- and proposed by the Applicant didn't go into my feeling
- 19 what that next step was; that was identifying over and
- above what you typically look for as impacts.
- MS. TOWNE: Try that one again.
- 22 THE WITNESS: Okay. When a standard
- 23 development application comes into a jurisdiction, the
- review is taken place not only for compliance with local
- codes and state regulations but also for potential impacts

- 1 associated with the specific development. At which point
- 2 if there's SEPA involved the determination that
- 3 is--determination is not the right word because it's not
- 4 as clean cut--but a decision is made with whoever is
- 5 reviewing the application that the impacts that you see
- 6 can be adequately mitigated and are adequately mitigated
- 7 through the standards of SEPA. Now, as you know through
- 8 your EIS process and your scoping that the issues broaden
- 9 and the depth of review and the potential mitigation
- 10 broadens.
- 11 MS. TOWNE: Okay. All right. Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Any further questions?
- Councilmember Johnson?
- MS. JOHNSON: No.
- 15 JUDGE TOREM: Fryhling?
- MR. FRYHLING: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Sweeney?
- 18 And Councilmember Luce.
- 19 Okay. Anything else from the parties
- 20 hearing the discussion with Councilmember Towne and
- 21 Mr. Taylor?
- MS. ANDERSON: Not from the Applicant, sir.
- JUDGE TOREM: Seeing none, Mr. Taylor, thank
- you very much for your testimony. It's been moved into
- 25 the record.

- 1 Any redirect?
- MR. SLOTHOWER: No, no redirect. Is this
- 3 witness excused then?
- 4 JUDGE TOREM: He is.
- 5 MR. SLOTHOWER: Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Our next witness this morning
- 7 is Mr. Barton DeLacy. I've been informed that Mr. DeLacy
- 8 suffered a stroke less than three months ago and is
- 9 recovering very well and yet his speech may be a little
- 10 bit slower than we would wish today. So I'm going to
- 11 encourage the Councilmembers and those parties that in
- 12 listening to him to give him the benefit of the doubt if
- he needs to restate something and let him take his time
- and communicate whatever needs to be about his testimony
- 15 today.
- So, Mr. DeLacy, thank you for making the
- 17 extra effort to be here despite the challenges it presents
- 18 with.
- 19 We're going to switch binders of testimony
- so we'll give everybody a moment just to switch between
- 21 the intervenor binder and the Applicant binder.
- 22 Councilmembers, this would be Exhibit 36.
- MS. TOWNE: Prefiled supplemental, rebuttal,
- and direct testimony?
- JUDGE TOREM: There's the original Exhibit

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36 and its supporting exhibits. There's a 36-SUP and I
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- 2 believe there's a 36-SUP-Rebuttal. So there's those three
- exhibits, as well as the supporting documents that were
- 4 referred to.
- 5 MS. TOWNE: There is also 36-2, PBD-2.
- JUDGE TOREM: Correct. That's a supporting
- 7 exhibit to the original testimony, and this is the
- 8 technical memorandum from Mr. DeLacy.
- 9 Mr. DeLacy if you're ready, I'll swear you.
- 10 (P. Barton DeLacy sworn on oath)
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. McMahan.
- MR. McMAHAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
- P. BARTON DeLACY,
- 14 being first duly sworn on oath,
- 15 testified as follows:

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- 17 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 18 BY MR. McMAHAN:
- 19 Q. Mr. DeLacy, you have in front of you the
- three exhibits that Judge Torem identified a moment ago?
- 21 (Exhibit Nos. 36.0, 36.1, 36.2, 36-SUP,
- 22 36-SUP-R identified for the record.)
- 23 A. I believe I do.
- 24 BY MR. McMAHAN:
- Q. And do each of those exhibits represent your

- 1 testimony before this siting Council today?
- 2 A. Yes, they do.
- Q. Regarding those exhibits is there any change
- 4 that you would like to make a correction on any exhibits
- 5 including your address?
- 6 A. Yes. Initially I was employed at PGP
- 7 Consulting and that address appears on the documents. In
- 8 fact, since mid 2004 I've been with Cushman & Wakefield,
- 9 and its address is 200 Southwest Market Street, Suite 200,
- 10 Portland, 97201.
- 11 Q. And you would also amend your name card.
- 12 A. Yes.
- 0. Would your answers be the same today if asked
- those questions other than what you mentioned?
- 15 A. Yes, they would.
- 16 Q. Are you available for cross-examination?
- 17 A. Yes, I am.
- MR. McMAHAN: I move to admit those
- 19 exhibits, Your Honor, plus all the attachments that are
- 20 identified on the exhibit list
- 21 JUDGE TOREM: Any objections from parties?
- 22 Seeing none, Councilmembers there's a motion
- for you for Exhibits 36, 36-SUP, and 36-SUP-Rebuttal as
- corrected with new addresses and clarifying Mr. DeLacy's
- 25 position. Any objections, concerns?

- 1 All right. All those in favor?
- 2 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
- JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed?
- 4 Those exhibits are now part of the record.
- 5 (Exhibit Nos. 36.0, 36.1, 36.2, 36-SUP,
- 6 36-SUP-R admitted into evidence.)
- 7 JUDGE TOREM: Scheduled examination for
- 8 Mr. DeLacy is from Mr. Lathrop, Mr. Slothower, Mr. Hurson,
- 9 and from Mr. Carmody on behalf of ROKT.
- 10 Mr. Hurson, you will be first.
- 11 MR. HURSON: Thank you
- 12 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 13 BY MR. HURSON:
- 14 Q. Mr. DeLacy, I think I have just a few
- 15 questions here. On page--I guess it doesn't matter. But
- anyway your testimony indicates that you would expect
- impacts on property values and sales would occur within
- two miles of the project site. Correct?
- 19 A. I'm sorry. Could you restate that.
- Q. I'm sorry. Yes. Exhibit 36-SUP, page 2.
- 21 All right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. Line 13 and 14, you indicate you would expect
- that most impacts on property values and sales would occur
- within two miles of the project site. Correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 Q. And you would expect that impact because of
- 3 the physical looking of the project I would take it?
- 4 A. We expect that impact because in the studies
- 5 we've done beyond two miles there simply is no
- 6 demonstrable evidence that property values would be
- 7 adversely impacted by undesirable land uses.
- 8 Q. So within two miles you would expect to see a
- 9 negative impact and I take it from a wind farm perspective
- 10 that is due to the change in the visual. Correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. Correct me if I'm wrong, is your testimony
- that in your opinion there will not be a negative impact
- on property values at all by Kittitas County as a result
- of the placement of the wind farm here?
- 16 A. Counsel, my testimony is that we have no
- evidence that property lying within the view shed of wind
- turbines will be adversely affected either way.
- 19 Q. How about the properties not on the
- 20 broad-based view shed, but say, for instance, the
- 21 properties within a half a mile in that close proximity?
- 22 A. We have studies now that have looked at that
- and we do not have transactional evidence that that will
- 24 necessarily diminish property values; and this is in part
- because there are so many influences which affect property

- value, particularly residential property values,
- 2 everything from the color of a kitchen counter, to the
- design of the home, to the availability of a shed in the
- 4 back.
- I mean there are just the, you know, the
- 6 convention which appraisers use to evaluate single-family
- 7 residential homes is that in fact those properties are a
- 8 commodity when in fact every site is unique and in fact
- 9 incomparable. But we have to adopt some standards in
- order to sensibly value a home, and we find that some
- 11 characteristics such as how big the house is, how many
- bedrooms, general location will influence value.
- But in general we have found that it's the
- macro-economic factors that affect a location, that impact
- a location that will affect property values. So that if
- 16 you have a home--I mean if you're in a neighborhood or in
- an area where employment is dependent on a single employer
- or a mill and the mill closes, well, property values will
- 19 be adversely impacted there because demand goes, people
- 20 may leave town, and there won't be a demand for the homes.
- 21 But just on the other side of that where we
- have a strong economy and a high demand for homes you will
- find that real property is very, particularly residential
- 24 properties, are very resilient and will appreciate along
- with other properties in the area not withstanding one

- 1 influence or another.
- 2 O. I'm sorry. I can't even remember what my
- question was. I don't believe it was responded to, but
- 4 what I'm trying to figure out here is the proximity. I'm
- 5 trying to figure out so you're not sure frankly what the
- 6 values will happen because you don't have adequate
- 7 statistical data for purchases of within say a half a mile
- 8 of wind farms. Correct?
- 9 A. We don't in KV at this time.
- 10 Q. Well, when you're doing--for instance, if you
- 11 have a negative visual and it drives a property down, you
- would agree that with the values down that can reduce the
- 13 number of sales because it's a less attractive property
- and people aren't going to buy it.
- 15 A. The view is one aspect that will influence
- 16 property values among many.
- 17 Q. Well, for instance, I would take it that a
- waterfront home on Lake Washington or Mercer Island being
- the same lot size, if you're waterfront that's worth a lot
- 20 more than the house maybe even just across the street that
- 21 has no view. Correct?
- 22 A. Could be. But somebody might be--it's
- 23 personal preference. Somebody else might not like the
- 24 proximity to the water, may be concerned about safety, may
- be concerned about flooding, any number of things. Ir

- 1 general you're correct.
- 2 Q. But in general, yes, so the view does matter.
- But, well, let me put it this way. How about this? There
- 4 seems to be some uncertainty. So if, for instance, one of
- 5 the commissioners in the testimony--it's in the
- 6 record--referenced a study from another wind farm where
- 7 there were some concerns about property values, and what
- 8 the wind farm company did is they purchased the properties
- 9 next door or in the vicinity adjacent to it. So in
- 10 essence the wind farm company took the financial risk of
- 11 whether there would be a negative property value. You
- would you agree that would be an approach that could be
- used to make sure that if there is a loss in value, that
- it's the wind farm company that pays your loss of value
- and not the adjacent property owner.
- 16 A. I would agree.
- 17 Q. So would you then recommend, for instance,
- that if the Council was going to preempt the local land
- 19 use that a reasonable condition of requirement of the
- 20 Council would be that the wind farm company purchase all
- 21 the lands within say 2,500 feet so that then the wind farm
- 22 company became the one that owned the adjoining land and
- that be a condition of approval?
- A. Well, that sounds like a policy. It's kind
- of beyond my level of expertise. I mean that certainly is

- a strategy that could be pursued. I'm not aware
- 2 personally of a wind farm situation where that has
- 3 occurred.
- 4 Q. But if the transcript record reflects that
- 5 Commissioner Crankovich was reading from a study that said
- 6 that's what a wind farm company did is it bought the land
- 7 next door, you would agree then that would be an
- 8 appropriate--
- 9 MR. McMAHAN: I'm going to object to this
- 10 unless Mr. Hurson can show us exactly where this is in the
- 11 record so we can all make sure this isn't taken out of
- 12 context.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Hurson it appears to be
- 14 prepared to do so.
- 15 BY MR. HURSON:
- 16 O. I would like to draw attention to the March
- 17 29, 2006 transcript, page 17.
- JUDGE TOREM: March 29, 2006 transcript of
- 19 the Board of County Commissioners hearings; is that
- 20 correct?
- MR. HURSON: Yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: It's page 17?
- Let's give Mr. DeLacy a chance to review
- that, and then when he's ready, he'll give you a signal
- and proceed with your question again.

- MR. McMAHAN: Mr. Hurson, where are you
- 2 referring to?
- 3 MR. HURSON: Actually it begins at the
- 4 bottom of page 16, line 25. Mr. Crankovich is saying on
- 5 the next page it's part of a mitigation by project
- 6 proponents. This has to be with Curran County and I'll
- 7 read it verbatim whole.
- 8 "In Curran County some residents located on
- 9 rural properties complained about the plan to locate wind
- 10 turbines near their properties. They argued that they had
- 11 bought their properties with the expectation of a view of
- 12 grazing land and not a wind farm. To solve the problem,
- the wind developer paid them for the property and the
- people moved." It does go on to say that in that case
- 15 "the wind developer then sold the property, although the
- 16 property values did not decrease." So did you have a
- 17 chance to review that?
- 18 A. Yes, I did.
- 19 Q. So as a professional as far as land value
- 20 would it be your professional opinion if you give advice
- 21 to your client that this mitigation that was mentioned by
- 22 Commission Crankovich and apparently used in this previous
- wind farm would be a strategy or an advice that you could
- 24 give to them that would be an appropriate thing for them
- 25 to do?

- 1 A. That strikes me as a political solution. It
- 2 might make sense. Again, I'm not here to really comment
- 3 on that.
- 4 Q. But from the appraisal standpoint based upon
- 5 your professional opinion you don't have any evidence that
- 6 this would create a financial risk to your client to do
- 7 this. Correct?
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. And this option having been presented by
- 10 Commissioner Crankovich are you aware of the applicants
- inserting into the record or trying to discuss that as a
- possible means of working through the process with the
- 13 County towards an agreement?
- 14 A. No, I'm not.
- MR. HURSON: Thank you. Nothing else.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Slothower.
- 17 MR. SLOTHOWER: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 18 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 19 BY MR. SLOTHOWER:
- Q. Good morning.
- A. Good morning.
- 22 Q. I read your testimony and the studies,
- 23 technical reports that you attached to them, and I noticed
- 24 that you used the phrase transactional data. I want to
- 25 make sure that I understand how you were using the phrase

- 1 transactional data. Am I correct that transactional data
- 2 is data developed between or from sales of real state
- 3 within a given area?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 Q. And you also rely on some studies. None of
- 6 those studies are based upon transactional data in
- 7 Kittitas County; is that correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Mr. DeLacy, would you agree that perhaps the
- 10 best way to determine the impact of an event on property
- 11 values is to appraise the property before the event and
- then appraise it again after the event and then compare
- the appraised the values?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Typically when you appraise property you look
- 16 at comparable sales; is that correct?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- 18 Q. In fact, with residential property that's
- really the only way to ascertain transactional data; is
- 20 that right?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. In reviewing your testimony in its entirety I
- could find no place where you performed appraisals on
- property in Kittitas County; is that correct?
- 25 A. Yes, I considered sales that were within the

- sales that were reported by multiple listing and Betsy
- 2 Williger's Real Estate Service that were both the upper
- 3 and lower county, and I looked at the trends, as well as I
- 4 looked at sales of properties that were within the
- 5 affected area of the Wild Horse. So we did look at the
- 6 transactions themselves but we did not appraise specific
- 7 properties before and after.
- 8 Q. It's for that reason that you indicate in
- 9 your testimony that you can't really say whether there
- will be an impact until the project is actually built; is
- 11 that correct?
- 12 A. That's correct.
- 13 Q. So the impact to local property values as a
- result of the construction of this project will be
- uncertain and will remain uncertain until the turbines are
- actually constructed and the project is complete; is that
- 17 correct?
- 18 A. That's a fair statement.
- 19 Q. Thank you. In fact, it would remain
- 20 uncertain for a period of time after the project is
- 21 completed because you will need to develop that
- transactional data after the project is completed; is that
- 23 right?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. And you are not able to at this point tell us

- when the impact, whether it's positive or negative, on
- property values will become certain; is that correct?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. In fact, when you testified before I believe
- 5 it was the Kittitas County Planning Commission or perhaps
- 6 the Board of County Commissioners--we'll strike that.
- 7 Assuming hypothetically that the impact on
- 8 local property values as a result of the construction of
- 9 this project is negative, when will we know that?
- 10 A. The difficult thing about isolating the wind
- 11 turbines as the cause of a diminution in value is that we
- find in other communities and particularly those where
- they have been impacted by wind turbines is that the
- 14 health of the general real estate economy is much more
- 15 important.
- So, for example, if the interest rates went
- 17 up or if we have an energy crisis because of oil and for
- things absolutely having nothing to do with KV at all,
- 19 under those circumstances we might find that real estate
- values in Ellensburg and Seattle are declining.
- In fact, we have some evidence now that the
- 22 market has been overheated and that may occur, although
- interestingly not in Ellensburg yet. So there could be
- 24 many causes for general diminishment of property values
- 25 that would have nothing to do with turbines themselves.

- 1 Q. But, Mr. DeLacy, when you look at an
- 2 appraisal and you perform an appraisal using accepted
- 3 appraisal practices you make adjustments for all those
- 4 factors; is that correct?
- 5 A. They're very subjective.
- 6 Q. Exactly.
- 7 MR. SLOTHOWER: No further questions.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Carmody, you intend to
- 9 cross-examine?
- 10 MR. CARMODY: No, I have no questions.
- 11 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, look at the
- testimony and Exhibits 36 and see if you have any
- 13 questions. I don't believe any other parties are
- scheduled to cross-examine.
- 15 I'll start with Councilmember Johnson.
- MS. JOHNSON: No.
- 17 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Fryhling?
- 18 Mr. Sweeney?
- MR. SWEENEY: No.
- 20 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Wilson?
- 21 MS. WILSON: Yes, I have a question.
- JUDGE TOREM: Shall we pass you the
- 23 microphone?
- MS. WILSON: That would be a good idea.
- 25 Hopefully I have a question. I'm looking at page 7 of

- 1 Exhibit 36-2. It's the paragraph regarding the sales of 9
- of 12 properties on Bettas Road.
- MR. McMAHAN: If you could give him a chance
- 4 to find that, please. So it's 36--was that the original
- 5 testimony?
- MS. WILSON: The 36-2.
- 7 JUDGE TOREM: It looks like this is the
- 8 report from December 29, 2005.
- 9 MS. WILSON: PBD. It looks like this.
- 10 MS. ADELSMAN: It's attached to that. It's
- 11 a technical memorandum.
- 12 MS. WILSON: Technical memorandum dated
- December 29, page 7.
- JUDGE TOREM: It's looks like you're trying
- to find that third full paragraph on page 7.
- 16 THE WITNESS: Okay.
- 17 MS. WILSON: And I don't know if you will
- 18 know the answer to some of this, but this refers to I
- 19 guess it was a new subdivision that the County approved
- after the wind farm permit was applied for, and it shows
- 21 that 9 of 12 parcels on Bettas Road sold even though they
- 22 had full disclosure that the turbines were being placed
- there.
- THE WITNESS: Yes.
- MS. WILSON: I'm assuming, and at least it

- 1 looks like from here, that the prices that they sold for
- were what the seller was asking. They didn't sell for
- 3 less than they were asking.
- 4 THE WITNESS: No.
- MS. WILSON: And I believe, if I remember
- 6 this previous testimony, that the turbines in that area
- 7 have now been eliminated; is that correct? Do you know if
- 8 that is correct?
- 9 THE WITNESS: I believe some of them have.
- 10 I think there might still be two or three that will be
- 11 viewed but not as directly impacting.
- MS. WILSON: Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Adelsman?
- MS. ADELSMAN: No.
- 15 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Towne?
- 16 MS. TOWNE: Yes. On Exhibit 36-SUP-Rebuttal
- the appended technical memorandum dated August 30, 2006.
- In the second paragraph you talk about the Hoen report.
- 19 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- MS. TOWNE: Do we have that in evidence? I
- 21 couldn't find that, but it may be there.
- 22 THE WITNESS: I'm not--I don't know. This
- was only available this summer. We knew about it late in
- the spring and I finally got a copy of it this summer for
- 25 review here.

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1 MR. McMAHAN: The answer is no.
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- 2 MS. TOWNE: No. I just thought I'd missed
- 3 it.
- 4 MR. McMAHAN: No.
- 5 MS. TOWNE: In that same paragraph you said,
- 6 Mr. Hoen was able to conduct a hedonic regression
- 7 analysis. I hate to admit my ignorance. What is it and
- 8 do we care?
- 9 THE WITNESS: Well, yes, we do. Thank you.
- 10 The Hoen study finally was able--it took place in upstate
- 11 New York. Actually I should say Western New York, and I
- 12 actually had an opportunity to view the development there.
- 13 It's around in a town called Fenner in Madison County
- 14 which is south of Rochester. It's an area frankly not
- unlike the Kittitas Valley. It's very hilly, it's green,
- it's predominantly dairy farms, and then there are homes
- up on hilltops. And then it's punctuated you can see the
- distance I think Lake Ontario, then there are the finger
- 19 lakes to the southwest.
- 20 But in New York State there's been
- 21 settlement in this area for almost 200 years. So, in
- fact, you don't have parcels much larger that 200 acres,
- and, in fact, along all the roads you will see the kind of
- thing that we try to control in the Northwest here with
- growth management where people sold off five- or ten-acre

- 1 tracts along the roads, and you have lots of houses along
- 2 all the roadways and the interiors are dairy farms or
- 3 wetlands or wood lots or something like that.
- And this is an area that's very windy and so
- 5 the Fenner Project was built about 2001. And Hoen,
- 6 Mr. Hoen who was a doctoral student at Bard College which
- 7 is in Annandale, New York, and he wrote this for his
- 8 doctoral thesis so he really wasn't in the employ of one
- 9 side or the other. But then didn't have enough
- 10 transactional evidence before and after the turbines
- 11 became operational in order to test whether a
- 12 characteristic, in this case proximity to a wind turbine
- would explain property value.
- Now, the other variables that go in this is
- a multiple-regression analysis and the other variables
- that will go into this when you have data are things like
- age of the house, number of bedrooms, number of bath, and
- appraisers are people who will tell you that these are
- 19 reliable predictors of value. A larger house all things
- 20 equal will sell for more than a smaller house.
- 21 What Mr. Hoen was able to do was to then he
- 22 did sight proofing. So he went to every house that had
- sold. I believe he worked with about 280 or 300
- transactions, and indeed if we had that kind of volume
- here in Kittitas Valley it would be great, but we don't

- 1 have it yet. So we have to go someplace that does, and he
- was able to look at the views of the turbines.
- 3 Some properties because of topography didn't
- 4 have views; others did. He was able to rate the views by
- 5 whether you just saw the tip of the wind turbine or the
- 6 windmill or whether you saw the whole tower and then he
- 7 graded by distance. So he was able to factor those
- 8 characteristics in along with the other traditional
- 9 characteristics that influence, you know, home prices.
- 10 You would I think agree that most appraisals that they are
- 11 critical.
- 12 As a result of running the model he found
- that the presence or absence of wind turbines, of views of
- 14 winds turbines did not explain or did not affect the sale
- prices either way up or down. And there have been other
- 16 studies that have inferred that that is in fact the case
- 17 but have not had that kind of transactional analysis in a
- 18 controlled environment to really test it.
- 19 So Madison County is not Kittitas County and
- 20 yet it had many characteristics similar to what we have
- 21 here. And, in fact, it had the virtue from a professional
- or an academic point of view of having enough transactions
- 23 to really test the thesis of do wind farms in fact
- adversely impact value or not, and his conclusion was that
- 25 they do not based on that study.

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1 MS. ADELSMAN: Can I just ask a quick
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- 2 question. What was the closest--I'm sorry. Chris is
- 3 next.
- 4 MS. TOWNE: Oh, no, that's okay.
- 5 MS. ADELSMAN: What was the closest distance
- 6 between say a residence and the tower in the case?
- 7 THE WITNESS: That's a good question. I
- 8 believe I don't think there were too many that were
- 9 within--there were some within a half mile but not much
- less than half a mile as far as I could tell from the maps
- in the study, and I didn't look at it that closely. There
- 12 could have been some closer, but when I was out there what
- you see is that they're up on a ridge top. It's 3,000
- 14 feet. It's an incredible view and so they're prominent;
- 15 yet because of their placement I don't believe there were
- 16 homes much closer than within a half mile, what would be
- 17 2,500 feet of the turbines.
- MS. TOWNE: That's it.
- JUDGE TOREM: Any other Councilmembers to my
- 20 right questions?
- 21 Group to the left any questions for
- Mr. DeLacy?
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. McMahan, any redirect?
- MR. McMAHAN: Yes. Thank you, Your Honor.
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REDIRECT EXAMINATION

2 BY MR. McMAHAN:

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- 3 Q. Mr. DeLacy, regarding the question Mr. Hurson
- 4 asked you concerning the impact within two miles of the
- 5 project site, if you would please go to Exhibit 36-SUP and
- 6 the attached memo. The memorandum is your December 29.
- 7 A. I will have to look at yours.
- 8 O. That's fine. You can look at mine. All
- 9 right. So the question is on Page 3 and the attached memo
- is there, and specifically referring to page 6, would it
- 11 be fair to say is that sentence in that section there
- summarizing your attached analysis of the memo?
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. All right. And the two-mile radius could you
- point to where that is found within the memo itself and
- 16 what you were talking about with that two-mile radius?
- 17 A. Yes, it's on page 6 of that memo, and I'm
- talking about studies that were older studies that looked
- 19 at in fact were toxic. You know, they were EPA superfund
- 20 sites where there were demonstrable health impacts for
- 21 properties located close to in one case a closed lead
- 22 smelter. I'm also referring or have referred earlier to
- 23 testimony to the experience at Three-Mile Island, and, in
- 24 fact, while the impacts were in an urban area could be
- 25 measured within two miles of the source they were

- 1 negligible beyond.
- 2 That doesn't mean that two miles is
- 3 necessarily going to impact values, particularly in a
- 4 rural area where the larger your tract that the impacts
- 5 are simply much less discernible. There simply we don't
- 6 have, of course, the volume of transactional data, but
- 7 more importantly in rural areas we find people don't
- 8 necessarily always locate there for livability. They're
- 9 there because of, you know, the quality of the soil. It
- may be a lifestyle, but it may more to be able to keep
- three generations of used trucks in the back yard. I mean
- just have space that you can use however you want and not
- have neighbors real close that you have to bother.
- 14 And so the point is in a rural context the
- two-mile radius really doesn't make that much difference.
- In fact, the difference of when something is in your view,
- 17 I'm not sure that there's much difference whether it's
- 18 1,000 feet or half a mile in a rural context.
- 19 Q. So is there any evidence that you're aware of
- 20 for wind projects that there is a value impact within a
- 21 two-mile radius?
- 22 A. No, there is not.
- Q. On developed property?
- A. No, there is not.
- Q. Now, regarding the 2,500-foot area are you

- aware, do you have knowledge of other projects where there
- 2 has been developments within kind of an area of 1,000
- 3 feet, for 2,500 feet?
- 4 A. Well, in New York State where there is an
- 5 abundant of wind farm development there's a large project
- 6 in Lowville which is--I can't recall the County name at
- 7 this time. This was the area that is somewhat south.
- 8 Well, it's west of the Adirondack Mountains and South of
- 9 Lake Erie--no, Lake Ontario I guess. It's inland quite a
- 10 ways, very scenic, hilly, and in that area there has been
- 11 settlement for 200 years. So I believe the buffer between
- turbines and homes has been established at 1,200 feet and
- the turbines have been built.
- 14 Q. So how close are turbines to homes in that
- 15 project?
- A. Well, within a 1,200-foot level.
- 17 Q. Do you have any idea how many homes are
- located within a quarter mile of the project turbines?
- 19 A. It's a pretty extensive project. It
- 20 encompasses that would be it went from Wild Horse to KV,
- and it's that kind of a place, and I think there were over
- 22 200 turbines. And I would estimate there are 35 and 50
- residences, rural residences that are within that
- 24 1,200-foot buffer that are lying within, you know, as
- 25 ultimate views of turbines.

- 1 Q. Have you looked at the values of those homes 2 before and after construction of the project?
- We actually did. We looked at that as a test 3 Α. 4 We were looking at another project in upstate New 5 It's called Maple Ridge. The Maple Ridge Project York. 6 had become operational about a year ago. So we were able 7 to get some data, transactional information and speak to 8 local appraisers. We spoke to local realtors, and not 9 only we didn't find there was any negative impact reported at all, home prices continued to escalate. 10

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But let me say what was really the dominant influence in that area on property value was Fort Drum which is located up 50 miles north. Forth Drum has become very important with the war in Iraq and so there's high demand for housing, and this has caused a housing boom in Lowville not withstanding this very large wind farm development because people needed housing and so prices have gone up. And it's a good example of kind of a macro event that has much more important influence on property values than, for example, the one like the wind farm.

JUDGE TOREM: Before we move on,

Mr. McMahan, just for clarification. Mr. DeLacy, do you

know how large the wind turbine towers in the Maple Ridge

Project you're describing are? so that if we're mentioning

Wild Horse in comparison with towers that I believe are up

- 1 to 410 feet in height.
- THE WITNESS: I believe they are that
- 3 height. I believe those were 2.3 megawatt turbines. So
- 4 are those that are planned here.
- 5 BY MR. McMAHAN:
- 6 Q. Mr. Slothower asked you to confirm that
- 7 property values are uncertain until construction. Could
- 8 you clarify that opinion based on the analysis you did for
- 9 this project.
- 10 A. Well, you know, appraisals are dated and I've
- often joked it should be written in disappearing ink
- because they are based on the expert's experience and
- judgment, based on the information available at that given
- time. And there is always going to be uncertainty in real
- 15 estate markets looking forward because of unforeseen
- 16 events.
- 17 I've been in this business 30 years. I've
- been through a couple cycles, and we could spend all day
- 19 here talking about well-intended investments that were
- 20 made to, you know, what we were they thinking or things
- 21 changed. So I think there is an environment of
- 22 uncertainty which is always present looking forward for
- reasons I've explained. It can change the prospects of a
- 24 particular location and make it more desirable or less
- desirable, but isolating one particular influence is very

1 difficult.

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2. If you took two identical homes, supposedly identical, and one looked at a wind turbine and one 3 4 didn't, you know, you couldn't necessarily say that the 5 one looking at the wind turbine would sell for less than б the one that didn't; and that has much to do with the fact 7 that the market is -- we have a fiction that the market is 8 perfect and everybody will act that way. But the fact is the house that looks at the wind turbine might have a 9 10 kitchen that's more attractive to a buyer than the house 11 that doesn't. And so even though you would think that the 12 house maybe if you take that as a negative the house with 13 the turbine would sell for less that isn't necessarily the And this happens and there are callous examples of 14 15 this, and all an appraiser can do is try to use the best information available and try to replicate what the market 16 will decide given the fact that the market makes--there's 17 leaving a great deal of leeway to personal preference. 18 19 some people like to live in the woods and some people like 20 to live in open areas without trees. It's personal 21 preference.

Q. In terms of characteristics of this site for the Council can you just describe the relation of homes there that you've observed versus the location of the turbines and how that may influence the effects.

- 1 A. Well, this is very open landscape. So you
- live in it at your risk, and you can be influenced not
- only by the wind turbines but by your neighbor and by what
- 4 implements they may choose to keep out in their yard and,
- 5 you know, many factors. If you don't like that, you can
- 6 go live in the woods where you can be sequestered and not
- 7 see anything 50 yards away.
- 8 So what I found was that indeed the landscape
- 9 is still very rural. Settlement is very sparse, and, in
- 10 fact, the situation is not that much different than what
- 11 we found out at Wild Horse where, you know, there were not
- 12 a lot of impacted properties. There's a little more
- 13 settlement around the Kittitas Valley Project, but, again,
- it would hardly be characterized as anything but very low
- 15 density rural settlement.
- 16 MR. McMAHAN: I have nothing further. Thank
- 17 you.
- 18 JUDGE TOREM: Further recross from any of
- 19 the parties?
- Mr. Slothower.
- 21 MR. SLOTHOWER: Briefly.
- JUDGE TOREM: While he's coming up,
- 23 Mr. DeLacy, would it be fair to say though that for folks
- 24 here, whether at Wild Horse or Kittitas Valley at the
- 25 proposed project, that the market that includes people

- 1 that might buy these homes in the future that don't want
- 2 to view wind power they're now going to be excluded from
- 3 the potential list of buyers? There's going to be some
- 4 impact on the available spectrum of buyers.
- 5 THE WITNESS: I can't suggest one way or the
- 6 other but potentially could be.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Slothower.
- 8 MR. SLOTHOWER: Thank you.
- 9 RECROSS-EXAMINATION
- 10 BY MR. SLOTHOWER:
- 11 Q. I wanted to bring you back to Washington
- 12 State and let's talk about your testimony on the sales
- that you referenced on Bettas Road. You don't know if
- those were priced, those properties were priced based upon
- the fact that turbines were coming, do you?
- 16 A. I spoke to the broker and they were aware of
- the turbines and he priced it at the highest price he
- 18 thought he could get.
- 19 Q. But you don't whether that price took into
- account the possibility of turbines there or not, do you?
- 21 A. It was my assumption that it did.
- Q. But that's just an assumption. Correct?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. You mentioned in looking at that briefly as
- 25 the questions were being asked those were 3 to 20 acre

- parcels; is that correct?
- 2 A. That's my understanding.
- 3 Q. The total price for the parcels ranged from
- 4 \$20,000 to \$47,000; is that correct?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Based upon your review of prices in the area
- 7 that is fairly inexpensive for that size of acreage.
- 8 Correct?
- 9 A. I thought it was a fair value for properties
- 10 that remote.
- 11 Q. Now, when you say a fair value, that's not
- really responsive to my question. There are properties in
- the area that were significantly more expensive, are there
- 14 not?
- 15 A. I'm not aware of that.
- 16 Q. So you've viewed specific data on the price
- of property within the project area?
- 18 A. Oh, yes, I did. I'm not aware of--these
- 19 prices struck me as in the upper end of the range which I
- 20 found in the area.
- 21 O. This Hoen study--and I don't know if I'm
- 22 pronouncing that right. It's H-o-e-n.
- 23 A. Correct.
- Q. That's not in the record; is that right?
- 25 A. I don't believe so.

- 1 Q. That was a site-specific study on the impact
- 2 in New York. It didn't take into account the impact
- 3 nationwide; is that correct?
- 4 A. Well, I guess it dealt with this project in
- 5 New York. That was the scope of the project.
- 6 MR. SLOTHOWER: Okay. Thank you. No
- 7 further questions.
- 8 JUDGE TOREM: Any other cross-examination
- 9 for this witness?
- 10 MR. CARMODY: Just a couple questions.
- 11 RECROSS-EXAMINATION
- 12 BY MR. CARMODY:
- 13 Q. Mr. DeLacy, how many residences are within
- 14 2,500 feet of the Wild Horse Project?
- 15 A. Wild Horse just to clarify?
- 16 O. Yes.
- 17 A. I would have to go back and review my notes,
- but it was my recollection it was--well, I don't believe
- 19 there were more than 10 or 12 that we felt were affected
- and I cannot recall the precise distance of those
- 21 referenced from the turbines placement.
- Q. Of those 10 or 12 when you say were affected
- 23 by that project do you have any sense of what the distance
- was of those affected properties?
- 25 A. I recollect my understanding was they were at

- 1 least a half a mile or more away from.
- 2 Q. So properties that are half a mile or more
- away from a project such as Wild Horse would be affected
- 4 in your judgment.
- 5 A. Well, I went up there this week and there was
- 6 a brand new subdivision right across the gate from the
- 7 entrance of Wild Horse for 25 lots that are right under
- 8 the power line, and, you know, go off. You know, that
- 9 wasn't in place when the project was being planned so that
- 10 would lead me to believe that either people in the market
- don't care or somebody thinks that's a pretty place to
- 12 live anyway.
- 13 Q. Would you disagree with my understanding of
- the record that there's only a single house within a mile
- and a half of the Wild Horse Project?
- 16 A. Now, that it's up that might be the case.
- 17 Q. And your testimony is that that environment
- is the same environment that you see on these maps here?
- 19 A. On balance it's not that much different.
- Q. What is the predominant parcel size of Wild
- 21 Horse?
- 22 A. Well, as I understand it Wild Horse was they
- were able to place it on a rather large, you know, within
- a 25,000-acre holding, and the parcels around it
- are--well, except for parcels that have been subdivided.

- I haven't updated my account. There's been a couple new
- 2 subdivisions up there since we did the study. At the time
- 3 we did the study there was only one. There were no
- 4 subdivisions adjacent to it as there appear to be today.
- 5 Q. Are you suggesting that the parcelization
- 6 around Kittitas Valley is comparable to the parcelization
- 7 around Wild Horse?
- 8 A. In many areas, not in all.
- 9 Q. And you're certain of that.
- 10 A. Well, it's a pretty big area. For example, I
- 11 know that there's smaller parcels around Ellensburg Ranch
- 12 Estates, mobile homes. Those are the kind of small
- parcels. Bettas Road has now since the project has been
- announced has partitioned and subdivided for larger
- 15 tracts. But I'm not familiar with terribly lots of
- 16 subdivision that has gone on, you know, in other areas of
- the proposed site on the northeast side.
- 18 Q. Do you know what the zoning is for this
- 19 particular area?
- 20 A. My understanding was it was all agriculture
- 21 zone predominantly.
- 22 O. You're sure about that?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. What subdivision opportunities are available
- in the existing zoning of these properties?

- 1 A. I believe you can parcelize them into, you
- 2 know, into smaller tracts. I don't have the zoning code
- 3 in front of me. I don't recall.
- Q. Do you know what the minimum lot size would
- 5 be on a subdivision activity in this area?
- 6 MR. CARMODY: Could you use the microphone
- 7 please, Mr. Carmody. We can't hear you.
- 8 MR. CARMODY: I'm sorry.
- 9 BY MR. CARMODY:
- 10 Q. Do you know what the minimum lot size is for
- 11 subdivisions in this area?
- 12 A. Well, I believe it varies.
- Q. Do you have any idea what the minimum lot
- 14 size is in this area?
- 15 A. Well, I've observed lots from as small as one
- and two acres up to large parcels that would be working
- 17 farms.
- 18 Q. Are you familiar with any of the cluster
- 19 subdivision opportunities that are available in this area?
- 20 A. Yes.
- O. What are those?
- 22 A. Well, I understand this is what was done up
- the Bettas Road, for example.
- Q. I think it's actually Bettas Road.
- 25 A. Bettas Road.

- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Carmody, anything else?
- MR. CARMODY: I don't know that there was an
- 3 answer, was there?
- 4 A. I said I was familiar. That was my
- 5 understanding of Bettas Road and that was what the
- 6 developer had wanted. That was the way it was developed
- 7 on that site.
- 8 BY MR. CARMODY:
- 9 Q. Do you have an opinion as to whether the
- 10 placement of the wind farm in this area would adversely
- 11 affect property owners' ability to subdivide and market
- 12 smaller parcels in the area?
- 13 A. Frankly, the evidence we have doesn't
- indicate that there would be an impact either way.
- 15 Q. So that properties immediately surrounded by
- the wind turbines in your judgment would have no impact on
- 17 property values or potential development of those
- 18 properties.
- 19 A. Yes, that's my opinion.
- 20 MR. CARMODY: I have no further questions.
- 21 JUDGE TOREM: Any other cross for this
- 22 witness?
- MR. McMAHAN: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Seeing none from the parties--
- MR. McMAHAN: Sorry. I wasn't cross. No

- 1 redirect.
- JUDGE TOREM: Council, anything further for
- 3 Mr. DeLacy?
- 4 Mr. DeLacy, thank you for you testimony. It
- is now 10:15 and rather than be criticized for how long
- 6 I've run until the break, we will now take one. Be back
- 7 in 15 minutes.
- 8 (Recess taken.)
- JUDGE TOREM: We're back on the record. It's
- 10 about 10:35. Before we get to the next witness,
- Mr. Usibelli, during the break one of the Councilmembers
- made it known to me that Mr. DeLacy's reference to this
- Hoen report, and I inquired to Mr. McMahan and found that,
- 14 yes, in fact he did have a copy of it in his binder, all
- 15 62 pages. And the Councilmembers are aware that it's not
- in the record, but it's referenced by Mr. DeLacy's
- testimony and property valuation that apparently is very
- 18 key to the process and has an interest today as comparing
- 19 the study of Madison County, New York versus what might
- 20 happen here in Kittitas County, Washington.
- 21 I talked to some of the other attorneys as
- 22 well what objections might they have of this coming in at
- this late date if it was offered and as requested by the
- 24 Council, and we've already been through this be careful
- 25 what you ask for in the last two days. I believe the

- 1 agreement is that if this is offered into evidence, that
- 2 it would only be subject to their review of it. Of
- 3 course, they haven't seen the actual report yet either and
- 4 also a question as to how if there is further
- 5 cross-examination needed we go about getting Mr. DeLacy
- 6 back.
- 7 I've been informed that he's been here the
- 8 last two days and this morning returned back to Portland
- 9 immediately after his testimony as is understandable given
- 10 medical conditions and the other therapy that he's
- 11 getting. My suggestion to the parties is that if this
- 12 needs to come in and I want Mr. McMahan also to explain
- when it became to available him and when it became
- available to Mr. DeLacy and why perhaps it wasn't included
- in the record already. Then have the other counsel tell
- 16 me if this agreeable to work it out perhaps with a
- telephone session of the adjudication next week. We had
- 18 all this week and next week reserved, and I checked my
- 19 schedule at the office. They haven't reassigned me to
- anything next week so my schedule remains flexible.
- 21 Councilmembers were told not to let those
- days all go yet so we'll see what needs to be prepared for
- 23 Mr. DeLacy's schedule and have a telephone session again
- 24 where he would be available for further cross-examination
- as needed. That being the proposal, I'll note that the

- 1 report cover here says it's dated April 30, 2006; so
- within the last four to six months this was published.
- Mr. McMahan, what more can you shed on the
- 4 timing of this now coming into the record?
- 5 MR. McMAHAN: Thank you, Your Honor. Just to
- 6 explain kind of the sequence of events here, I attend
- 7 annually the American Energy Conference. It's all around
- 8 the country and it was early June of this year in
- 9 Pennsylvania. That study was discussed in one of the
- 10 committees that I sit on, and there was a pile of them
- there so I grabbed one of those. It was sort of I think
- it was early June I grabbed a copy of it. I took it back
- to my office, it was out in my credenza for several weeks,
- 14 and I didn't read it.
- 15 Then Barton had a stroke on June 28 and we
- were trying to get him prepared for testimony, and I had
- intended to get that to Barton, and, you know, things
- happen. He was absolutely AWOL for a month, a little over
- 19 a month. I mean he wasn't returning phones or e-mail
- 20 messages which was making us kind of freak out a little
- 21 bit in terms of getting him ready.
- 22 So Barton's access to that report as soon as
- 23 he started returning my telephone calls, which again was
- 24 challenging, he promised he would look at it; and by the
- time he looked at it, it was virtually on the eve of us

- 1 helping get the technical memo to us that we could attach
- 2 to the testimony and making sure he had reviewed
- 3 short-cover testimony so we could move this forward not
- 4 withstanding his condition.
- 5 So, in terms of sequence of events, it came
- 6 to us pretty late time, it came to Barton even later, and
- 7 then his ability to actually read it and understand and
- 8 digest it was after that. So this was fairly late in the
- 9 game, and, quite frankly, part of his analysis there's of
- sites, a lot of studies, there's a long bibliography in
- all his testimonies--not all of his testimonies are long
- 12 bibliographies. So this was just kind of one of those.
- 13 He talked about a series of studies. This was of the key
- interest you heard about here in this methodology and its
- 15 currency. So that is just I don't know. That is the
- sequence of events, and I apologize that it wasn't
- 17 attached but that's why.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Slothower, can you give me
- 19 perhaps yours and I know you spoke to Mr. Carmody and he
- 20 may want to speak directly. Let me hear from
- 21 Mr. Slothower first and then if the other two want to
- 22 chime in, let me know what your feelings are on this.
- MR. SLOTHOWER: Sure. I am speaking just for
- 24 my client. I'll let Mr. Carmody and Mr. Hurson speak to
- you. We're concerned because we haven't had a chance to

- 1 review the report. I'm sensitive to the Council wanting
- 2 to develop as much information as they possibly can. At
- 3 the same time it should have arguably been disclosed
- 4 sooner.
- I understand Mr. McMahan's problems with the
- 6 witness who has a medical condition such as that. I fully
- 7 understand that, but they had it in time to get the
- 8 prefiled testimony out. It would have been nice to give
- 9 us that so we had the opportunity to use it in developing
- 10 cross-examination. I can't comment on whether we would
- 11 have questions until I read it. I don't know what it
- 12 says. I've heard Mr. DeLacy relate back portions of it.
- I don't know what other things are said or unsaid. So we
- have some concerns about it coming in. There was a pretty
- bright line rule of seven days and I understand the
- 16 request comes from the Council and, again, I'm sensitive
- 17 to that.
- JUDGE TOREM: I'm certainly willing to make
- 19 sure the seven-day rule is applied. I won't schedule his
- 20 testimony no sooner than seven days after this day for
- 21 further cross-examination to give preparation time and
- 22 observe that. Perhaps it's backwards a little bit, but
- 23 still pay at least the spirit of that rule so that folks
- have seven days to get ready. I don't know that excuses
- or makes up for the fact that this wasn't in the original

- 1 prefiled testimony.
- MR. SLOTHOWER: Again, Your Honor, I am
- 3 reluctant to make a strenuous objection right now because
- I don't know what's in that report. It's New York. It's
- 5 thousands of miles away. I don't know whether it's
- 6 comparable or not. I have no idea. I can't really
- 7 comment until I've had a chance to read it.
- JUDGE TOREM: My proposal is to make sure
- 9 that everybody gets a copy of that report in by close of
- 10 business today and takes it home with them; then we'll
- 11 tentatively schedule something for next week and determine
- if that procedure will still allow you to renew your
- objections next week whenever we have Mr. DeLacy's
- availability for telephone cross-examination. I'll hear
- renewed objections at that time I guess, but is there a
- strenuous objection to that procedure as recommended that
- 17 allows you to prepare? I'm trying to give some deference
- 18 to the Council as well.
- MR. SLOTHOWER: No, I don't object to the
- 20 procedure. If the copies are made today, I did note that
- 21 the copy that Mr. McMahan shared with me had some
- highlighting in it, and I don't believe the highlighting
- 23 should be provided to the Council.
- JUDGE TOREM: I concur with that.
- MR. SLOTHOWER: I didn't look at it in great

- detail as to what was highlighted, but I just think that
- 2 that would be inappropriate.
- JUDGE TOREM: It looked like Mr. McMahan had
- 4 been extremely reluctant to highlight much of the report
- 5 so it's only a few items of testimony.
- 6 MR. SLOTHOWER: Maybe that's a good thing.
- JUDGE TOREM: It could cut either way. We
- 8 want to make sure the Council would get a clean copy of
- 9 this if it's going to come into evidence. I understand
- there's a website from which it can be pulled and maybe
- 11 the copies that everybody else gets today may have the
- 12 residue of whatever comes through on the copier of
- Mr. McMahan's highlighting. For sure if it comes into the
- record on a motion next week by the Applicant through
- 15 Mr. DeLacy at the Council's request, then it would be a
- 16 clean copy that's distributed and put in the record with
- 17 no editorial markings whatsoever.
- Mr. Hurson, any feelings on this or do you
- 19 echo what Mr. Slothower says?
- MR. HURSON: I haven't seen the document.
- JUDGE TOREM: Nobody has.
- 22 MR. HURSON: And I'm kind of at a loss to
- 23 how to respond to it. Frankly, from his testimony I was
- kind of gathering this thing in New York he was talking to
- 25 he was walking through the hills and describing things,

- 1 but I'm understanding from the characterization it sounds
- 2 like the study somebody else did it and he has no personal
- 3 knowledge.
- 4 JUDGE TOREM: Somebody did the study, but I
- 5 believe his testimony was that he actually visited the
- 6 site and made his own conclusions and drew other
- 7 conclusions from this study so I think you're correct.
- 8 But in all respect no one has seen this. He was there and
- 9 he read this report as well. Perhaps this is the reason
- 10 he went there. I don't know the date of his visit to New
- 11 York was before or after this. That may be a further
- 12 cross-examination question to clarify just what he thinks
- 13 about the report.
- MR. HURSON: If I could, I would like to
- reserve my arguments and position, whatever, until I can
- at least see what the document is. Although, frankly, one
- of the things here though is, and I don't know if it
- 18 would, but it maybe then open it where the County or some
- other party then need to have them call a witness to
- respond to a study they didn't see before.
- 21 JUDGE TOREM: I think the only answer I have
- for that is I believe this would have been referenced only
- in his supplemental rebuttal testimony which would have
- been the last date of filing, and, again, while this could
- 25 have been filed seven days ago as a supplement of that

- 1 supplemental rebuttal testimony and therefore put the
- 2 County on notice, that might be fair to allow an
- additional study. What I will tell you is we're going to
- 4 run out of seven days next Friday for the possible
- 5 advance.
- If you're aware of that once you take a look
- 7 at this, let me know on Friday I believe. Call Irina or
- 8 Allen and let them know if there's going to be something
- 9 that another party, Mr. Slothower, Mr. Lathrop, you come
- 10 up with something or Mr. Carmody on behalf of your clients
- that says, "Well, we get to put in this study. We want to
- put in some other studies." I think that would be fair,
- but the Council is the one asking because of the stress on
- this, and I want to defer to the members of the Council
- that if they want this and if they think it will help them
- 16 make a better decision.
- 17 Whichever way this is going to go, I want to
- see if we can accommodate that and make sure that none of
- 19 the parties are prejudiced. I may not like it based on
- 20 our discussion about Benton County and Klickitat County
- 21 yesterday, but I went back to the Councilmembers and let
- them know a little about what we would put on the record
- during the break. From the discussions they said, well,
- let's try to make it work. So they what they're getting
- into here, and I think that would be a reasonable

- 1 accommodation.
- 2 Mr. Carmody, do you have anything else to
- add to the discussion or do you want to echo the two of
- 4 them?
- 5 MR. CARMODY: I agree with what your
- 6 approach is on it. I'd like an opportunity to review the
- 7 document, I'd like an opportunity to cross-examine
- 8 Mr. DeLacy with respect to the document, and I would like
- 9 to submit rebuttal material having reviewed it. With
- 10 those that would be acceptable.
- JUDGE TOREM: Let me get staff to take this
- 12 now and perhaps send it out for copying for the parties.
- 13 The Council will not get a copy of it yet because it's not
- coming into the record. Hopefully by the end of the
- telephone session today every--how many people want it?
- So I've got Counsel for the Environment, a copy or two for
- 17 ROKT, a copy or two for the County, and a copy or two for
- 18 Mr. Lathrop and his attorney. So we need probably to make
- ten copies because I would like to review it as well and
- 20 perhaps our attorney general. Make sure that we take a
- look at it and see if there's any questions and what might
- 22 be appropriate for rebuttal so we're better able to judge
- the offense.
- I know there's a public meeting tonight, but
- 25 there should be some time tomorrow for the review. Then I

Then we'll

understand that as far as Council's field trip and site 1 2. visit that you won't all be accompanying us. Hopefully 60 pages here in an hour- or hour-and-a-half review will tell 3 you if want to respond to it, and at that point you can 4 5 start looking for what studies might be out there. б won't put a hard deadline Friday, but Friday close of 7 business if you can get a message into staff and there may 8 be given the transit back to Olympia on Friday a cell 9 phone number or something that you can make--I can make my

I'll ask Mr. McMahan to get in touch with Mr. DeLacy later today and then tomorrow sometime during the morning session let us know if he's available on Wednesday, Thursday, or Friday, or all of those days next week. We'll choose the best mutually agreeable time to schedule a telephone resumption of this procedure.

cell phone number available for those of you that think

know the end of business day what else might be coming.

you need to get a hold of me and let me know.

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Now, we've noticed that the procedure is going to be here in Ellensburg so I'm going to use today as the notice to say the adjudication will be going on for a telephonic session sometime next week. I'll mention that at the public hearing tonight and tomorrow if I'm reminded please by staff to do so; that the hearing will close in Ellensburg on Thursday, that one limited

- 1 testimony is going to go there, and I wanted to get the
- 2 parties to nod in agreement this is okay to have this one
- 3 limited cross-examination done outside of the valley where
- 4 it was earlier promised to do things in the valley for the
- 5 adjudication. But I see this as an exceptional
- 6 circumstance. Unless there's a very good reason for an
- 7 exception, I would rather not bring everybody back and all
- 8 the logistics back and Mr. DeLacy travel yet again from
- 9 Portland for this.
- 10 Is there any concern with making an
- 11 exception to that promise that the Council made to hold
- the adjudication here?
- 13 All right. Seeing none then, we'll let the
- public know this is by agreement of everybody in the room
- that is an intervenor or party to this case, and we'll
- have a limited session by phone there. And if there's a
- need or an interest, I'll have them get in touch with
- 18 staff so they might be able to call in and hear this if
- 19 they so desire. The public attendance for Mr. DeLacy's
- 20 testimony was limited. I can only imagine that the
- 21 further cross will be that much more interest publicly.
- 22 Any other procedural items?
- MR. PEEPLES: We asked about Mr. Pappalardo
- if we can do him by declaration.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, have you come

- 1 up with cross-examination questions for Mr. Pappalardo
- 2 this afternoon?
- I seen none to my right. Any to my left?
- 4 All right. It appears that Mr. Pappalardo's
- 5 testimony I believe it's Exhibit 23; is that correct?
- MR. PEEPLES: I believe so.
- 7 JUDGE TOREM: So the motion is to allow that
- 8 to come in by affidavit as long as that's supplied no
- 9 later than next Friday, September 19. All those in favor?
- 10 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
- JUDGE TOREM: So you can let Mr. Pappalardo
- 12 know he doesn't need to appear by phone this afternoon at
- the two o'clock session.
- MR. PEEPLES: Thank you.
- 15 JUDGE TOREM: I don't know what occurred
- during the break because I had some of your attention for
- 17 this issue as to the Hoen report with the site visit. Has
- 18 everybody got their inputs to staff as to anything else
- 19 they wanted to the documents that are to be given to
- 20 Council or participating members on the site visit
- 21 tomorrow?
- 22 MR. FIKSDAL: I don't believe anybody is.
- JUDGE TOREM: I think maybe people didn't
- get a chance. So I'm going to ask you to still keep that
- open for folks to look at. Again, it's a map, the aerial

- 1 view, and the directions, and all I'm looking for is if
- 2 you have something you want in the way of script as to
- 3 look south or look southwest that those be added to the
- 4 directions so that we can get those printed up at the
- 5 appropriate time before they're handed out tomorrow.
- 6 MR. SLOTHOWER: I did not get a chance to do
- 7 that.
- JUDGE TOREM: Clearly I have your attention,
- 9 Mr. Slothower. So why don't you get a copy next break and
- 10 get those back to Ms. Makarow and Mr. Fiksdal.
- 11 We're ready for our next witness. That's
- going be Mr. Tony Usibelli. Mr. Usibelli respecting the
- state fund did not bring a lawyer with him so I'm going to
- do my best to play lawyer for the introduction of Exhibit
- 15 60 and its supporting documents and Exhibit 60-SUP which
- 16 is also yours.
- 17 (Tony Usibelli sworn on oath.)
- TONY USIBELLI,
- 19 being first duly sworn on oath,
- 20 testified as follows:

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- 22 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 23 BY JUDGE TOREM:
- Q. Mr. Usibelli, you have prefiled testimony
- 25 that's noted Exhibit 60 and several attached supporting

- 1 exhibits and then Exhibit 60-SUP; is that correct?
- 2 (Exhibit Nos. 60.0 through 60.8 and 60-SUP
- 3 identified for the record.)
- 4 A. That is correct.
- 5 BY JUDGE TOREM:
- 6 Q. Have you reviewed that testimony before
- 7 offering it again today?
- 8 A. Yes, I have.
- 9 Q. Would your answers still be the same to the
- 10 questions as stated in those two documents?
- 11 A. Yes, they would.
- 12 O. Would you still intend for all these exhibits
- to come before the Council for their consideration?
- 14 A. I do.
- 15 Q. Would there be any changes or updates to your
- 16 prefiled testimony?
- 17 A. There may be some updates in some of the data
- or something of that nature, but nothing at this point.
- 19 Q. Nothing that would dramatically change the
- 20 representations contained therein?
- 21 A. No, there would not.
- 22 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, there's a
- 23 motion then before you to admit to the record Exhibit 60
- and its supporting documents and Exhibit 60-SUP. All
- 25 those in favor?

- 1 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
- JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed?
- 3 All right. Exhibit 60 and Exhibit 60-SUP
- 4 and its supporting exhibits are now in the record.
- 5 (Exhibit Nos. 60.0 through 60.8 and 60-SUP
- 6 admitted into evidence.)
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Usibelli, I'll direct your
- 8 attention to the cross-examination table where Mr. Hurson
- 9 and Mr. Piercy are seated and they'll be starting the
- 10 cross-examination. Also cross-examining on this witness
- 11 will be Counsel for the Environment, Mr. Lathrop, and
- 12 ROKT.
- 13 Mr. Hurson.
- MR. HURSON: Thank you.
- 15 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 16 BY MR. HURSON:
- 17 Q. Just for clarification, you sent in a
- document entitled Opening Statement Exhibit 60. I got it
- on September 11. That's not part of the prefiled that
- we're talking about?
- JUDGE TOREM: Those should be opening
- 22 statements and not offered as evidence. Although it
- appears to be labeled as an exhibit, that's correct,
- Mr. Usibelli labeled it as such. It was an opening the
- same as any other party's. It's considered argument and

- 1 introduction rather than evidence.
- 2 MR. HURSON: The reason I wanted
- 3 clarification is to deal with the opening statement has a
- 4 question-and-answer format to it like testimony so I just
- 5 wanted to clarify.
- JUDGE TOREM: Thank you. Mr. Usibelli, you
- 7 agree with me that that was meant to be an overview of the
- 8 case?
- 9 THE WITNESS: That's correct. We chose that
- 10 procedure, but it was not intended to be an additional
- 11 exhibit.
- MR. LATHROP: Which exhibit was that? I
- 13 guess I missed the number.
- 14 JUDGE TOREM: This is Exhibit 60 and 60-SUP.
- 15 Mr. Usibelli submitted an opening statement that was
- 16 Exhibit 60--I don't remember what the exact number was.
- 17 MR. HURSON: It said Exhibit 60 opening
- 18 statement.
- 19 THE WITNESS: Opening statement.
- JUDGE TOREM: So it's not necessarily an
- 21 exhibit, but it's part of the record but as an opening
- 22 statement.
- 23 BY MR. HURSON:
- 24 O. Mr. Usibelli, you understand the difference
- between factual testimony and basically an argument?

- 1 A. I do.
- 2 Q. Would it be fair to characterize your
- 3 testimony however as basically an opinion or argument as
- far as what you believe the Council should do?
- 5 A. I think that's fair supported by my
- 6 professional judgment and the facts that I think pertain
- 7 to that, yes.
- 8 O. But as far as the facts related to this
- 9 project, you wouldn't be the one in the position to
- 10 explain or add any basically factual substance to the
- record regarding the wind project work where it's located,
- 12 what kind of setbacks, the details of the discussion with
- the County, none of those issues.
- 14 A. Well, I think in general that's the case.
- 15 Although I believe in certain aspects of certainly this
- project would be part of the energy supply, potentially be
- part of the energy supply system in the State of
- 18 Washington, and I believe I can speak to those issues
- 19 specifically.
- 20 Q. So that's basically what your testimony was
- about.
- 22 A. Principally, yes.
- Q. Now, you're with the Energy Policy Division
- of Community, Trade, and Economic Development.
- 25 A. That's correct.

- 1 Q. And Community, Trade, and Economic
- 2 Development has a number of different divisions.
- 3 A. It does have.
- 4 Q. Yours only relates to--your testimony relates
- 5 to your division. Correct?
- 6 A. It relates principally to my division,
- 7 although I have been approved to participate as an
- 8 intervenor in this by the director of the agency so she is
- 9 familiar with that.
- 10 Q. You were authorized to intervene, but the
- 11 positions you're taking are related to the Energy Division
- 12 and not the other divisions.
- 13 A. I believe I would characterize that as
- principally the expertise we bring forward is related to
- the Energy Division, but we are intervening on behalf of
- 16 Community, Trade, and Economic Development as the agency.
- I believe that the agency has the ability to specifically
- intervene as a subdivision of the agency, but, again, I
- 19 think that's more of a legal question.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Hurson, I believe if you
- 21 refer back to Prehearing Order No. 1, it's Council Order
- No. 777, and it's on page 6. In the approval of the
- 23 petitions for intervention in Subparagraph A. of that
- 24 page, in addressing this the Council found that the
- Washington State Department of the Community, Trade, and

- 1 Economic Development which already had a representative on
- 2 EFSEC is entitled to party status in the Council's
- adjudicative proceedings as a matter of right, and there
- 4 were citations to the WAC and to the RCW as well, and it
- 5 wasn't limited to the policy division or the energy policy
- office. It was just the agency as a whole intervened;
- 7 however, it was limited to the issue that it supported the
- 8 application as consistent with Washington Energy Policy,
- 9 which is to encourage renewable energy resources as such
- issues generally involve CTED's jurisdiction in Washington
- 11 State.
- So the scope of intervention was granted to
- the agency, and I know this was some years ago, but that's
- 14 the scope that Mr. Usibelli made it clear as time went
- 15 what his particular position is one division. So he is
- here on behalf of CTED as a whole, but yet his specific
- job as he's clarified is to one division.
- 18 BY MR. HURSON:
- 19 Q. But it's on Energy Policy Division not the
- 20 Growth Management Division.
- 21 A. I am not representing the expertise of the
- 22 Growth Management Division. That's correct.
- Q. Thank you. In looking at your testimony it
- looks like you support wind farms.
- 25 A. In general, we're supportive of wind farms

- and we do site some statutory support beyond that.
- 2 Q. You think that wind farms should be approved
- 3 in this state.
- 4 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 5 Q. For instance, if a meteorological study
- 6 showed that you could have a viable wind farm on Lake
- Washington and you could put up 150, 410-foot tall
- 8 turbines in Lake Washington at a 1,000-foot setback from
- 9 the shoreline homes, you would support that kind of
- 10 proposal too, wouldn't you?
- 11 A. Again, if you will notice in my testimony we
- 12 talk about the fact and I testified to the fact we do
- support the development of wind projects, but that's not
- 14 a--I can't remember precisely the words I used, but it's
- 15 essentially that that wasn't in all cases in all
- 16 locations. It is a site-specific issue, and that is the
- 17 nature of the siting process before EFSEC to make that
- 18 kind of a determination.
- 19 Q. Let's say if our Kittitas County one is a
- 20 1,320-foot setback they're asking for, what would be the
- 21 reason that you wouldn't support a wind farm on Lake
- 22 Washington at 1,320 setback from all the waterfront
- 23 properties there?
- A. Well, certainly a setback would not
- 25 necessarily be the only criteria against which you would

- look at the location of a wind farm or any other type of
- 2 energy producing facility. It's certainly one of them.
- 3 Q. You can't think of any particular reason
- 4 right now why that would be objectionable from your
- 5 standpoint?
- 6 A. Again, I think it would be specific. Again,
- 7 you're speaking in hypothetical terms. It may or may not
- 8 be objectionable in a given location.
- 9 Q. So this is all very site specific.
- 10 A. Absolutely.
- 11 Q. You didn't participate in any of the county
- 12 hearings.
- 13 A. I did not.
- 14 Q. In fact, you haven't been really at the
- 15 hearing this hearing process until today. Right?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- 17 Q. The wind farm here you're aware that there's
- 18 no purchaser for the power right now?
- 19 A. I don't know that for certain. I have not
- 20 seen whether there are contracts or not. I would
- 21 certainly that may well be the case, yes.
- Q. Assuming there is none--strike that. The
- 23 Klickitat Wind Farm are you familiar with that one?
- 24 There's a wind farm that was approved in Klickitat in the
- 25 energy policy.

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Correct me in understanding this. That power
- 3 is all being sold to three California public utilities.
- 4 A. I don't know that for certain. That could
- 5 certainly be the case. I don't know the contractual
- 6 arrangements on that wind farm, per se.
- 7 Q. Your support for this wind farm would it
- 8 change if the power generated here was going to be sold to
- 9 California public utilities?
- 10 A. I would say probably not. I think it's
- important to recognize that the electricity system is an
- integrated system in the Western United States and
- 13 specifically along the West Coast of the United States.
- 14 So at times we provide significant power to California and
- 15 at times they provide significant power to us.
- 16 Q. But I guess my question is if this power was
- 17 going to be sold to the State of Oregon, would that change
- 18 your opinion in supporting this project and supporting
- 19 preemption?
- 20 A. No.
- 21 O. So you would support preemption if the power
- 22 was going to be used in Oregon.
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. You would support under the State Energy
- 25 Policy if this power is going to be used in Oregon.

1 A. Yes.

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Q. Doesn't that position conflict with your
division policy? Isn't the Energy Policy Division's goal
to deliver economically and environmentally sound energy

for the State of Washington and its citizen?

- б Well, again, yes, it is. But, again, it's 7 important to recognize that the electrical system is part 8 of an integrated system. The fact that we exchange power 9 and move power in the Western United States as opposed to 10 just confining it to the boundaries of the State of 11 Washington in fact brings significant economic benefit to 12 the State of Washington. Our electricity is cheaper because of the nature of those interconnections and the 13 fact that power moves back and forth. Were we on an 14 island the citizens of this state would be experiencing 15 higher power prices. So I think you need to look at it in 16 that context. 17
 - Q. But the statutory regulatory mandate is that the goal, the object of your office is to see to it the State of Washington and its citizens have power. Isn't supporting wind energy for Oregon or Idaho or California or Nevada in essence exceeding the legislative authority?
- 23 A. I would not agree with that interpretation.
- I would stand by my previous comment.
- Q. Correct me if I'm wrong, but in looking at

- 1 the CTED website Washington State currently produces about
- 2 125 percent of the power that it needs.
- 3 A. That obviously varies from year to year
- 4 because we are dependent on the hydroelectric system.
- 5 During a typical year that would be probably about the
- 6 right number. In a low water year it could be
- 7 significantly less than that. In a high water year it may
- 8 actually be more than that.
- 9 Q. So Washington State's actually a net exporter
- of power.
- 11 A. Again, under typical conditions that is the
- 12 case. In some instances we are actually--we can be in a
- situation where we are a net importer of power as well.
- Q. But overall perhaps our energy problem is
- that in essence Washington is exporting power out. We're
- a net exporter, aren't we?
- 17 A. In general, again, it applies to the specific
- 18 conditions that we are in and, again, I would argue the
- 19 premise that the state has excess capacity and we should
- 20 limit our power sales just within the State of Washington
- 21 does not recognize that the very real realiability,
- 22 economic, and operational benefits of being part of a
- 23 connected system.
- Q. Is there projections to when perhaps the
- 25 state would become not a net exporter?

- 1 A. Well, again, you're bounding this around a
- 2 system that has significant year-to-year variability. So
- 3 there are certain periods and certain years that we can
- 4 cite when the state has been a net importer. It depends
- on the time frame that you're talking about.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Usibelli, I'm going to
- 7 have Mr. Hurson just focus the question as to what he
- 8 means by overall or in general. Can you pick a time frame
- 9 like the average year?
- 10 MR. HURSON: I'm just talking a typical
- 11 because I understand these are kind of big picture items.
- JUDGE TOREM: Clearly Mr. Usibelli is saying
- that at sometimes we import power so he wants that
- 14 qualification. Maybe I'll just do it for you. On an
- annual basis is it more likely than not that Washington is
- 16 selling excess power than again on a full calender year
- for all the seasons involved by the IRS are we more likely
- 18 to be exporting or importing power in this state?
- 19 THE WITNESS: On an annual basis I would say
- 20 that is probably the case that the generating facilities
- 21 located within the State of Washington would typically be
- a net exporter.
- 23 BY MR. HURSON:
- 24 O. Are there any studies or things done that
- 25 there's a time in the future--I don't know, 15, 20 years

- down the road--that there's a concern that this state
- would not be basically a net exporter?
- A. Again, probably the best work that is being
- 4 done on looking at future power needs in the Pacific
- 5 Northwest not just within the State of the Washington,
- 6 and, again I think that's the correct boundary to draw on
- 7 this, are being done and have been done by the Northwest
- 8 Power Conservation Council as part of their statutory
- 9 requirements; and they have looked at the needs of the
- 10 region on a 20-year time horizon into the future in
- 11 determining what the region needs on the order of about
- 12 300 megawatts of additional power each year on average.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Usibelli, do you know how
- 14 much more that's needed in Washington State? I think
- that's the thrust of the question. Quarter? Half?
- 16 THE WITNESS: Again, it's a relatively
- 17 complex question because you have utilities, for example,
- that are serving the State of Washington where a
- 19 significant portion of their power, their contracted,
- long-term power comes from out-of-state sources. You also
- 21 have generators located in the State of Washington that's
- 22 not affiliated with the utility who sell to other parts of
- 23 the west. So, again, I think defining it around a state
- boundary is difficult to do.
- So I think the answer to your question would

- 1 be that I guess I would not put it in those terms and it
- 2 would be a difficult question to determine precisely how
- 3 that would work given those characteristics in the
- 4 electric system.
- JUDGE TOREM: It appears to me the thrust of
- 6 Mr. Hurson's question is get to the ultimate issue of if
- 7 this wind farm is not built will Washington run out of
- 8 energy at some point because of that decision?
- 9 THE WITNESS: Well, it's very clear looking
- 10 at the work of the Northwest Power Conservation Council,
- 11 which I believe is the best technical work available on
- power needs in the region that the region, will need on
- the order of 300 average megawatts of new power each year.
- We represent approximately half of the total load in the
- 15 Pacific Northwest so you can do the math and say 150
- 16 average megawatts of power would be needed in order to
- 17 meet what the projected demands are in the region and in
- 18 the state. So I hope that get's to the crux.
- 19 BY MR. HURSON:
- Q. Well, there's no projection that we're going
- 21 to run short of power by year 2010.
- 22 A. Well, again, if we were in a situation where
- we were low hydroelectric conditions, we certainly could,
- 24 yes.
- Q. Long term.

- 1 A. We've encountered that problem. Beginning in
- 2 it's pretty clear that by 2010 and 2011 there will likely
- 3 be a need for significant power on an overall basis.
- 4 Individually utilities may have needs much sooner than
- 5 that.
- 6 Q. You talked about the low water years now and
- 7 then that causes a reduction in the power. Right?
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. So if you have a low wind year, you're not
- 10 going to produce as much power. Correct?
- 11 A. Of course.
- 12 O. There's a lot of variation there.
- 13 A. There could be. I don't think we have merely
- as much information on the long-term nature of the wind
- resource as compared to the hydro resource, but most of
- 16 what I'm familiar with would indicate that year-to-year
- 17 variation is not as significant as it is with the
- 18 year-to-year precipitation and snowfall variation.
- 19 Q. Part of the reason I'm asking is some of your
- testimony seems to be we need to approve this and we need
- 21 to approve this now right away. You said this has been on
- long enough. It's time to approve it.
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. You would agree though say if it took an
- extra month or two to go through the approval process,

- 1 it's not going to cause a problem with the policy
- 2 directions you're looking at for--whatever the policy
- directions are an extra month or two wouldn't put us
- 4 behind in able to make the policy goals.
- 5 A. I don't think an extra month or two, no, not
- 6 in that case situation.
- 7 Q. If during the County hearings if there had
- 8 been a need to take an extra couple weeks, a month or two
- 9 to submit some new information, work out issues, maybe let
- the public have another go around in some public hearings
- 11 so that the commissioners can make a decision, that would
- 12 not have caused a problem or conflict with the energy
- 13 policy that you're looking for.
- 14 A. I think that's probably a fair statement.
- 15 Again, we did not participate in the County process, per
- se, so I can't speak to that directly.
- 17 MR. HURSON: That's fine. Thank you.
- 18 JUDGE TOREM: Another scheduled cross exam
- 19 for Mr. Usibelli is the Counsel for the Environment,
- 20 Mr. Tribble.
- 21 Mr. Slothower, were you going to have any
- 22 questions for this witness?
- MR. SLOTHOWER: I believe Mr. Carmody on
- 24 behalf of ROKT has several. Mine are very brief and I may
- not ask them depending on what Mr. Carmody asks.

- 1 JUDGE TOREM: I understood that there might
- 2 be an objection from the Applicant as to the scope of
- 3 intervention on behalf of ROKT. I wasn't remembering,
- 4 Mr. Peeples, if that would apply here, but we'll get to
- 5 that. If you're going to make that, I want you to prepare
- 6 after Mr. Tribble is done.
- 7 MR. PEEPLES: I'm not going to object to
- 8 Mr. Slothower's question. We talked about that. Quite
- 9 frankly, on retrospect I don't know if I can object
- 10 because I'm not an attorney for CTED. That's another
- 11 reason.
- JUDGE TOREM: Well, certainly, but all the
- parties can object to the scope of intervention so I'm not
- 14 holding that. We haven't stood to that ceremony in the
- 15 past.
- We'll have Mr. Tribble's questions and then
- we'll press and see if there are any such objections to be
- 18 lodged today.
- 19 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 20 BY MR. TRIBBLE:
- O. Mr. Usibelli, can you give the Council and
- the record an overview of the environmental benefits of
- 23 diversified renewable energy sources within the state.
- 24 A. Sure.
- MR. HURSON: Your Honor, if I might, and the

- only reason I'm raising the objection is based upon what
- 2 counsel for the Applicant did yesterday about softballs
- and that's the biggest softball I've seen tossed out in
- 4 the hearing.
- JUDGE TOREM: I'm going to allow this
- 6 because of CFE's specific statutory role to do this; then
- 7 perhaps following your cross-examination that might be
- 8 done by CTED's own attorney had they brought one. Given
- 9 CFE's role in this to look at public interest, I'll allow
- 10 the question. But I'll make sure that Mr. Tribble is
- doing this more as rehabilitation; that it's short. He
- may actually have some cross or what would typically be
- adversarial questions as well. I don't know that, but
- we'll keep this line of softball questions to a minimum,
- and that will satisfy CFE's role in my view in this
- proceeding as on behalf of all people and the environment
- here.
- 18 So, Mr. Usibelli, would you give us that
- 19 brief review.
- 20 A. I will. I believe my testimony does
- 21 specifically speak to this issue, and we use examples of
- 22 the benefit to the electrical system of having a
- diversified supply of resources dependent on different
- 24 sources; for example, hydroelectricity which has
- variability over time is largely decoupled from the

- 1 availability of wind. So there are clear advantages and
- 2 benefits to the operation of the electrical system for
- 3 having a variety of different sources of electricity
- 4 generation.
- 5 From an environmental perspective, renewable
- 6 resources, wind for example, represents significant
- 7 environmental benefits in that there are no criteria for
- 8 air emissions. Water impacts are either nonexistent or
- 9 minimal, and then particularly in my testimony I mentioned
- that what I would argue is the largest energy impact issue
- 11 that we will be dealing, are dealing with in the State of
- 12 Washington and will be dealing with in the State of
- Washington are greenhouse gas emissions. So any source
- 14 such as wind or other renewable resources that do not
- generate greenhouse gases has a substantial benefit to the
- 16 environment of the State of Washington and, frankly, the
- 17 environment of the world.
- 18 Q. Outside of wind what are the other available
- 19 energy production, renewable energy production
- 20 technologies?
- 21 A. Wind is certainly the most--and, again, I'm
- 22 presuming you're asking about electricity and not related
- to fuels.
- O. Correct.
- 25 A. So with respect to the electricity, wind is

- 1 certainly the most popular, most economically viable
- 2 currently. In other parts of the country there's a lot of
- 3 development going on for solar technologies. California,
- for example, has committed 1.2 billion dollars to the
- 5 development of solar system on their residences over the
- 6 next ten years. It's not developed as much in the State
- 7 of Washington.
- 8 There are locations where geothermal
- 9 development, again, pretty site specific depending on
- where that is available to generate electricity, and
- another resource that's significant renewable resources is
- the use of biomass and those kinds of things as a
- generating resource. So those would probably be the major
- ones.
- 15 Q. You had an opportunity to talk about the
- 16 environmental benefit of wind. Do you also concede that
- there may be some environmental detriment to wind
- 18 production in certain areas of our state?
- 19 A. Absolutely. There is no energy producing
- technology that does not have some environmental impacts.
- I believe it's a matter of degree and that I think is one
- 22 of the reasons why you have organizations such as the
- 23 siting council to review this and to establish conditions
- 24 to minimize those environmental impacts.
- Q. What specific environmental detriments are

- 1 you aware of associated with wind?
- 2 A. Well, you could, again, for wind projects in
- 3 general the construction of wind project you will have
- 4 some land impacts and so forth depending on where that
- 5 project is located that would vary by location: Are there
- 6 streams there? What kinds of land uses are present in
- 7 that area?
- 8 Certainly there are that people have raised
- 9 and I think one of the major concerns in this process
- about the aesthetics of wind; what are the impact the view
- 11 shed. But in genuine represents significantly less
- 12 environmental impact than a comparable fossil fuel
- 13 production plant.
- MR. TRIBBLE: Thank you. No further
- 15 questions.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Carmody.
- 17 MR. PEEPLES: Your Honor, I would like to
- raise this issue now at least to get it on the table and
- 19 get it resolved. To a certain extent I'm going to object
- to Mr. Carmody cross-examining my witness Randy Hardy as
- 21 outside of ROKT's area of intervention, and I don't want
- 22 to adversely affect that right to object to that. It's
- 23 fairly similar.
- I would like to point out ROKT's area of
- intervention as stated in the intervention order is proper

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1 location and alternative locations, perimeter defined, and
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- 2 consolidated statement of issues by the CFE, not this CFE
- 3 by the prior CFE, was electromagnetic, vibration, soil
- 4 contamination, shadow flicker, and blade glint. So that's
- 5 what it said. I think the Council can make a
- 6 determination for this witness as they may, but I will be
- 7 reserving my right to object to Mr. Carmody's
- 8 cross-examination of our witness, Mr. Hardy.
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. So your objection
- 10 is just putting Mr. Carmody on notice for later this
- afternoon for the three o'clock group of call-in witnesses
- or are you making a specific objection as to his ability
- to examine Mr. Usibelli?
- 14 MR. PEEPLES: No, I'm not, but if the
- 15 Council desires to do that, they can make up their mind.
- JUDGE TOREM: I don't expect the Council to
- object, but I will let Mr. Carmody know it is my intention
- as the witnesses get further afield from his stated
- intervention grounds of the proper location for a wind
- 20 farm and ultimate locations that I'll be asking you to
- 21 define your questions to that is reasonable to that
- degree.
- MR. CARMODY: As far as Mr. Hardy is
- 24 concerned I agree not to cross-examine him.
- JUDGE TOREM: As to this witness as well I

- 1 just want to make sure we stick to the limits of the
- 2 intervenors, and, again, if it's proper location and
- 3 alternate locations ask away. If it's outside that scope,
- 4 I may sur sponte strike the question.
- 5 MR. CARMODY: He had a testimony also in
- 6 respect to preemption which is a locational choice and
- 7 that is one area I would like to explore with him.
- JUDGE TOREM: As long as it sticks to the
- 9 locational choice, I agree.
- MR. CARMODY: Thank you.
- 11 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 12 By MR. CARMODY:
- Q. Mr. Usibelli, for whom are you speaking today
- in presenting this testimony?
- 15 A. I'm representing the Department of Community,
- 16 Trade, and Economic Development.
- 17 Q. Your particular division or the entire
- 18 department?
- 19 A. As stated earlier, we have intervened as the
- 20 state agency, and our specific area is focusing on the
- areas that we presented in our testimony.
- Q. Has your prefiled and supplemental testimony
- been reviewed and approved by department heads?
- 24 A. The intervention has been approved by the
- 25 head of the agency. That's correct.

- 1 Q. My question was has your prefiled testimony
- and supplemental testimony been reviewed and approved by
- 3 department heads?
- A. Not the specific testimony, no.
- 5 Q. Did you review your testimony with any other
- 6 department representative prior to filing it in this
- 7 action?
- 8 A. On the supplemental testimony we had some
- 9 discussions with members of our local government division
- 10 growth management.
- 11 Q. And they approved your testimony?
- 12 A. They approved us--they had no objection to us
- 13 supporting the preemption. That's correct.
- 14 Q. You also filed with the Council a request
- where you're the identifying representative for Renewable
- 16 Northwest Project; is that correct?
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Carmody, I think you're
- 18 referring to the request for the public hearing that was
- 19 held last Tuesday?
- MR. CARMODY: Yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: What's the nature of the
- 22 question then?
- 23 MR. CARMODY: I want to know if he's
- 24 speaking in that capacity today as well?
- 25 A. I am not. What we did was we along with

- 1 Renewable Northwest Project we submitted a letter to the
- 2 Council requesting an additional public hearing. We were
- 3 one of the signators to that letter.
- 4 BY MR. CARMODY:
- 5 Q. In that letter you were speaking and
- 6 representing RNP with respect to that request.
- 7 A. No, we were signing that letter as an
- 8 additional party. We were not representing RNP. It would
- 9 be much like a letter that we might sign on any number of
- things where there would be other parties indicating that
- 11 we support that request.
- 12 Q. I'm going to follow that line. That request
- was for a hearing in Seattle.
- 14 A. That's correct.
- 15 Q. Let me ask you this: Did you provide
- 16 testimony in any of the Kittitas County land use
- 17 proceedings in this matter?
- 18 A. No, we did not.
- 19 Q. Did you provide any testimony in any of the
- local land use proceedings for the Desert Claim Project?
- 21 A. No.
- Q. Did you provide any testimony in local
- 23 proceedings with respect to Wild Horse?
- 24 A. No.
- Q. Why didn't you?

A. Largely because of a resource decision on our part and ability to have resources to do that. We have to pick where we think we can emphasize our policy points and

we did not choose to prioritize those.

- Q. So the department position was it was not significant enough to provide testimony to the County that you're providing to the Council.
- A. We've been an intervenor in the EFSEC process
 when this project was proposed to them and decided that we
 only have the resources to really engage in that process.

 That's correct.
- Q. But in your prefiled testimony you're critical of that local process, but you chose not to participate in that process. Correct?
- 15 Α. I would not say that we were necessarily critical of the process. We have tracked the process 16 through EFSEC, have heard the Applicant and the County 17 regularly reporting back to EFSEC in their efforts to 18 19 reach resolution on that. They were unable to reach 20 resolution and our belief is that once the Applicant came 21 to EFSEC that is the appropriate venue to make these kinds 22 of overall decisions on the project, and had EFSEC on the face of it accepted the land use decision then they would 23 24 have made a de facto decision against the project.
 - Q. You have registered no objections through

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- 1 that process to either the process or the determinations
- 2 made by the County.
- 3 A. That's correct.
- 4 Q. In your prefiled supplemental testimony you
- 5 are critical of the ordinance and comprehensive plan
- 6 provisions under which the County process the local
- 7 applications; is that correct?
- 8 A. We comment on that provision, yes.
- 9 Q. Your position is that it's noncompliant and
- inconsistent for purposes for preemption; isn't that
- 11 correct?
- 12 A. Can you state that question.
- 13 O. It's your position that the local
- comprehensive plan ordinance provisions with respect to
- siting the wind farms is inconsistent and noncompliant for
- 16 purposes of preemption.
- 17 A. I think I understand your question, and I
- believe the answer to that would be, yes.
- 19 Q. And the reason that you stated in your
- 20 prefiled supplemental testimony is that the County has not
- 21 specifically identified a zoning district for wind farms.
- 22 A. That was one of our principal concerns, yes.
- Q. And that remains a concern in your position
- 24 with respect to preemption.
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Let me ask you this: Is it your
- 2 understanding that this comprehensive plan provision was
- 3 submitted to CTED for comment prior to its adoption by
- 4 Kittitas County?
- 5 A. I believe that's the case. I don't know that
- for certain, but I believe that is the case.
- 7 Q. Normal procedure under the Growth Management
- 8 Act requires submission of that and a 60-day comment by
- 9 CTED, wouldn't it?
- 10 A. I believe that is correct, yes. Again, I'm
- 11 not an expert on growth management. That's my
- 12 understanding from talking with growth management staff.
- 0. Are you aware of any objections that your
- department made to that particular comprehensive plan
- 15 provision and ordinance procedure?
- 16 A. I am not.
- 17 Q. In your testimony, prefiled testimony you
- testified as to a variety of areas of policy, economics,
- 19 environmental impacts associated with the energy supply
- 20 system. Is it a fair statement that your observations and
- 21 comments in your prefiled testimony are policy level and
- 22 generic observations about wind power in general?
- 23 A. I would say that's predominantly the case,
- 24 yes.
- Q. And it's not particularly driven. Any of

- 1 those policies are not particularly driven by local siting
- 2 choices.
- A. I guess I would say, yes, they are to some
- 4 degree driven by local siting choices because any power
- 5 generating facility has a local component. It has to be
- 6 located in some area. In the case of something such as
- 7 wind it has to be located in an area with a sufficient
- 8 wind regime in order to make it technically and
- 9 economically viable.
- 10 O. So within Kittitas County the Wild Horse
- 11 Project would be in support of your basic policy
- 12 propositions with respect to wind power.
- 13 A. I think that's a fair statement.
- 14 Q. And there are significantly other areas of
- 15 Kittitas County where a wind farm could be sited that
- 16 would also meet those criteria.
- 17 A. My understanding in reviewing the Draft
- 18 Environmental Impact Statement is that there are other
- 19 locations that would meet the technical criteria. Whether
- 20 they would meet the economic criteria that a private
- 21 developer would be able to come up with an economically
- viable project, I think that depends on the nature of the
- economics that the developer is facing. But there are
- technically other locations in the County where projects
- 25 could be developed as I understand it.

- 1 Q. A wind farm within the city limits of
- 2 Ellensburg could meet your policy directives as well,
- 3 couldn't it?
- 4 A. It may in general meet the policy directives,
- 5 but I would have to go back to some previous testimony
- 6 saying that our support for a wind project is by no means
- 7 unconditional. There are very desirable characteristics
- 8 for a wind project, again, because it's a very
- 9 site-specific thing, and you make the determination on a
- 10 site-by-site basis. So if there were a proposal in the
- 11 City of Ellensburg you could look at it carefully. My
- 12 professional judgment would be that there would probably
- be significantly more land use conflict and environmental
- 14 concerns associated with that than a comparable rural
- 15 area.
- 16 O. Would you agree with me that your
- 17 department's position with respect to the Growth
- 18 Management Act is that land use decision making processes
- 19 are matters of local jurisdiction as opposed to state
- 20 jurisdiction?
- 21 A. Oh, again, I'm not an expert on the Growth
- 22 Management Act and certainly the state has a role with
- respect to land use. Many of the land use decisions in
- the State of Washington are a local responsibility, but
- certainly the state has reserved some ability to have

- 1 influence on those local land use decisions, but, again, I
- 2 can't speak as an expert on that.
- Would you agree with me that growth
- 4 management provides specific discretion authority to local
- 5 decision makers to make these type of determinations?
- 6 A. It does but I can't speak to the extent of
- 7 that.
- 8 Q. Would you also agree with me that your
- 9 department position with respect to the Growth Management
- 10 Act is that land use planning is a bottom-up process that
- 11 begins with the citizens of the community in a decision
- 12 making process?
- 13 A. Again, I think as a general statement that is
- the general conditions and the general approach for growth
- 15 management. That's about as far as I can go.
- 16 Q. Is your prefiled testimony in this matter in
- 17 your judgment inconsistent in any respect with your
- department's position with respect to application of the
- 19 Growth Management Act?
- 20 A. I wouldn't say not having consulted with our
- 21 growth management and my director on that issue
- 22 specifically.
- Q. Are you familiar with any other permitted
- 24 wind farm projects within the state that would meet
- policy, your policy goals with respect to energy

- 1 production?
- 2 A. There are certainly other operating wind
- 3 projects within the State of Washington, yes.
- 4 Q. How many are there?
- 5 A. Off the top of my head I would say there are
- four or five. I don't recall. I would have to look that
- 7 up to know precisely.
- 8 Q. Do you know what the production level is?
- 9 A. It varies from project to project. The State
- 10 Line Wind Project rated it is the largest in the State of
- 11 Washington and Oregon and it has a rated capacity of
- approximately 350 megawatts.
- 13 Q. Are you familiar with any permitted projects
- that have not yet been constructed?
- 15 A. There are several projects such as Nine Mile
- 16 Canyon that are in the process of considering expansion.
- 17 I don't know specifically where they are in the permitting
- 18 process.
- 19 Q. Are you familiar with any of the wind farm
- 20 projects that have been permitted in Klickitat County, for
- 21 example?
- 22 A. Well, certainly the wind project Wild Horse
- has been permitted by the county and my understanding is
- 24 that that project is actually under construction.
- JUDGE TOREM: He referred to Klickitat as

- 1 opposed to Kittitas.
- 2 A. Oh, Klickitat. Yes, I'm sorry. I'm
- forgetting. Yes, there are projects there, but I don't
- 4 recall any of them off the top of my head.
- 5 BY MR. CARMODY:
- 6 O. Does the availability or level of
- 7 contribution to the energy system from those projects bear
- 8 upon your testimony in any respect today?
- 9 A. Certainly it does, yes.
- 10 Q. If I understood your testimony right, now the
- 11 State of Washington is a net exporter of electricity.
- 12 A. It is a net exporter of electricity on an
- average situation, but, again, I would say that's really
- the wrong way to bound the energy supply problem. The
- 15 energy supply situation for electricity is that we are
- dependent on out-of-state sources for electricity just as
- 17 some out-of-state sources are dependent on us for
- 18 electricity. So looking at it from that perspective, I
- 19 would argue is not the correct framework.
- 20 Q. So our excess capacity helps absorb on
- 21 average shortfalls in other regions of the country.
- 22 A. Well, the excess capacity in California
- during our winter period helps absorb some of the
- 24 shortfall that we have at times encountered in the
- Northwest and in the State of Washington; so, yes, that's

- 1 a fair statement.
- 2 Q. And you don't know specifically how many
- 3 projects, permitted projects, specifically wind farms
- 4 projects are currently queued up to come into production
- 5 to add to that excess capacity, do you?
- 6 A. I don't have that--I don't have those figures
- 7 in front of me. That information is relatively readily
- 8 available. I just don't have it at my fingertips.
- 9 Q. Would you agree that those projects in
- 10 Klickitat County are substantial?
- 11 A. I would argue that any wind project with
- 12 approximately 100 megawatts or above is a relatively
- 13 substantial project. That's correct. It represents a
- 14 hundred million dollars plus investment, yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Carmody, this is starting
- to take significantly longer than the 15 minutes you had
- 17 reserved.
- 18 MR. CARMODY: Yes. Let me just double check
- 19 something. I think I am done.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Slothower, any questions?
- 21 MR. SLOTHOWER: We do not have any
- 22 questions.
- JUDGE TOREM: Thank you.
- Mr. Usibelli, there's really no way to
- redirect since you don't have an attorney so thank you.

- 1 Unless the Councilmembers have questions for you we will
- 2 be done. Let me poll the Council and see where we are.
- 3 Councilmember Johnson?
- 4 MS. JOHNSON: Yes. I would like to refer to
- 5 your testimony, your 60 supplemental.
- THE WITNESS: Yes.
- 7 MS. JOHNSON: On page 3 you talk about some
- 8 negative impacts are expected and acceptable. What do you
- 9 considerable acceptable negative impacts?
- 10 THE WITNESS: Well, I think as I stated
- 11 earlier I think there are no energy generating projects
- that don't have some negative consequences so there will
- certainly be impacts during the construction period. I
- think in general those could be--I'll use an example.
- 15 Those could be recognizing those impacts are there and
- there are ways to mitigate those types of impacts. So
- there might be, for example, slight erosion or something
- 18 like that. We need to make sure that you do the best that
- 19 you can to mitigate those impacts.
- I would also say as I've mentioned earlier
- 21 that there may be aesthetic issues with windmills as there
- are with any kind of a power plant. Do you actually want
- to see a coal-fired power plant, a gas generator, or a
- series of windmills? People will see those and those are
- I would argue that in this case that those are very real

- 1 impacts, but that they are relatively minor compared to
- 2 the environmental and energy values of such a project.
- 3 MS. JOHNSON: Thank you.
- 4 MR. SWEENEY: Help me out, Mr. Usibelli.
- 5 The county investor-owned utilities and publicly-owned
- 6 utilities how many electric providers are in the State of
- 7 Washington roughly?
- 8 THE WITNESS: The State of Washington has 63
- 9 utilities.
- 10 MR. SWEENEY: Can you tell me or at least in
- 11 ball park how many of those in acquiring resources either
- by mandate by their owners or by customers have to acquire
- some amount of alternative electricity as part of their
- 14 future portfolio?
- 15 THE WITNESS: Two parts to answer that. The
- 16 17 largest utilities in the state are required to offer an
- optional green-power purchase to their customers. So I
- 18 believe all of those in one form or another are purchasing
- 19 some alternative power on behalf of their customers.
- 20 Those are the 17 largest utilities representing over 80
- 21 percent of the total load in the state, and then I would
- 22 say the majority of the other utilities within the state
- are looking at acts, significant acts of conservation as
- 24 well as alternative resources.
- MR. SWEENEY: So what I heard is a quite bit

- of discussion about what are the future power needs for
- 2 this state and the region. Isn't there also an additional
- 3 sub-market demand for alternative electricity for
- 4 Washington utilities?
- 5 THE WITNESS: Absolutely.
- 6 MR. SWEENEY: How would you describe in a
- 7 supply-and-demand situation for that going forward?
- 8 THE WITNESS: It obviously one varies from
- 9 utility to utility. Some utilities are long in supply;
- some utilities are short in supply. For the utilities,
- 11 particularly some of the larger utilities that are short
- in supply, they've gone and I think you're familiar in
- wearing your other hat with the least cost integrated
- resource planning approach. In those they've determined
- that in many instances renewable resources such as wind
- 16 represent the least cost from an environmental and
- 17 economic cost resource for them to acquire and those
- 18 utilities are out acquiring those kinds of resources and
- 19 several wind farms have been developed or purchased by
- 20 Washington based utilities.
- 21 MR. SWEENEY: Now, going to the specific
- siting, and I don't want a long answer here, what
- 23 specifically given your information on the Kittitas Valley
- 24 Project make this site an attractive project?
- THE WITNESS: Well, two of the key facts

- 1 that are also pointed in the environmental impact
- 2 statement are good wind regime, sixteen miles an hour or
- 3 better. You have to have that or they aren't going to be
- 4 able to produce electricity and also one of the other
- 5 major factors is proximity to being able to move that
- 6 electricity with transmission lines, and this site as I
- 7 understand it has three high-voltage transmission lines
- 8 that are available there.
- 9 MR. SWEENEY: Thank you.
- 10 CHAIR LUCE: Mr. Usibelli, just a couple of
- 11 questions. Your testimony, if I read it correctly,
- 12 supports preemption in this case.
- THE WITNESS: It does, yes
- 14 CHAIR LUCE: And that's the position of the
- 15 Commerce, Trade, and Economic Development Agency.
- 16 THE WITNESS: As I said, that was our
- 17 position on preemption was approved by our director.
- 18 CHAIR LUCE: Thanks. And your position on
- 19 the specific siting will depend upon particular
- 20 characteristics of the site.
- 21 THE WITNESS: That's absolutely correct.
- 22 CHAIR LUCE: You're familiar with other
- energy projects throughout the State of Washington.
- 24 THE WITNESS: I am.
- 25 CHAIR LUCE: Are you familiar with the

- 1 Chehalis Gas Project, combined cycle gas turbine project?
- THE WITNESS: Yes, I am.
- 3 CHAIR LUCE: Would you characterize that as
- 4 being in an urban area with residences nearby?
- 5 THE WITNESS: I believe, if I'm recalling
- from years back on that, that's an industrial site, but it
- 7 is in a more urban area than I'd say this site is.
- 8 CHAIR LUCE: Are there residences nearby, do
- 9 you know, to your knowledge?
- 10 THE WITNESS: Yes, there are.
- 11 CHAIR LUCE: Would those be visually
- 12 impacted?
- THE WITNESS: Yes, they would.
- 14 CHAIR LUCE: Now, a couple of questions on
- the integrated system. There has been a lot of discussion
- about the Washington long or short relative to energy
- 17 supply situation. During the winter heating season are we
- an importer or an exporter of electricity?
- 19 THE WITNESS: In general, we are a net
- 20 importer of electricity.
- 21 CHAIR LUCE: During the summer there are
- 22 events at times when we are as a system in the State of
- Washington stretched in terms of the ability to provide
- 24 energy; is that correct?
- THE WITNESS: That is correct, yes.

- 1 CHAIR LUCE: Are you familiar with an event
- even this summer, July 28 I believe it was, during which
- 3 there was an issue regarding energy supply in the State of
- 4 Washington?
- 5 THE WITNESS: Yes. It was an issue related
- 6 not just to the State of Washington but certainly
- 7 throughout the West Coast.
- 8 CHAIR LUCE: Does that go to the notion that
- 9 we're an integrated system?
- 10 THE WITNESS: It absolutely does.
- 11 CHAIR LUCE: Could you describe that event
- and how close in your opinion we were to I'll call losing
- the system, others might say putting the lights out.
- 14 THE WITNESS: Essentially that event, to be
- very brief about it, they recorded record temperature
- 16 conditions in California well above 100 degrees that put
- major stress on their system. They had to draw on all of
- 18 the resources that they had available plus drawing on a
- 19 number of the resources from the Pacific Northwest. That
- 20 did put a strain on the Northwest system. I think people
- are still in the process of analyzing precisely what went
- 22 on and so forth. We were not in a situation where
- fortunately the lights went out. We were able to avoid
- that, but it did place the system in some concern that
- 25 they could have gone out and it also dramatically drove up

- 1 the slot price of electricity.
- 2 CHAIR LUCE: Just to meet the needs during
- 3 that period of time was it necessary to your knowledge to
- 4 draw additional water through the hydro system?
- 5 THE WITNESS: There was some additional
- 6 water drawn through the hydro system. I don't know the
- 7 magnitude of that.
- 8 CHAIR LUCE: Would that have any affect on
- 9 another part of the environment called fish?
- 10 THE WITNESS: It certainly could, given that
- 11 the summer period is when the region has federal mandates
- to provide certain levels of stream flow.
- 13 CHAIR LUCE: So in your opinion to the
- 14 general sense the addition of additional energy sources
- such as wind power or other renewable resources might take
- 16 pressure off the hydro system and better allow us to meet
- our other environmental needs for fish.
- 18 THE WITNESS: It certainly could, yes.
- 19 CHAIR LUCE: Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Other Councilmembers?
- 21 Councilmember Adelsman.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Mr. Usibelli, just to follow
- 23 up to Mr. Sweeney's question, how much of the region's
- 24 power need is expected to be met with conservation which
- is considered part of the green power?

- 1 THE WITNESS: That's correct. A significant
- 2 portion of the region.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Like what percent?
- 4 THE WITNESS: Boy, I don't know that I know
- off the top of my head what percentage. I guess I could
- 6 provide you with some historical information. If you look
- 7 over the last 20 years in the Pacific Northwest, not just
- 8 the State of Washington, and you look at all the resources
- 9 that have been brought on, if you view conservation as a
- 10 resource just as you would just a gas plant or wind or
- 11 something like that, the estimates are that about 25
- 12 percent of our needs, 20 to 25 percent of our needs were
- met by the conservation activities that we undertook over
- that 20-year period. I hope that gets to your questions.
- MS. ADELSMAN: I know there was some figures
- 16 given by the Northwest Power Conservation Council but you
- don't have those percentages.
- THE WITNESS: The historic percentage?
- 19 MS. ADELSMAN: No, I'm talking about--
- 20 THE WITNESS: That comes from them.
- MS. ADELSMAN: By 2020.
- 22 THE WITNESS: It is a significant number.
- 23 Again, I don't know it off the top of my head in
- 24 percentage terms, but they have identified that the major
- resource for the next 20 years for the region, the most

- 1 cost effective resource is additional investment in energy
- 2 efficiency. That's correct.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Thank you.
- 4 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, any other
- 5 questions?
- 6 All right. Seeing none, Mr. Usibelli, thank
- 7 you for your time. It is now--
- 8 Mr. Hurson.
- 9 MR. HURSON: Just a couple questions.
- JUDGE TOREM: I'm not sure that it's open to
- 11 recross. Is it something that the Councilmembers asked?
- MR. HURSON: I'm sorry. I thought you were
- 13 going to excuse Mr. Usibelli.
- 14 JUDGE TOREM: I was. I wanted to know
- why--I wasn't opening it to recross because there was no
- 16 redirect so I didn't want to bounce it back. Did you want
- 17 to comment on something that Councilmembers had that it
- 18 raised another question?
- MR. HURSON: Correct.
- JUDGE TOREM: Okay. I think given some of
- 21 the questions by Council that may be fair. If you can
- 22 keep it short because my intention is that it's now ten
- 23 minutes to 12:00. We do have witnesses calling in at one
- o'clock, and my intention is to move Mr. Bastasch to the
- 25 afternoon session and include him in that one o'clock

- 1 period, and I don't think there's going to be much in the
- 2 way of cross-examination for Mr. Erickson; so I would like
- 3 to get him on and off before lunch and we'll see if
- 4 Mr. Nierenberg can get put on, on and off before lunch in
- 5 that order.
- MR. HURSON: A couple questions.
- 7 CONTINUED CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 8 BY MR. HURSON:
- 9 Q. Mr. Sweeney asked a question about I quess
- 10 this check-off process.
- JUDGE TOREM: Go ahead.
- MS. ADELSMAN: There's a crisis here: food.
- JUDGE TOREM: They're worried about lunch.
- 14 I'll get them fed. You ask your question.
- MR. HURSON: This should literally not take
- 16 very long.
- 17 BY MR. HURSON:
- 18 Q. He'd asked about this check off. Something
- about the renewables and people have a check-off system
- 20 you said for producing.
- 21 A. What I was referring to that there is a
- 22 requirement for the largest utilities in the state of
- which currently there's 17 utilities I think. They have a
- 24 requirement to offer a green power purchase option to
- their customers, and as a result I believe all of those

- 1 utilities have acquired some amount of green power to meet
- 2 that requirement. Utilities have also acquired power to
- meet, renewable power to meet the base-load requirements
- 4 of all their customers.
- 5 Q. I guess as I understand the program you check
- 6 off and then the purchaser agrees to pay like ten percent
- 7 more on their utility bill.
- 8 A. It varies from less than one third of a cent
- 9 to approximately two cents depending on the utility.
- 10 Q. So they're checking if you're going to buy
- wind renewable energy you're paying more money.
- 12 A. Yes, from that point three to about two
- 13 cents.
- 14 Q. Then as far as CTED you're aware that CTED
- has a policy, for instance, governing state agencies
- 16 correspondence in the Growth Management Act, aren't you?
- 17 A. I'm sorry.
- 18 Q. Are you aware that CTED has principles
- 19 governing state agency correspondence in the Growth
- 20 Management Act?
- 21 A. I'm not familiar with the details of that.
- 22 Q. So you don't know what the policies or
- procedures are for your agency's comment on Growth
- 24 Management Act issues?
- 25 A. I do know they comment on Growth Management

- 1 Act issues, but I don't know the specifics.
- 2 Q. I'm asking you. You're aware that there's a
- 3 policy, principles governing the state agency
- 4 correspondence under the Growth Management Act. Correct?
- 5 A. I am, yes.
- 6 Q. Do you know what those policies are?
- 7 A. No, I do not.
- 8 Q. So you don't know if you have complied with
- 9 your state policies and whether you have the authority to
- speak on behalf of CTED, do you?
- 11 A. As I indicated with respect to growth
- management and preemption we consulted with our growth
- management group, and also that our position on preemption
- was approved by the director of our agency.
- 15 Q. Do you know if you've complied with your own
- other internal state guidelines on how you comment on
- 17 Growth Management Act issues?
- 18 A. Personally I do not.
- 19 Q. You do not. Do you know if CTED has ever
- sent any written correspondence to the County related to
- 21 preemption or growth management or its interplay?
- 22 A. I do know that the growth management in
- consultation with them has sent a number of comments, but
- I am not familiar with the substance of those comments.
- MR. HURSON: Thank you.

- JUDGE TOREM: Is there any other need for
- 2 recross of this witness?
- 3 All right. Seeing none, Mr. Usibelli,
- 4 you're excused. I would like to have Wally Erickson come
- forward and we'll swear you in. It's now about five
- 6 minutes to 12:00. For those that are worrying about
- 7 lunch, I'm not going to run anywhere past 12:15, although
- 8 we may end up having lunch down to essentially a half hour
- 9 plus 15 minutes to get in place for one o'clock.
- 10 (Wally Erickson sworn on oath.)
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, we're looking
- 12 at Exhibit 29 and then also 29-R. Those were both
- original prefiled by Erickson in 2004; is that correct?
- 14 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: Did you file supplemental
- 16 testimony this year?
- 17 THE WITNESS: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. The only scheduled
- 19 cross-examination that I have I believe is by Counsel for
- 20 the Environment.
- 21 Mr. Peeples, are you going to be moving the
- 22 admission of the exhibits?
- MR. PEEPLES: Yes.
- 24 JUDGE TOREM: He's been sworn and we've
- identified the exhibits as 29 and 29-R.

Page 673 1 (Exhibit Nos. 29.0, 29.1, and 29-R 2. identified for the record.) 3 WALLY ERICKSON, being first duly sworn on oath, 4 5 testified as follows 6 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION 8 BY MR. PEEPLES: You have those testimonies, do you not? you were asked all those questions would the answers be 10 11 same? 12 Α. Yes. MR. PEEPLES: Move for admission. 13 14 JUDGE TOREM: All those in favor? 15 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye. 16 JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed? (Exhibit Nos. 29.0, 29.1, and 29-R admitted 17 18 into evidence.) 19 JUDGE TOREM: All right. Mr. Tribble. 20 MR. TRIBBLE: I'll try to be as brief as 21 possible. 22 CROSS-EXAMINATION 23 BY MR. TRIBBLE: 24 Mr. Erickson, can you discuss the potential 25 threat that windmills in the Kittitas Valley Project would

- 1 have to avian species.
- 2 A. Well, with all wind projects impacts from
- 3 wind projects result in potential for collision with
- 4 turbines, collision with the moving blades. There's also
- 5 an impact on habitat direct loss of habitat from the
- 6 footprint of the facility, and then there's also some
- 7 potential for disturbance or displacement of avian
- 8 species.
- 9 Q. Are you concerned about any of the species
- 10 known to inhabit the area? Are you concerned about
- 11 mortality?
- 12 A. I guess we in our testimony we provided
- predictions of what those levels of mortality would be.
- 14 If the concern is over individual bird mortality, if
- that's what you're asking, do we have a concern over
- individual bird mortality, I would say that--let me
- 17 clarify. There will be some bird mortality. There is a
- 18 potential for mortality to one listed species, the bald
- 19 eagle. So I guess my concern would primarily be in that
- 20 area.
- Q. What type of specific mitigation measures are
- 22 put in place, suggested to be put in place for this
- 23 project that would affect this?
- 24 A. The biggest one is the acquisition of
- 25 habitat. The Applicant has--

- 1 Q. If you just limit the scope to avian
- 2 mortality.
- 3 A. Okay. I'll do that. I mean the application
- 4 of habitat could be construed as potential mitigation for
- 5 mortality because if you're improving habitat for birds on
- 6 that site you may be improving the production of those
- 7 birds. You might be increasing the abundance of those
- 8 birds and that would be a potential mitigation for some of
- 9 the mortality.
- 10 But as far as the other measures that are in
- 11 place the Applicant has agreed to use unguyed
- meteorological towers. The permanent met towers that are
- going to be on site will be unguyed. We've done research
- in some other projects and notice met towers have actually
- 15 higher mortality than some of the wind turbines or most of
- the wind turbines on a particular site in Wyoming.
- 17 Other measures to reduce or mitigate
- mortality I think the reduction in the number of turbines
- 19 from the original design should result in fewer
- 20 fatalities. I don't know if it's directly considered
- 21 mitigation, but the Applicant has proposed a technical
- 22 advisory committee using a similar model to Wild Horse for
- evaluating monitoring data that comes in, and if any sort
- of unique or something comes up that wasn't anticipated
- 25 that the TAC can make recommendations to you, the Council,

- on additional mitigation measures that may be necessary.
- Q. In your testimony on page 7, and this is your
- direct testimony, you discuss particular threat to two
- 4 species, do you know?
- 5 A. I do.

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- 6 0. What are those?
- 7 Α. Basically there has been--my testimony 8 suggests there won't be any population-level consequences 9 for the species expected to be impacted. For example, the two raptor species that are likely to be the most common 10 11 fatality is red-tailed hawk and American kestrel. 12 two species are two of the most common raptor species in the U.S. There are estimates of several hundred thousand 13 to a million birds across the U.S. Our mortality 14 15 estimates are less than six or so raptors per yer for the project, and so generally speaking we don't anticipate any 16 population-level consequences. No population-level 17 consequences have been documented at any other wind 18 19 project.
 - Q. When you say these fatality rates or even significantly higher fatality rates would not be expected to have population-consequences for the likely species impacted when you're talking about population level consequences in what zone are we talking about, physical?
- 25 A. It really--really people define

- 1 populations--you can't define population levels
- 2 differently. If you defined a population as a very
- 3 localized population, say if you drove all the way around
- 4 the wind project, I would say that that's not the typical
- 5 approach. I mean you're typically talking about a
- 6 biological population. So red-tailed hawks on the other
- 7 side of the Cascades or red-tail hawks--that's one way to
- 8 do it. Another way would be red-tailed hawks across North
- 9 America.
- JUDGE TOREM: Why don't you just tell us how
- 11 you did when you answer the question.
- 12 THE WITNESS: Basically we were thinking of
- something larger than a local population, larger than if
- 14 you drew the boundary around a wind project which doesn't
- 15 have any really biological basis.
- 16 JUDGE TOREM: Is there a particular
- 17 ecosystem you were looking at? Was there a range within
- this side of the Cascades out to Spokane? Or give me an
- 19 idea on the boundaries so that it will answer
- 20 Mr. Tribble's question.
- 21 THE WITNESS: Generally speaking you're
- typically thinking about the Columbia Basin or Eastern
- 23 Oregon, Washington.
- 24 BY MR. TRIBBLE:
- Q. On page 8 of your testimony states, "Based on

- 1 the results of studies of other wind projects in the west,
- 2 we expect approximately two bat fatalities per turbine per
- 3 year, with most of the fatalities consisting of hoary and
- 4 silver-haired bats." What were the specific other wind
- 5 projects in the west that you're referring to?
- A. At the time it was the Vancycle Wind Project,
- 7 the Foot Creek Rim project in Wyoming, Buffalo Ridge, a
- 8 Minnesota wind project. Those were projects that been had
- 9 been completed and had fatality information at those
- 10 sites. They were new generation facilities.
- 11 Q. In studies at those other projects was there
- also similar to this project very little information
- available with regard to bat populations?
- 14 A. Did you say bat populations?
- 15 O. Yes.
- 16 A. Yes. Basically in those studies there was
- 17 little pre-project data collected on bats.
- 18 Q. And you have found across the board two bat
- 19 fatalities per year per project.
- 20 A. It ranged from one to three roughly speaking,
- 21 but it was a relatively consistent number at those
- 22 projects.
- 23 Q. Did you analyze the specific topography for
- bat habitat on a project-by-project basis?
- 25 A. In some sense, yes. The Foot Creek Rim

- 1 Project is an example where it's located in shrub-steppe
- 2 habitat near the Snowy Range. In the north end of the
- 3 Snowy Range Mountain Range has two great corridors on
- 4 either side. I would say it's probably similar in
- topography, somewhat similar in topography and sort of the
- 6 habitat types in the area. Buffalo Ridge Minnesota is
- 7 more of an agricultural area, but it is located in an area
- 8 with water sources. It's in the prairie pothole region.
- 9 The other thing that we considered in the
- 10 estimation of anticipated impacts to bats is the fact that
- 11 the fatalities that have occurred at these other projects
- 12 have been during fall migration. The bat fatalities
- almost exclusively have occurred during fall migration.
- We believe that they're migrant bats, not local resident
- 15 bats, and technologies to try to study migrant bat
- populations are very undeveloped; and so that was another
- 17 reason why we focused on using existing information which
- is a typical approach at a lot of these projects.
- 19 Q. Let's talk about monitoring. Your testimony
- 20 talks about when you talk about impacts to various species
- 21 that monitoring will provide direct measures for mortality
- rates; is that correct?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. What's the scope of monitoring that you would
- 25 recommend?

I would stick with I believe the Wild Horse 1 Α. 2. monitoring project is a good model. That is a minimum of two years of fatality monitoring, and, you know, it's 3 fatality searches on a systematic basis at turbines. 4 5 studies to understand how well people pick up carcasses to б do trials to determine whether people have a 50 percent 7 chance, 25 percent chance, 75 percent chance of finding carcasses. You also do carcass removal studies, and those 8 9 are studies where you're placing carcasses in the field, fresh carcasses to try to get a handle on how quickly 10 11 scavengers remove carcasses, and those are two 12 The search efficiency and the scavenging are adjustments. 13 applied to what you find to come up with these estimates.

I think, again, the Wild Horse model is a good example, a good approach. The typical monitoring at these projects—and the Wild Horse is an example. The State Line Project is another example that's used this sort of the model—you collect information on one or two years initially standardized fatality monitoring and then if nothing unique shows up, you might go towards only an incidental monitoring system for the life of the project.

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These projects do have this incidental monitoring system in place where you're monitoring large events. It's a self-reporting system similar to what you have in the electric utility power lines. But that's done

- 1 for the life of the project. So for large raptors,
- 2 eagles, things like that that sort of system is pretty
- good to be able to document that sort of large bird
- 4 mortality. For small birds it's not an effective tool,
- 5 long-term tool for estimating fatality rates with the
- 6 incidental monitoring system.
- 7 Q. If bird mortality was a higher rate than
- 8 expected for a particular turbine, particular string, or a
- 9 particular time of year to a particular turbine string
- that was recognized, what would you recommend?
- 11 A. It would really depend on the species.
- 12 Initially and, you know, higher than expected I would
- 13 still want to look at whether it's at a level of concern.
- 14 So is it higher than was expected but is it at a level of
- 15 concern and is it involving species that people are maybe
- 16 more concerned with than others; for example, bald eagle,
- golden eagle, things like that. I would recommended that
- 18 the TAC look at the information and determine whether
- 19 there's a cause. One of the things we've done when those
- sort of events occur is that you maybe provide a more
- 21 detailed monitoring program for those affected turbines
- and then look at that information, maybe monitor for an
- 23 extra year at those sites and make some decisions on
- 24 whether you should mitigate for them in some way; where at
- 25 State Line, for example, because of some of the raptor

- 1 mortality, nest sites, nest platforms have been used to
- 2 create nesting habitat away from the wind project. But
- 3 I'd leave it up to the TAC. I think the TAC and EFSEC has
- 4 the ability to propose changes, increase mitigation if
- 5 that occurs.
- 6 Q. Still on page 8 near the bottom you state,
- 7 "Construction impacts to wintering big game are expected
- 8 to be low, given that most of the heavy construction such
- 9 as road and foundation construction will occur outside the
- 10 critical winter months." Was the rest of your testimony
- along with this section under the assumption that the
- heavy construction would occur outside the winter months?
- 13 A. Yes.
- MR. TRIBBLE: Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Carmody, do you have any
- 16 questions that are for this witness?
- MR. CARMODY: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: I'll ask the Councilmembers.
- 19 Councilmember Wilson?
- MS. WILSON: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Adelsman?
- MS. ADELSMAN: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Towne?
- MS. TOWNE: Yes. I wonder, Mr. Erickson,
- 25 could you give us an update on the habitat conservation

- 1 plan. Is it still--
- THE WITNESS: It's in the office of Fish and
- Wildlife Service. Frank Curves I talked to him recently
- 4 at the Wild Horse Technical Advisory Meeting. He
- 5 basically said that he does not have the staff right now,
- 6 and this is a low priority for him right now. Part of the
- 7 reason I think he says that is bald eagles have been
- 8 proposed for delisting for quite some time, and I think
- 9 it's my opinion that the data supports delisting. It's
- just that it hasn't been done yet. So I think that's part
- of the hold up. Plus I think Fish and Wildlife Service
- 12 staff is overextended and hasn't been able to get at it.
- 13 MS. TOWNE: Thank you. Starting at the
- bottom of page 1 of your rebuttal testimony, you're
- responding to some comments from--anyway you distinguish
- 16 between research for abundance and population
- 17 characteristics versus designing a project to minimize or
- 18 reduce risks. Can you elaborate a little bit on that. I
- 19 hadn't seen that distinction before.
- THE WITNESS: Well, we are not enumerating
- 21 exactly how many red-tailed hawks, for example, are in the
- 22 project area. The difficulty with that is you're dealing
- with both resident birds and in the wintertime migrant
- 24 birds have come in from other places. During the
- 25 migration season you have birds passing over the site on

- 1 their migration to other places.
- 2 So what we do is we generate metric,
- 3 standardized metrics which is the number of red-tailed
- 4 hawk observations per 20-minute survey and compare that to
- 5 other sites. Those are, again, the distinction we don't
- 6 have absolute numbers of red-tailed hawks that are in the
- 7 area.
- Now, for breeding red-tailed hawks we do
- 9 have some information that might be tied more to abundance
- 10 which would be nest density. We did aerials, helicopter
- aerial surveys of red-tailed hawk nests within two miles
- of the project and identified six active red-tailed hawk
- nests. So I would say at least that component is more of
- 14 a direct measure of abundance. But these other measures
- we see a bird one day week one and we see them again on
- 16 week two. We don't know if that's the same bird or not.
- 17 So we can't enumerate exactly how many red-tailed hawks
- are unique red-tailed hawks being there.
- MS. TOWNE: So assuming there are red-tailed
- 20 hawks what do you do with the design to minimize risk to
- 21 that hawk or those hawks?
- THE WITNESS: Yes. Well, one thing we can
- do is, for example, the nesting data. The monitoring plan
- and mitigation plan proposes to do an additional nest
- search. We've identified where the nests are so far, but

- 1 those change over time. The plan is to go out and redo
- 2 that survey and to identify nests within close proximity
- 3 to construction areas. For example, you'd limit
- 4 construction during the breeding season. So that's one
- 5 way of doing it, one way of using the information.
- Another way of using it is to look at the
- 7 flight paths of the red-tailed hawks and that information
- 8 generally has supported putting the turbines on the top of
- 9 the ridge line and not on the windward side of the ridge
- 10 line. Because the general raptor behavior is the use of
- 11 updrafts along ridge lines. So if you have westerly winds
- and northwest winds, you tend to be concentrated on the
- west or the windward side of ridge lines and that's
- another way that could be used to minimize the impact.
- MS. TOWNE: Thank you. That's helpful.
- 16 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers to my left any
- 17 questions?
- 18 All right. Seeing none, any there other
- 19 redirect or recross for this witness?
- MR. PEEPLES: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. It's now 12:15.
- 22 So we've kept my promise. Thank you, counsel.
- 23 Mr. Erickson, you're excused. I believe before we break
- 24 for lunch we do have a one o'clock call-in for the
- remaining two witnesses. That's Mr. Sterzinger and

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1 Mr. Jorgensen. My hope is Mr. Nierenberg we'll get you on
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- 2 in that grouping immediately following them. The promise
- 3 at least the listing of predictions to be brief.
- 4 Mr. Bastasch, if we can fit you in at one
- 5 o'clock, great; otherwise, you will likely be at the three
- 6 o'clock time. If you want to work that out with
- 7 Mr. Peeples as to specific times, I will take Mr. Peeples'
- 8 consideration after lunch.
- 9 If you have any further input on the site
- 10 visit get that to Allen Fiksdal right now. Irina Makarow
- is going to be busy getting our phone set up at one
- 12 o'clock, and we'll come back and finalize that at some
- point on the record this afternoon. Thank you. We're
- 14 adjourned until one o'clock.
- 15 (Lunch recess taken from 12:16 p.m. to 1:10
- 16 p.m.)
- 17 (George Sterzinger appearing by telephone.)
- JUDGE TOREM: It's now almost ten minutes
- 19 after 1:00. We're continuing the Kittitas Valley Wind
- 20 Power Project adjudication this afternoon on Wednesday,
- 21 September 20. This afternoon's session is mainly
- 22 telephonic witnesses after some short technical
- explanations which we never would have guessed we now have
- the conference line working.
- This is Administrative Law Judge Adam Torem,

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and the entire Council that was present at the last two
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- 2 and a half days is now reassembled here at Central
- 3 Washington University's Student Union building in Room
- 4 301, the board room. Certain members of the intervening
- 5 parties indicated they would not be here this afternoon,
- 6 but the Applicant is here with the witnesses as scheduled
- 7 calling in on the phone. There are also two carryover
- 8 witnesses from this morning that we will be using. At
- 9 this point Tim McMahan is going to bringing in the
- 10 testimony of Mr. George Sterzinger. He's on the line.
- 11 Mr. Sterzinger, can you hear me?
- MR. STERZINGER: I can.
- 13 JUDGE TOREM: Knowing that this is a
- telephonic conference and it's going to be a little bit
- difficult, I'm going to hopefully have only one person
- talking at a time and you'll be able to hear them clearly.
- 17 If by any stretch of the imagination there's an objection
- this afternoon and you hear it, just wait and let us
- discuss it, rule on it, and then continue with your
- 20 testimony as dictated by the ruling. I know I think
- 21 you're in New York; is that right?
- 22 MR. STERZINGER: Washington, D.C.
- JUDGE TOREM: Washington, D.C. Well, long
- 24 distance raise your right hand.
- MR. STERZINGER: I got it raised.

- 1 JUDGE TOREM: I think you're still by
- 2 telephone within my jurisdiction for the oath.
- 3 (George Sterzinger sworn on oath.)
- 4 JUDGE TOREM: I'm going to have Mr. Tim
- 5 McMahan on behalf of the applicant go through and identify
- 6 which exhibits you're offering and the testimony and then
- 7 Mr. James Hurson is going to switch places with him and do
- 8 the cross-examination as scheduled.
- 9 MR. McMAHAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 10 GEORGE STERZINGER
- 11 being first duly sworn on oath,
- 12 testified as follows:

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- 14 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 15 BY MR. McMAHAN:
- Q. Mr. Sterzinger, Tim McMahan here. Are you
- familiar with Exhibit No. 35 called Applicant's prefiled
- direct testimony with Witness No. 16, George Sterzinger?
- 19 (Exhibit Nos. 35.0 and 35.1 identified for
- 20 the record.)
- 21 A. Yes, I am.
- 22 Q. Is that your testimony?
- 23 A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Is there anything in that testimony that has
- changed or that you need to amend since its writing?

- 1 A. No.
- 2 Q. Are you prepared to answer any questions
- 3 regarding that testimony?
- 4 A. Yes, I am.
- 5 MR. McMAHAN: I would move for admission of
- 6 that exhibit, Your Honor, plus the attachments as well as
- 7 the documents that are referenced there on Page 2.
- JUDGE TOREM: And the documents you're
- 9 referencing on page 2 are the ones that are contained in
- 10 the Application for site certification.
- 11 MR. McMAHAN: As well as the clarification
- information Attachment 10.
- 13 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, do you
- understand the exhibits accompanying and supporting
- 15 Exhibit 35 that are being offered? Any questions?
- Seeing none, all Councilmembers in favor of
- admitting this to the record?
- 18 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
- 19 JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed?
- 20 (Exhibit Nos. 35.0 and 35.1 identified into
- 21 the record.)
- JUDGE TOREM: Thank you, Mr. McMahan.
- 23 Mr. Sterzinger, hang on the line. We're just going to
- switch places and have Mr. Hurson come to ask you his
- 25 cross examination.

- 1 THE WITNESS: All right.
- 2 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 3 BY MR. HURSON:
- 4 Q. Actually I just have a couple questions.
- 5 Your testimony relates just to kind of a generalized
- 6 discussion of property values impacts.
- 7 A. The affect of wind development, of past wind
- 8 development projects on property values.
- 9 Q. You haven't done any assessment on values on
- 10 Kittitas County though.
- 11 A. No, I have not.
- 12 Q. Have you been to Kittitas County?
- 13 A. No.
- Q. Do you know where Kittitas County is?
- 15 A. It's in the State of Washington in the
- 16 eastern part of the state.
- 17 Q. Other than that do you have any other frame
- 18 of reference?
- 19 A. No, not really.
- MR. HURSON: Okay. Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: I see that Mr. Ed Garrett is
- 22 here on behalf of ROKT this afternoon and he's informed
- me, Mr. Garrett, correct me if I'm wrong, that your
- 24 attorney Jamie Carmody is not going to attend this
- afternoon's session and that therefore you're not

- 1 attempting to ask any questions to applicants so therefore
- 2 ROKT waives its cross.
- 3 MR. GARRETT: Yes.
- 4 JUDGE TOREM: So that's all the parties
- 5 cross-examination, Mr. Sterzinger. Let me see if
- 6 Mr. McMahan has any redirect and then I'll shift to the
- 7 Council. I'll poll Councilmembers. Mr. McMahan is
- 8 shaking his head that he'd rather have me do that first.
- 9 Councilmember Wilson?
- MS. WILSON: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Johnson?
- MS. JOHNSON: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Towne?
- MS. TOWNE: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Fryhling?
- MR. FRYHLING: No.
- MS. ADELSMAN: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Adelsman, no.
- 19 Sweeney?
- MR. SWEENEY: No.
- 21 JUDGE TOREM: Chairman Luce?
- 22 CHAIR LUCE: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Well, Mr. Sterzinger it was
- 24 nice speaking to you to get our phone off the ground here
- 25 today, but I think you are now free to go back to your

- 1 business there at the end of the day in Washington, D.C.
- THE WITNESS: All right. Thank you very
- 3 much.
- 4 JUDGE TOREM: All right. Thank you, sir. I
- 5 believe we are waiting for Jorgensen to call in and,
- 6 Mr. Jorgensen, are are on the line?
- 7 MR. PEEPLES: What I suggest is that ROKT
- 8 was the only party that was going to cross-examine Henrik
- 9 Jorgensen who's calling in from Denmark, Michael Bernay,
- and then Dan Kammen, and I would move to be allowed to do
- 11 those by declaration and dispense with it.
- 12 JUDGE TOREM: All right. In the meantime
- 13 I'm going to ask for us to arrange a seating arrangement.
- 14 Maybe I could have the Councilmembers on this side or
- 15 Ms. Adelsman maybe you could switch places and move down.
- I'll put a witness here and an attorney here and take care
- of Mr. Nierenberg's testimony next.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Sure.
- JUDGE TOREM: While we're setting that up
- let me see if I can look and summarize the testimony.
- Mr. Peeples, Mr. Jorgensen's testimony was going to be on
- the tower and turbine safety.
- MR. PEEPLES: Mechanical design.
- 24 JUDGE TOREM: His exhibits were No. 37.
- MR. PEEPLES: I believe so. I have them

- 1 here.
- JUDGE TOREM: I don't see any supplemental
- 3 testimony that was filed.
- 4 MR. PEEPLES: There is no supplemental
- 5 testimony.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, I don't recall
- 7 that this body had any presubmitted questions to me in
- 8 cross-examination for Mr. Jorgensen on tower and turbine
- 9 safety and engineering. Are any other parties present
- that would object to using the affidavit procedure for
- 11 Mr. Jorgensen assuming he doesn't call in? Are there any
- 12 other cross-examination questions?
- Seeing none, Councilmembers, is there any
- 14 need to have Mr. Jorgensen available if for some reason he
- doesn't call in? Do we need to make alternate
- arrangements or are you comfortable with an affidavit?
- 17 COUNCILMEMBERS: Affidavit.
- JUDGE TOREM: All those in favor of bringing
- in Exhibit 37 by affidavit say aye.
- 20 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye
- JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed?
- Seeing none, Mr. Peeples, please let me know
- if you need an extension of the next Friday's deadline if
- you want to bring that in. If you want to submit a fax
- copy first given the international, we'll substitute

- 1 evidence if you can get it faxed in by Friday.
- MR. PEEPLES: Thank you. Maybe just PDF it
- 3 in. Could we ask for the same thing of Bernay and Kammen
- 4 and have them released so they don't have to call in? We
- 5 can call them right now.
- JUDGE TOREM: Exhibit 38 and Exhibit 39.
- 7 First, Mr. Bernay's Exhibit 38 is wind farm related risk
- from an insurance perspective. I think we heard the same
- 9 witness for those that participated in the Wild Horse
- 10 proceeding. It's Exhibit 38 and there is no supplemental
- 11 testimony.
- 12 Mr. Kammen's is a wind farm risk analysis,
- and that's Exhibit 39, and it has some attachments to it
- 14 with some studies that I believe was a--39-1 was his
- resume, but 39-2--oh, I thought there was another one
- there.
- 17 MR. PEEPLES: I don't think so. I think he
- just had the resume, Your Honor.
- 19 MS. WILSON: 39-2 is an analysis of
- 20 potential risks.
- 21 JUDGE TOREM: The resume runs for several
- 22 pages and it was updated in 2003, but this one is, yes, a
- four or five page document about safety risks and I think
- it addresses things such as ice throw and figuring how far
- it might go.

- 1 So, Councilmembers, with that in mind let me
- 2 again survey the parties that are in attendance this
- 3 afternoon for Mr. Bernay, Exhibit 38; Mr. Kammen, Exhibit
- 4 39. Are there any objections to those coming in by
- 5 affidavit?
- JUDGE TOREM: Seeing none, Councilmembers,
- 7 do you have any objections to them coming in by affidavit?
- 8 COUNCILMEMBERS: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. Then a motion has
- 10 been made by the Applicant for your consideration. May
- Exhibits 37, 38, and 39--we've already addressed 37--so
- just 38 and 39 come in by affidavit? All those in favor?
- 13 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
- 14 JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed?
- 15 All right. Then 38 and 39 may come in by
- 16 affidavit as well. At this time let me direct
- 17 Councilmembers to turn back to Exhibit 26 and I'll ask
- 18 Mr. Nierenberg to take this seat between Councilmembers
- 19 Fryhling and Sweeney, neither of which have shown any
- 20 propensity to bite people in the past.
- 21 CHAIR LUCE: Lunch was a little short, you
- 22 know.
- JUDGE TOREM: But we did cut their lunch
- hour so we'll see what happens.
- 25 MR. PEEPLES: Just a second.

Page 696 1 JUDGE TOREM: You take your time and when 2. you're ready, we'll swear in Mr. Nierenberg at that 3 moment. MR. PEEPLES: Thank you for that 5 Mr. Nierenberg--6 JUDGE TOREM: Let me swear him in and then 7 we'll go from there. 8 MR. PEEPLES: Excuse me. (Ron Nierenberg sworn on oath.) 9 JUDGE TOREM: Again, thank you for 10 11 accommodating the shift of your testimony after lunch. 12 Mr. Peeples. 13 RON NIERENBERG, 14 being first duly sworn on oath, testified as follows: 15 16 17 DIRECT EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. PEEPLES: 19 You've reviewed your testimony which is 20 Exhibit No. 26. Correct? (Exhibit Nos. 26.0 and 26.1 identified for 21 22 the record.) 23 Α. Yes. 24 Here's a copy you can have in front of you if you have any questions. If I asked you all those 25

- 1 questions, would those be your answers?
- 2 A. Yes, they would.
- 3 MR. PEEPLES: I move the entry of that
- 4 document. I believe his resume is attached to that I
- 5 believe is the only exhibit. Let me double check over
- 6 here.
- JUDGE TOREM: You're correct.
- 8 Councilmembers, the motion before you is to
- 9 take Exhibit 26 into the record.
- 10 Is there any parties that have opposition to
- 11 Mr. Nierenberg's testimony coming in?
- 12 All those in favor?
- 13 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
- JUDGE TOREM: Opposed?
- 15 All right. Exhibit 26 and its supporting
- 16 resume document is also admitted to the record.
- 17 (Exhibit Nos. 26.0 and 26.1 admitted into
- 18 evidence.)
- 19 JUDGE TOREM: Cross-exam is scheduled for--
- MR. PEEPLES: I think the only person, the
- only party to cross-exam was going to be ROKT and their
- 22 attorney is not here.
- JUDGE TOREM: Counsel for the Environment I
- believe also has potential questions and he's right behind
- 25 you.

- 1 MR. TRIBBLE: I am going to reserve pending
- 2 questions by the Council.
- MR. PEEPLES: I'm sorry. On the list I had
- 4 him marked off. I can't keep them straight anymore.
- JUDGE TOREM: Council, I know in regards to
- 6 the weather. Right? Mr. Bastasch is noise. As to
- 7 weather I don't remember if there were any specific
- 8 questions.
- 9 Councilmember Wilson?
- MS. WILSON: I didn't turn in all my
- 11 questions in advance.
- JUDGE TOREM: That's all right.
- MS. WILSON: I had a question regarding the
- 14 statement on page 8, line 22. You want me to ask about
- 15 19?
- MS. TOWNE: No, same paragraph.
- 17 MS. WILSON: Same paragraph. And it's
- 18 relative to the--
- 19 MR. PEEPLES: May I look over my witness's
- shoulder or can I look at yours? Thank you.
- 21 MS. WILSON: It says based on your
- 22 experience in prospecting the State of Washington there
- are fewer than six economically viable and developable
- 24 sites. Could you further explain to me what makes the
- site economically developable for larger than 50

- 1 megawatts?
- THE WITNESS: Well, you need a combination
- of maybe three elements. One is, of course, land that has
- 4 a wind resource that's adequate. Typically we're looking
- 5 at a 16-mile-an-hour annual average as being adequate, but
- 6 that's not written in stone. It depends on elevation.
- 7 For instance, a site of 10,000 feet where the air density
- 8 is lower would need a higher wind resource. Generally we
- 9 have to be within a few miles of a power line that can
- 10 take the power to an area where it's needed. So that's
- 11 sort of a second constraint, and then, you know, the other
- 12 constraints, of course, is that it's an environmentally
- acceptable area. But from my perspective the main thing
- 14 would be the wind resource.
- MS. WILSON: As I recall, I think it was you
- 16 who did studies on where wind was available for
- 17 16-mile-an-hour winds 12 months out of the year, type of
- 18 thing.
- 19 THE WITNESS: Yes, here and throughout the
- 20 county and throughout the state.
- 21 MS. WILSON: This site in Kittitas County is
- 22 it the only site in Kittitas County that meets this
- 23 qualification that is not yet developed?
- 24 THE WITNESS: Oh, that is not yet developed.
- Well, with the caveat of the 50 megawatts it's certainly

- 1 the best of the sites that are remaining, and it may be
- 2 the only site possibly as well. I'm dancing a little bit
- 3 because I work for two other clients who have potential
- 4 projects here and I'm bound by confidentiality agreements
- 5 with them, but I would say it's the remote possibility
- that there's a second site, but I'm not certain.
- 7 MS. WILSON: Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Nierenberg, when you
- 9 answered is that recognizing that the Wild Horse Project
- is already built?
- 11 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: Would the Wild Horse Project
- be considered a better site than what's been explained to
- 14 you for the Kittitas Valley site?
- 15 THE WITNESS: Yes, it's slightly better.
- 16 JUDGE TOREM: And that's based on the wind
- 17 resource alone.
- 18 THE WITNESS: Yes. Based strictly on, yes,
- 19 energy production at the potential wind speeds.
- JUDGE TOREM: So that's not taking into
- 21 account whether there is transmission lines closer or
- 22 father away from any particular wind resource.
- THE WITNESS: I don't really know the exact
- 24 distances of the facility power line at Wild Horse. I
- know it's relatively close as is the one with Kittitas.

- 1 So it's really looking at the wind resource.
- 2 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Johnson.
- 3 MS. JOHNSON: When you were talking about
- 4 the other sites that are available in Kittitas County and
- 5 you were led to believe that are permitted is that taking
- 6 into consideration the two that have been applied for
- 7 already in Kittitas County, and the one that we know is
- 8 coming in or are you talking that there is also another
- 9 site?
- 10 THE WITNESS: Well, the sites that I'm
- thinking of are the Desert Claim, and there's a site that
- 12 people are looking at fairly close to Wild Horse that's
- sometimes called Vantage, but it's really just sort of
- down the hill and below Wild Horse.
- 15 MS. JOHNSON: All right. Thank you.
- 16 JUDGE TOREM: Other Councilmembers questions
- for Mr. Nierenberg on the meteorological data?
- 18 MS. TOWNE: Just a follow-up question. In
- 19 your response to inquiry from the Council you said that
- land with a 16-mile-per-hour average is a primary criteria
- 21 threshold.
- THE WITNESS: Yes,
- MS. TOWNE: That's average. On line 16,
- right after that you say a site must have an average wind
- speed of at least 16 miles per hour, and then you say a

- 1 site with wind speed of 15 miles per hour I'm presuming
- 2 that means average.
- THE WITNESS: That would be an annual
- 4 average, right. And that's also at hub height where the
- 5 center line of the turbine is.
- 6 MR. FRYHLING: I have a very simplistic
- 7 question. If you were to evaluate the Kittitas Valley
- 8 Wind Site and we did it on a scale of one to ten and this
- 9 one was the worst and ten was the best would this be a 7,
- 10 8, 9, 10? Is this a 10 site?
- 11 THE WITNESS: In the context of the world,
- the nation, or the county?
- MR. FRYHLING: In Kittitas County.
- 14 THE WITNESS: Oh, well, I suppose in
- 15 Kittitas County, Wild Horse would be a 10 maybe and
- 16 Kittitas or--what is it called?
- 17 MR. FRYHLING: Kittitas Valley.
- 18 THE WITNESS: Kittitas Valley might be an 8.
- 19 MR. FRYHLING: Thank you.
- 20 JUDGE TOREM: Other Councilmembers? All
- 21 right. Let me see if we have other cross-examination. It
- was reserved by Counsel for the Environment. Would you
- like to ask any questions, sir?
- MR. TRIBBLE: One follow-up question.
- 25 ///

1 CROSS-EXAMINATION

- 2 BY MR. TRIBBLE:
- 3 Q. In the context of the Western United States
- 4 what would you characterize this on a scale of one to ten?
- 5 A. Oh, it would be in the middle range. Maybe a
- 6 five. You know, are you including Texas in the Western
- 7 United States?
- 8 Q. Only the states that are hooked up to the
- 9 western grid.
- 10 A. I don't know if Texas where it falls. If we
- 11 exclude Texas maybe then we're really at a five or maybe
- 12 even a high five. Texas would push us down because
- there's huge resources in Texas.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Hurson, you're indicating
- 15 a desire to ask a few questions?
- MR. HURSON: Yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: I know you weren't on the
- 18 list. Are there any strong objections?
- 19 MR. PEEPLES: I'll object.
- JUDGE TOREM: On what basis: just that he
- 21 hasn't--
- 22 MR. PEEPLES: He has not reserved cross.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Hurson, did something come
- 24 up today that raises something?
- MR. HURSON: Response to the questions from

- 1 the Councilmember.
- JUDGE TOREM: Seeing that you couldn't
- anticipate, then I'll hopefully limit the scope and
- 4 overrule the objection.
- 5 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 6 BY MR. HURSON:
- 7 Q. Your testimony indicated that there were six
- 8 other economically viable sites in the state.
- 9 MR. PEEPLES: I'm going to object. That was
- 10 already in the testimony.
- 11 MR. HURSON: Just clarifying.
- 12 BY MR. HURSON:
- 13 Q. Is Desert Claim a viable site in the state?
- MR. PEEPLES: Again, that was within the
- 15 testimony.
- JUDGE TOREM: I'm going to allow it,
- 17 Mr. Peeples.
- MR. PEEPLES: Okay.
- 19 A. I'm on very shaky ground here because that's
- 20 a client that I have. I'm not an economist. I don't
- 21 think it's a viable site, but there are other people that
- think it is, and it's hard to answer that question without
- knowing, you know, what kind of power purchase agreement
- they might obtain, you know, which determines how much
- 25 they get paid per kilowatt hour. So without knowing that

- 1 half of the equation, it's hard to give you a definitive
- 2 yes or no.
- 3 Q. Is the Invenergy site an economically viable
- 4 site?
- 5 A. I don't know that there is an Invenergy site.
- 6 Q. That's the one near Vantage.
- 7 A. I heard that they just lost their lease out
- 8 there so I don't know if that's true or not.
- 9 CHAIR LUCE: Could you repeat that, please.
- 10 Just lost a what?
- 11 THE WITNESS: A land lease.
- 12 CHAIR LUCE: Oh, okay.
- 13 BY MR. HURSON:
- 14 Q. That's a rumor.
- 15 A. Yes, I would characterize that as a rumor.
- Q. Are you aware that DNR just issued a SEPA
- 17 notice last week regarding the leases on the property for
- 18 that particular site?
- 19 A. I'm not aware of that.
- 20 Q. So you don't really have any specific
- 21 first-hand information regarding the leases and the
- distance of leases or any of that.
- A. No, not per se.
- Q. So you don't know if Invenergy is a viable
- 25 site or not.

- 1 A. It depends on how--you know, it depends on a
- 2 lot of variables that are outside the realm of
- meteorology, but it's possible it could be viable; but it
- 4 may not exceed say a 50-megawatt threshold and developers
- 5 typically are not developing anything under about 100
- 6 megawatts. It puts it into a sort of gray area in terms
- 7 of viability.
- 8 Q. So for you to reach a generalization of there
- 9 only being six sites that may be your perspective but
- 10 others could differ.
- 11 A. Yes, and six is an approximate number. It's
- 12 not written in stone. It could be seven. It could be
- 13 five.
- Q. But to actually figure out whether a site is
- viable or not you need to have I understand wind farm
- 16 companies do a lot of meteorological data backup.
- 17 A. Of course.
- 18 Q. And that's where you can determine that.
- 19 A. Well, that's, you know, my what my role is.
- I can't define what a person or an entity will pay for
- 21 that electricity, and that's the other half of the
- 22 equation that I can't judge.
- 23 O. And I understand I've been told that
- 24 meteorological data is sort of among the most protected
- 25 business information that wind farm folks have.

- 1 A. Pretty much.
- 2 Q. So other wind farm folks could have all sorts
- of protected meteorological data that would show other
- 4 viable wind sites that just you're not aware of.
- 5 A. I work for almost all the developers that are
- 6 in this part of the county in the United States, including
- 7 the parties that are looking at those other wind farms.
- 8 Q. So you have access to it but you're not at
- 9 liberty to discuss it.
- 10 A. Exactly.
- 11 Q. So you're going to testify knowing
- information but aren't able to disclose it.
- 13 A. In part. There is public domain information
- that, you know, the basis of my saying before that one's
- 15 viable and one's not viable is based on some wind
- information that is in the public domain.
- 17 O. Is State Line a site?
- 18 A. Well, State Line is one that is already built
- so I don't know if I'd count it as one of the six.
- 20 MR. PEEPLES: I'm going to object at this
- 21 point. This is cross that could have been done prior.
- 22 Again, I just renew my objection.
- JUDGE TOREM: So, Mr. Hurson, I know we
- started with the response to the Council, and I think it's
- 25 still within the scope of that, but I believe we're

- driving at knowing and clarifying Mr. Nierenberg's
- 2 comments as to how many sites. And if you want to now
- 3 clarify, including those that are built, maybe it would
- 4 help all the Councilmembers to know out of the built sites
- 5 where does KV rank in buildability or viability from his
- 6 meteorological perspective. And I'm getting nods from
- 7 Councilmembers they were going to go there anyway.
- 8 BY MR. HURSON:
- 9 Q. Actually where I was going with it is I asked
- about State Line. You said you weren't sure if that's one
- of the six, and I'm a little confused here because you say
- there's six, but you aren't sure which ones you're talking
- about.
- 14 A. No, I think I was referring to the six
- 15 undeveloped sites which would exclude State Line.
- 16 Q. So State Line isn't able to expand? It's
- 17 been like about six different phases I understand.
- 18 A. There is one expansion area that I know that
- 19 would be one of those six, yes. Sorry about that.
- 20 Q. And then Klickitat County has expandable
- 21 sites?
- 22 A. Well, I mentioned specifically the Columbia
- 23 Hills is one of those sites. All the sites in Klickitat
- 24 County are in the Columbia Hills
- Q. Wild Horse can be expanded?

- 1 A. I don't know if it can or it can't be.
- MR. HURSON: Nothing further.
- JUDGE TOREM: Thank you, Mr. Hurson.
- 4 Councilmembers, additional questions?
- 5 MR. SWEENEY: We didn't get that ranking
- 6 question in.
- JUDGE TOREM: Well, he didn't ask it. I'll
- 8 ask it on the Council's behalf then.
- 9 Mr. Nierenberg, as thinking of all the sites
- that you know that are built or unbuilt sites left--first,
- 11 how many built sites as to how many unbuilt sites are you
- 12 aware of that you can talk about in the State of
- Washington for wind power?
- 14 THE WITNESS: Well, I haven't worked on
- 15 Hopkins Ridge so I can't really comment on it or Nine Mile
- 16 Canyon or Nine Canyon. But I have worked on State Line,
- 17 and I'm thinking of what's built. And I think there's
- also the Big Horn and one adjacent to it which I did not
- 19 work on that are both sort of near the Roosevelt are what
- 20 I consider part of the Columbia Hills those are built.
- 21 So to rank them all my guess is that most of
- the built sites would rank slightly better than Kittitas.
- 23 The problem with State Line which is the biggest strictly
- 24 from a wind resource it was far better, but the actual
- 25 performance of the wind farm is far worse than what we

- 1 expect Kittitas to do, you know, due to purely mechanical
- 2 failures of the wind turbines. So part of the problem
- 3 with evaluating performance of one site versus another is
- 4 completely outside of my area because it has to do with
- 5 turbine mechanics. If the machine is working and
- 6 electrical wires not melting which has happened over
- 7 there.
- In terms of the undeveloped sites, again, I
- 9 would say it's one of the best both in the county and the
- 10 state.
- 11 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, any other
- 12 questions? I know we didn't get a 10, 9, 8 rating but it
- doesn't sound like that may be possible there.
- MR. PEEPLES: I would like to point out that
- 15 he does have some--I think he's been straightforward with
- 16 you that he does have a relationship with most of these
- 17 people.
- JUDGE TOREM: Clearly, I don't think anybody
- is contesting that, Mr. Peeples, and I've recognized the
- 20 constraints that may put on releasing confidential and
- 21 unsharable information.
- 22 Councilmember Adelsman.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Just quick a clarification.
- 24 Before you said Kittitas Valley may be a number five plus,
- but now you say it's one of the best of undeveloped. When

- 1 it was one of the five plus did you include the developed
- 2 one in that?
- 3 THE WITNESS: Well, that was a question
- 4 about the entire Western United States. So within the
- 5 Western United States it ranks as a five in this range
- 6 from 1 to 10.
- 7 MS. ADELSMAN: And then you gave a number 8
- 8 for the Kittitas.
- 9 THE WITNESS: That's within Kittitas County.
- 10 MS. ADELSMAN: I just wanted to know.
- THE WITNESS: And an 8 would be high, that 8
- 12 from the back, but from 10 being high.
- MS. ADELSMAN: I understand. Correct.
- 14 JUDGE TOREM: Any redirect?
- MR. PEEPLES: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, any other
- 17 questions for this witness?
- 18 All right. It's now 1:35, a little bit
- 19 after that. I think we have enough to take Mr. Bastasch.
- 20 Are you here, sir?
- 21 Come on up and switch places with
- 22 Mr. Nierenberg.
- Thank you, sir.
- 24 THE WITNESS: You're welcome. Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: If Councilmembers would direct

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1 their attention to Exhibit 25. It has a supporting
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- 2 Exhibit 25-2. There is also Exhibit 25-SUP. We will
- 3 swear in Mr. Mark Bastasch.
- 4 (Exhibit Nos. 25, 25.1, 25.2 and 25-SUP
- 5 identified for the record.)
- 6 (Mark Bastasch sworn on oath.)
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Peeples, if you'd go
- 8 through the preliminaries.
- 9 MARK BASTASCH,
- 10 being first duly sworn on oath,
- 11 testified as follows:

12

- 13 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 14 BY MR. PEEPLES:
- 15 Q. Exhibit 25 was your basic analysis with
- regard to the old configuration and Exhibit 25-SUP is your
- analysis for the new configuration then.
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. At the time of the old configuration had I
- 20 asked you all the questions with regard to Exhibit 25
- 21 would those be your responses?
- 22 A. They would.
- 23 Q. In regard to the new configuration the
- 24 questions asked and answered in the Exhibit 25-SUP would
- 25 they be the same?

- 1 A. They are.
- Q. Thank you.
- 3 MR. PEEPLES: I move to enter these two
- 4 exhibits.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, Exhibit 25 and
- 6 Exhibit 25-SUP and supporting documents with those are now
- 7 before you.
- 8 Are there any parties who object to the
- 9 admission of those documents?
- 10 Seeing none, Councilmembers, all those in
- 11 favor of admitting those documents say aye.
- 12 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
- JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed?
- Exhibits 25 and 25-SUP are now part of the
- 15 record.
- 16 (Exhibit Nos. 25, 25.1, 25.2 and 25-SUP
- 17 admitted into evidence.)
- JUDGE TOREM: Scheduled cross-examination--
- 19 MR. PEEPLES: Just ROKT.
- JUDGE TOREM: ROKT has waived that. That's
- 21 correct. So they're not going to cross-examine this
- 22 afternoon.
- 23 Councilmembers, your questions for
- 24 Mr. Bastasch. I know I had some that were presubmitted.
- 25 MR. SWEENEY: I can do mine.

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JUDGE TOREM: All right. Mr. Sweeney.
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- 2 MR. SWEENEY: Hi, there.
- THE WITNESS: Good afternoon.
- 4 MR. SWEENEY: I had some questions about
- 5 your model. If I understand correctly, you used the wind
- 6 turbine hub height of you used meters but I interpret that
- 7 217 feet--
- 8 THE WITNESS: Correct.
- 9 MR. SWEENEY: --.75, something like that.
- 10 THE WITNESS: Right.
- 11 MR. SWEENEY: How does it compare to the
- 12 height range of the hub heights that we're talking about
- for this project? I understand there's a range and in one
- of the ranges it's actually higher by maybe 50 feet.
- THE WITNESS: Hub height actually doesn't
- 16 play in the overall results very much; so we could have
- varying hub heights but the resulting noise level
- 18 correlates more with distance from the turbine than it
- 19 does with hub height.
- MR. SWEENEY: So you're anticipating my
- 21 follow-up question.
- 22 THE WITNESS: Okay. And no matter what hub
- 23 height we have we've got to comply with the WAC and the
- 24 project will comply with the WAC which is 50 dBA.
- MR. SWEENEY: Okay. That's my next

- 1 question. The WAC you're referring to is the state WAC?
- THE WITNESS: Correct.
- 3 MR. SWEENEY: Are you familiar with any
- 4 county noise ordinance?
- 5 THE WITNESS: I am not.
- 6 MR. SWEENEY: That's all I have.
- JUDGE TOREM: I'm looking at what you
- 8 submitted to me, Mr. Sweeney.
- 9 MR. SWEENEY: I might have forgotten
- 10 something.
- 11 THE WITNESS: That is okay.
- 12 JUDGE TOREM: I have them in front of me so
- 13 let me hand them to you and see if you still think these
- 14 matters that are bracketed are items that you still wanted
- 15 to ask.
- MR. SWEENEY: Oh, yes. Gosh, thank you.
- 17 There was you had a maximum sound power and then you also
- 18 stated the maximum wind speed, but you didn't correlate
- 19 whether the maximum sound power occurred at the maximum
- wind speed.
- 21 THE WITNESS: It can vary a little bit based
- on the actual turbine, but generally at maximum wind speed
- you are at or very close to maximum sound power. On some
- turbines actually the maximum sound power will occur at
- 25 slightly less than the maximum wind speed. There's a

- 1 little bit of a tail. So when we do our modeling we do it
- 2 based on the maximum sound power level rather than the
- 3 maximum wind speed. That way we can be predicting
- 4 worst-case conditions under anyone's speed.
- 5 MR. SWEENEY: So it is possible that you can
- 6 end up with the maximum sound power at a speed lower than
- 7 the maximum wind speed.
- 8 THE WITNESS: It is possible. There are
- 9 some curves that have a slight, but, again, we're talking
- in the data that's available for review on the order of
- one or two decibels difference which is not really
- 12 perceivable.
- MR. SWEENEY: I apologize for not reviewing
- 14 your testimony this morning but did you determine how many
- days it would be at the maximum hour?
- 16 THE WITNESS: No, we looked at, you, know
- 17 worst-case condition occurring.
- 18 MR. SWEENEY: But not a determination of how
- 19 long the worst-case scenario would be.
- 20 THE WITNESS: No. We did not do a
- 21 percentile of days or histogram.
- 22 MR. SWEENEY: Is it possible to do that with
- 23 your friend over here, the meteorology guy?
- MS. JOHNSON. He's gone.
- MR. SWEENEY: He's gone? Okay.

- 1 MR. PEEPLES: He's out of here.
- THE WITNESS: I suppose it would be possible
- 3 but, again, from a regulatory standpoint we have to meet
- 4 the WAC, and we want to meet the WAC under the worst-case
- 5 conditions so that we're covered under all conditions.
- 6 MR. SWEENEY: And your position is you never
- 7 exceeded the WAC.
- 8 THE WITNESS: Correct. So that's why we
- 9 look at the worst-case condition. We based our analysis
- 10 on that occurring.
- 11 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Adelsman and
- then Councilmember Towne.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Just quickly follow up. If
- the project is constructed are you recommending some
- 15 monitoring and keeping some of your receptors for a
- 16 certain period of time to see where they were?
- 17 THE WITNESS: No.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Let me ask you in general.
- 19 What's your recommendation for monitoring to see whether
- your modeling, the information that's coming from the
- 21 modeling is actually going to happen on the ground?
- 22 THE WITNESS: Generally we haven't done
- post-construction monitoring on projects. There hasn't
- been drivers for doing so. Generally we found that our
- 25 models are accurate and tend to be conservative.

- 1 Post-construction monitoring can be difficult because if
- we're wanting to monitor the worst-case condition, we've
- 3 got to wait for the winds to occur for those to correlate
- 4 with the worst-case sound power level data, and sometimes
- 5 that will occur under relatively windy conditions. So you
- 6 have to take into account what is the noise coming from
- 7 the project versus what is the noise from the brush that's
- 8 blowing in the wind as well.
- 9 So it tends to be more of a modeling
- 10 exercise than it does to be a monitoring exercise. The
- 11 turbine input data that we use in our model that can be
- verified as part of the contractual arrangements with the
- vendor.
- 14 MS. TOWNE: Just a quick question,
- 15 Mr. Bastasch. On your chart Table 3.12-5 after the names
- or identifiers of the properties some are blacked out. Am
- I to assume that means no structure?
- 18 THE WITNESS: Correct. It shows as light
- shading in the original photocopy. When we photocopied
- it, it's not readable.
- 21 MS. TOWNE: Okay. Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Wilson?
- MS. WILSON: I'm sorry, but I cannot find
- the exact number of this exhibit, but we received a couple
- of DVDs from the public comment, and I don't know if you

- actually had a chance to see that DVD. It was about the
- 2 wind farm. Did you see that?
- 3 THE WITNESS: I don't recall seeing
- 4 anything.
- 5 MS. WILSON: Then I won't ask you any
- 6 questions about it. Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: I believe she's referring to
- 8 what came in through public comment. Someone had put onto
- 9 burn your own DVD or CD ROM presentation a video
- 10 presentation to the Councilmembers. Some of them have
- already viewed it, but it's part of the record, and I
- think it's safe to say it's fairly critical of the noise
- levels and it would counter what you're suggesting today.
- Let me see if I can ask a question that will
- be able to put into relation what the Councilmembers might
- 16 be seeing there with your thoughts. At the end of your
- initial testimony page 7 of Exhibit 25.
- MS. WILSON: Could you speak up, sir.
- JUDGE TOREM: Sorry.
- MS. WILSON: It's hard to hear. It's
- 21 getting old.
- JUDGE TOREM: Pardon me for the acoustics in
- 23 the room. I will speak up.
- 24 It says that the predicted property line
- 25 noise levels are less than 60 decibels, nonparticipating

- 1 residential daytime levels are required not to exceed 60
- 2 and nighttime not to exceed 50, and you had Exhibit 21-2
- 3 is what you were referring to. The project will comply
- 4 with the more restrictive nighttime limit at all existing
- 5 residential structures owned by nonparticipating
- 6 landowners.
- 7 So give us an idea as to what 50 decibels
- 8 would be to show compliance with this. What would
- 9 somebody living a quarter mile away as a nonparticipating
- 10 landowner, I believe that's the closest residence here,
- 11 that they don't hear already from the wind as a result of
- 12 constructing this facility when it's operating?
- 13 THE WITNESS: It's not something that's
- easily reproduceable and it's not something you can
- actually reproduce well on a DVD that would be viewed
- because you don't know how to adjust your volume.
- 17 The best analogy would be really to go out
- to an operating plant at that distance and observe it.
- 19 That's really the only way I can suggest. Now, if we're
- 20 talking about 50 dBA in general, if we are sitting
- 21 underneath that fan we're probably close to that with my
- calibrated ear. It would be somewhere we would be in that
- 23 range.
- JUDGE TOREM: Now, would adding the wind
- farm and its towers create an increase in the noise level

- 1 at the home or are you telling me also in your earlier
- 2 testimony that the existing wind blowing through whatever
- 3 vegetation or otherwise is there mask that and you
- 4 wouldn't notice a difference in the noise level at the
- 5 home?
- THE WITNESS: We may not notice a difference
- 7 in the absolute noise level depending on the wind speed
- 8 and amount of wind noise, but because it's going to sound
- 9 different than the wind it would be audible. It's not as
- if at a quarter you would potentially never hear it.
- 11 JUDGE TOREM: What's the likelihood of a
- 12 resident a quarter mile away in their home with the
- windows and doors closed and just average sound insulation
- 14 from the normal construction materials used in this region
- of them still being able to hear a wind farm a quarter
- 16 mile away?
- 17 THE WITNESS: That is hard to evaluate with
- 18 certainty. With the windows open the general rule of
- 19 thumb is that you'd have a 10-decibel reduction and that
- with the windows closed you'd have a 20-decibel reduction.
- 21 So if we were at 50, we're down into the 30 to 35 range
- 22 with the windows closed. Depending on the level of noise
- 23 inside the structure and how the noise is outside the
- 24 structure there is the potential for it still to be
- 25 audible inside.

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JUDGE TOREM: So I guess I'm wondering if
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- 2 it's a reasonably quiet area, and I'm led to believe that
- 3 given the rural and agricultural nature there may not be a
- 4 lot of other ambient other than that produced by the wind,
- 5 that would somebody that lives there now and enjoys the
- 6 area for quiet and the solitude, maybe they get a good
- 7 night's sleep, is this the sort of thing, have you ever
- 8 run into considerations where people have complained about
- 9 not being able to get a good night sleep because the added
- 10 noise from the wind farm? Are you aware of any such
- 11 anecdotal evidence?
- 12 THE WITNESS: Well, I think annoyance is
- 13 subjective.
- JUDGE TOREM: Clearly.
- 15 THE WITNESS: And that it's a subjective
- standard and with this project as with any conventional
- fired project the standard in Washington is that of the
- 18 WAC, and so the project will be constructed to achieve
- 19 compliance with the WAC.
- JUDGE TOREM: I think that's a fair and
- 21 honest answer.
- 22 See if there's other Councilmembers what
- have follow-up questions?
- 24 MR. SWEENEY: I'm not sure if you answered
- 25 his question though because he asked you if you were aware

- of any complaint, folks who were disturbed by that by a
- wind power project. In your experience working with other
- 3 wind power projects around the country or what have you,
- 4 has noise become, is noise an issue with residents?
- 5 THE WITNESS: I've not worked on any project
- 6 where noise has become an issue or complaint with
- 7 residents.
- 8 MR. SWEENEY: My question has to do with and
- 9 it sounds a little bit off base, but have you ever done
- any noise analysis of substation power, the power
- 11 substations, you know, the ones in neighborhoods? There's
- 12 a distinct hum that comes out of those things.
- 13 THE WITNESS: Right, the 120-cycle hertz.
- 14 MR. SWEENEY: Yes. Are you familiar with
- that sound power and what kind of dBA comes out of that?
- 16 THE WITNESS: It varies on the substation.
- 17 MR. SWEENEY: And also on the meteorological
- 18 conditions as well.
- 19 THE WITNESS: Yes. So it would vary on the
- 20 size of the substation. In a typical residential
- 21 environment where you're talking about a small substation
- that serves the adjacent community, you probably are in
- 23 the similar level of 50 dBA at the property line of that
- substation. That would generally be a rule of thumb.
- MR. SWEENEY: Thank you.

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1 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Adelsman and
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- 2 then Councilmember Wilson.
- MS. ADELSMAN: I have just something I would
- 4 like to clarify a little bit. Looking at your table it
- 5 seems like--I'm sorry. It's Table 3.12-5, and I'm looking
- 6 at page--just a second. Okay. It's the second page and
- 7 I'm looking at Garrett.
- 8 MR. GARRETT: That's all right.
- 9 MS. ADELSMAN: Sorry, Mr. Garrett, my
- 10 mistake. I actually picked it up purely by coincidence.
- It says it's about 538 feet from the
- 12 property line to a turbine, and then there's a level about
- 45 to 50 and you go to the last property, Meyer, and it
- says it's 2,740 and again it's within 40 to 45. So it
- 15 seems like there's no correlation between the distance and
- 16 the noise. Okay?
- 17 So my question to you is how would you
- 18 construct, how would you deal with that in order to comply
- 19 with Ecology's 60 noise? If there is no correlation given
- 20 the distance between the turbine and the property how
- 21 would you actually in this project ensure compliance?
- THE WITNESS: Well, I guess when I look at
- that we're showing at Garrett which we say is about 540
- feet where the predicted levels are between 45 and 50 and
- 25 then we look down at the Meyer residence we're predicting

- 1 lower levels father away.
- MS. ADELSMAN: A little bit lower.
- 3 THE WITNESS: So I would say that there is
- 4 some correlation with distance there.
- JUDGE TOREM: Am I correct just to clarify
- 6 for Councilmember Adelsman, this is a logarithmic scale so
- 7 from 50 to 40 is a ten times difference?
- 8 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: So the range of 40 to 50
- 10 really it could be an appreciable decrease.
- 11 THE WITNESS: Correct. The model predicts
- 12 it based on the number of turbines and the exact location
- of the turbines. So if you are 500 feet off the end of
- one turbine that's different than if you're 500 feet off
- of the middle of the string.
- MS. ADELSMAN: So can you design a project
- that will actually comply with Ecology 60 and how would
- 18 you know that if there's no monitoring that would happen
- 19 when the project is constructed?
- 20 THE WITNESS: Well, I think we can show
- 21 pretty clearly with calculations that 60 is clearly
- 22 achieved.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Okay.
- MS. WILSON: I hope this is not a totally
- 25 stupid question.

- 1 JUDGE TOREM: Just speak up because the
- 2 court reporter is--
- 3 MS. WILSON: Can you hear me?
- 4 JUDGE TOREM: The sound is directing across
- 5 the table.
- 6 MS. WILSON: Okay, yes. And it's getting
- 7 sucked into this room.
- I don't see here where you have actual
- 9 background noise levels from the site. Do you have that?
- 10 I didn't see it in here. I don't know if you did that:
- 11 where you went out there today with noise meters to find
- out what the existing background is.
- 13 THE WITNESS: Measurements were conducted
- and that data is in the DEIS.
- MS. WILSON: Okay. Thank you. So I knew I
- 16 saw it somewhere, but I couldn't find it here. So when we
- talk about 45 and 50 or the 35 and 40 are we talking about
- adding that to the existing noise level? Is that 45 more
- 19 than is current or are we talking about a turbine creates
- 20 this much noise?
- 21 THE WITNESS: The model results that we were
- looking at is our turbine noise level.
- 23 MS. WILSON: The turbine creates this much
- 24 noise. Is that going to be added to the background or
- does some of it get absorbed in the background?

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1 THE WITNESS: I'm not sure I understand the
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- 2 question. I believe I think you're asking if there is a
- 3 cumulative effect from two different sources.
- 4 MS. WILSON: That's what I'm asking.
- 5 THE WITNESS: We really don't have two
- 6 different sources here. We've got wind which is somewhat
- of a source, but it's not as if there is another
- 8 industrial industry that clearly emits a noise level that
- 9 you could then clearly add to a turbine noise level. The
- 10 background levels will fluctuate quite a bit and that
- 11 would make doing so difficult.
- MS. WILSON: Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Johnson.
- MS. JOHNSON: Yes, I would like to go back
- to the previous Councilmember's question and let you
- 16 elaborate a little more. You started to on location of a
- 17 residence compared to a string of turbines or to the end
- of a turbine string and only one turbine. If there are
- 19 two turbines next to a house or a house is in the middle
- and there's a turbine on each side how does sound model?
- 21 THE WITNESS: The model takes that all into
- account in more or less a worst-case unrealistic scenario.
- 23 The model assumes downwind propagation from all sources to
- the receiver. So when you have a string of turbines, the
- wind can only be coming in one direction. The model

- 1 actually assumes that it's coming in from multiple
- directions and the downwind direction. So a house may be
- 3 in reality cross-wind, upwind, and downwind from various
- 4 turbines but the model assumes downwind from all turbines.
- 5 JUDGE TOREM: There is a lot questions,
- 6 Mr. Bastasch, about how can we be sure that these models
- 7 will work and the rest and I don't know that there's a
- 8 mitigation measure. But more of a compliance question for
- 9 a permitting authority, whether it be the County that may
- 10 permit a wind farm or EFSEC, would that best be measured
- 11 by going out after it's built and determining if the
- models really worked and if that particular frequency of
- noise that's being generated is actually at and in
- compliance with the WAC at the appropriate property line?
- 15 Is that the method that we do? If we permit this as a
- body and we want to go out after it's built to
- 17 Mr. Garrett's residence or somebody else that's fairly
- 18 close to whatever the final tower location is and measure
- 19 the sound, what would happen if it's 52 decibels?
- 20 THE WITNESS: Well, first, I think if we
- look at the property line, the property line standard for
- the WAC that would really be 70 decibels which is a lot
- 23 higher than 50.
- JUDGE TOREM: Well, take my hypothetical and
- put it in Mr. Garrett's bedroom window and exceeding 50

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decibels at night. What would be the remedy for someone
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- 2 like that that brings that to the attention either of
- 3 EFSEC or the County as the body in charge of the
- 4 compliance with the project if it's permitted?
- 5 THE WITNESS: So the question I believe
- 6 you're asking is what can be done after a project is built
- 7 and it's found that the 50 decibel level is clearly
- 8 exceeded?
- JUDGE TOREM: Correct.
- 10 THE WITNESS: Well, that's probably a
- 11 question that I'm not the most qualified to answer, but
- turbines can be controlled and their rotational speed can
- be controlled. Their operation can be controlled. So
- that there are remedies that could be implemented to
- 15 control.
- JUDGE TOREM: If the reality doesn't play
- out as the model does, it's possible you say for the
- programming to be done. We were told about shadow
- 19 flicker. They could be programmed to turn off at certain
- 20 times of the day. You could also program these turbines
- at the predicted violative noise levels based on rotation
- or wind speed or other conditions to be shut off and then
- 23 not generate that.
- 24 THE WITNESS: Correct. There would be
- operational controls similar to that in the control system

- 1 used for shadow flicker that could be applied to noise.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, I recognize
- 3 the phone is making some beeps. There may be somebody
- 4 joining us, but we'll deal with that when we're done with
- 5 Mr. Bastasch. Are there any other questions for him?
- 6 Mr. Hurson, in the limitation of what's been
- 7 asked by Councilmembers or myself.
- 8 MR. HURSON: I intend to.
- JUDGE TOREM: All right, sir.
- 10 MR. HURSON: And I apologize if I feel like
- I'm lurking back here. I'm trying to be able to hear.
- JUDGE TOREM: Looming.
- MR. HURSON: Looming is a much better term.
- 14 Thank you.
- 15 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 16 BY MR. HURSON:
- 17 Q. If I understood you said somebody asked like
- what's this fan sound and you said that's about if you
- 19 stood under about 50 decibels. I know you don't have a
- 20 meter.
- 21 A. Yeah, I mean that's my--
- 22 Q. That's your best estimate.
- 23 A. --best estimate for a correlation.
- 24 O. And that's up kind of on the other end of the
- 25 room.

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 Q. So I assume where we're sitting is less than
- 3 50 decibels.
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And so I mean with everybody's ability to
- 6 hear what's going on here if I would understand how this
- 7 all works how much less than 50 decibels or is that just
- 8 too much?
- 9 A. Well, I think we can. A normal conversation
- 10 is about 65 decibels.
- 11 Q. Okay.
- 12 A. So we could still have a normal conversation
- underneath that source. It would just be more difficult
- 14 for those to hear who are farther away.
- 15 Q. Right. Okay. But we're basically talking in
- 16 an area that has less than 50 decibels right here in
- 17 background noise.
- 18 A. Yes, that would be my estimate.
- 19 Q. If somebody was in a 60-decibel, level which
- is what I believe the WAC will allow just so the Council
- 21 has a perception, at a 60-decibel level that would mean
- the noise would be ten times louder than we're currently
- 23 hearing from the fan. Correct?
- A. No, it's not ten times louder. Perception is
- 25 different than the log. A ten decibel increase is

- perceived doubling loud.
- 2 Q. So it would be twice as loud.
- 3 A. Right.
- 4 Q. And then at the 70-decibel reading, which you
- 5 had talked about as being what the WAC would allow at a
- 6 property line, you said something like that that would
- 7 sound how much louder than what the Council is hearing
- 8 right now? Would that be like four times greater than the
- 9 50 then?
- 10 A. Yes. Assuming our assessment of where we're
- 11 at now is approximate
- 12 Q. So assuming that you're--and as the sound
- expert assuming you're right, that a person under your
- understanding of the WACs could be or a location could be
- subjected to sound four times greater than we are having
- 16 right now and that would be in compliance.
- 17 A. That's the property line. That would be the
- interpretation of a property line standard, but what we've
- said in our project is that we're going to comply with the
- 20 most restrictive limitation of 50 decibels at the
- 21 residence.
- 22 Q. So basically what you're saying is the noise
- won't be at 60 decibels. It won't be any worse than twice
- as loud as what we're having right now if you comply with
- the WACs.

- 1 A. No, I think I said that we're going to comply
- with 50 decibels. That's what our--
- 3 Q. I thought that was the nighttime sound.
- 4 A. Well, if that's the nighttime sound, that's
- 5 what we would comply with during the day as well.
- JUDGE TOREM: So, Mr. Hurson, I think what
- 7 he's saying is this 50-decibel background noise that we've
- 8 agreed to in the room would be the expected level of the
- 9 project worst-case scenario; is that correct?
- 10 THE WITNESS: Yeah, I mean it would not
- 11 sound exactly like that because we're listening to a
- turbine, but in terms of dBA that's probably the
- 13 approximate level.
- JUDGE TOREM: For a worst-case scenario for
- 15 a project that's the level.
- 16 THE WITNESS: Yeah, that's the level that
- 17 the Applicant has said we're going to comply with at the
- 18 residence.
- 19 JUDGE TOREM: Chairman Luce.
- 20 CHAIR LUCE: In the worst-case scenario that
- 21 being the level of noise how it's perceived by someone
- 22 would also be affected by the fact the wind is blowing at
- 23 a rather brisk pace. Right?
- 24 THE WITNESS: Correct.
- 25 CHAIR LUCE: And that a tractor might be

- 1 furrowing or dragging a plow behind somewhere in the
- 2 vicinity of that. Right?
- 3 THE WITNESS: Correct.
- 4 CHAIR LUCE: A car could be driving by.
- 5 Right?
- THE WITNESS: Correct. For example, the
- 7 cars, the Washington State Department of Transportation's
- 8 threshold is 66 for residents.
- 9 CHAIR LUCE: Thanks.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Sweeney.
- 11 MR. SWEENEY: I guess I suffer from having
- 12 this being blacked out.
- JUDGE TOREM: Speak up, please. Come to at
- 14 least 65 decibels.
- MS. ADELSMAN: We appreciate that order.
- 16 MR. SWEENEY: We're talking about
- 17 residences, existing residences, is that correct, when the
- 18 project will exceed that? What about in situations where
- 19 new residences could be constructed? There are properties
- that are closer that don't have residences, and I can't
- 21 see in your whatever it was.
- 22 THE WITNESS: In the areas that have been
- 23 photocopied that are showing up as black in your report
- there's nothing there. It was just shaded as gray.
- MR. SWEENEY: In the situation let's say

- 1 pick on Mr. Garrett where he has property 500 feet away
- 2 roughly and has plans to perhaps build a house there
- 3 sometime in the future, was there any measurement or any
- 4 analysis to show what the noise would be to his potential
- 5 home?
- 6 THE WITNESS: Well, we showed in there a
- 7 table, a list of levels at the property line. So that the
- 8 noise level would be less when you got further away from
- 9 that property line.
- 10 MR. SWEENEY: Okay. So we're still good.
- 11 THE WITNESS: We can't anticipate where that
- 12 home would be located. That's why we did look at property
- line levels.
- MR. SWEENEY: Okay.
- 15 THE WITNESS: No project, wind or
- 16 conventional fire, can necessarily look at what isn't
- there.
- 18 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Adelsman
- MS. ADELSMAN: Just the model that you used
- is that a model ecology pretty much accepts that?
- 21 THE WITNESS: It's the international
- 22 standard ISO 9613.
- JUDGE TOREM: Is sounds official.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Yes, anything that has ISO.
- JUDGE TOREM: Any other Council questions?

- 1 Any redirect?
- 2 MR. PEEPLES: Yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: And I see Mr. Tribble has his
- 4 hand up for cross as well. Do you want him to ask that
- 5 first?
- 6 MR. PEEPLES: Let me do my redirect and then
- 7 I'll do redirect after that if I need to.
- 8 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 9 BY MR. PEEPLES:
- 10 Q. You say this is the absolute worst-case
- analysis with regard to the noise. Correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 O. You're assuming the wind is on that
- 14 directional from all turbines. You mentioned that. What
- 15 wind conditions are there when you are creating the
- 16 maximum amount of noises from the turbines? Is that a
- 17 very, very windy day?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Now, you were asked about if you're inside a
- 20 house and you're a quarter mile away would you be able to
- 21 hear it. Remember that question?
- 22 A. I do.
- Q. Let's take an example of a very calm night
- and you have a combined cycled turbine noise that would
- come through that window versus a turbine. Wind turbine

- on a very windy day or evening with that window open and
- 2 the sound coming through would there be a difference
- 3 between a quiet night with a gas turbine and the
- 4 conditions required to give off as much noise as possible
- from a wind turbine?
- 6 A. There would not be as much masking under the
- 7 combined cycle situation under a calm night. So that
- 8 would be more under that scenario that you're describing a
- 9 combined cycle facility or simple cycle facility would be
- more audible than a wind turbine facility where you've got
- wind noise that's in the mix to be masking.
- 12 Q. If your window is open would that create
- noise just having a window open with the wind blowing very
- 14 hard?
- 15 A. Yes, you would have the noise of the wind.
- 16 O. And that masks the sound; is that correct?
- 17 A. There is some masking, yes.
- 18 MR. PEEPLES: Okay. No further questions.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Tribble.
- 20 RECROSS-EXAMINATION
- 21 BY MR. TRIBBLE:
- 22 Q. I have a clarification question line of
- 23 questioning about background noise. I believe you said
- earlier that there really isn't a different source of
- appreciable background noise; is that correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 Q. You were talking about specifically the wind,
- 3 the sound of the turbine generated by the wind at the
- 4 time; is that correct?
- 5 A. I think I understand what you're saying.
- 6 Q. Did you study any other sounds, constant
- 7 sounds or semi-constant background noise sounds that are
- 8 associated with the physical properties of the KV site as
- 9 laid out?
- 10 A. There was monitoring conducted and those
- 11 results are presented. So I don't--there are no
- other--there is no other industry that is a steady source
- of noise in that area. There are intermittent sources of
- traffic and agricultural activities or logging or whatever
- 15 there may be.
- Q. Within that statement are you considering the
- sounds, if any, of the power lines that run through that
- 18 area?
- 19 A. You're referring to an effect called corona.
- 20 Corona tends be a foul weather condition predominantly and
- 21 when we did our measurements I don't believe we had a foul
- 22 weather condition.
- 23 O. Excuse me. You don't believe?
- 24 A. I don't believe. So I believe we measured
- 25 under relatively quiet conditions compared to a foul

- weather condition where you would potentially have corona,
- 2 corona noise.
- 3 Q. Can you estimate what the dBA would be of
- 4 corona and foul conditions, foul weather conditions?
- 5 A. The BPA standard for corona noise is 50 dBA
- 6 at the right of way. That's typically what they design
- 7 their towers to or their transmission line.
- 8 MR. TRIBBLE: Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Any redirect?
- 10 RE-REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 11 BY MR. PEEPLES:
- 12 Q. Your studies are very conservative studies
- and you've already mentioned that. Right? And, again,
- 14 you mentioned that it meets the 50 dBA which is a
- residential standard at an ag property line. Correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 MR. PEEPLES: Okay. No, forget it.
- 18 JUDGE TOREM: Any other follow-up questions
- 19 for Mr. Bastasch?
- 20 All right. Seeing none, thank you, sir, for
- 21 your time and staying after lunch today. Before we take a
- 22 quick break are there any parties or witnesses waiting on
- 23 the telephone line?
- MR. KRICHBAUM: Yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: Who would that be?

- 1 MR. KRICHBAUM: Randall Krichbaum.
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. I think you are
- 3 the only witness scheduled at the two o'clock time period;
- 4 is that correct, Mr. Peeples?
- 5 MR. PEEPLES: I believe that's right.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers at the table
- 7 any opposition to the slave driver here pressing forward
- 8 and just getting Mr. Krichbaum on and off?
- 9 CHAIR LUCE: No, let's get it done.
- 10 MS. ADELSMAN: If the Chair says it's okay,
- it's okay by us.
- 12 JUDGE TOREM: Please turn to Exhibit 30 and,
- Mr. Krichbaum, you're there in Beaverton, Oregon; is that
- 14 right?
- MR. KRICHBAUM: Yes.
- 16 (Randall Krichbaum appearing by telephone.)
- 17 (Randall Krichbaum sworn on oath.)
- JUDGE TOREM: Can you please state and spell
- 19 your last name for the record.
- THE WITNESS: Krichbaum, K-r-i-c-h-b-a-u-m.
- JUDGE TOREM: I'm going to have Mr. Darrel
- 22 Peeples walk you through the adoption of your testimony
- and then determine if there's anybody who wants to
- 24 cross-examine you.
- Mr. Peeples.

Page 741 1 RANDALL KRICHBAUM, 2. being first duly sworn on oath, 3 testified as follows: 4 5 DIRECT EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. PEEPLES: 7 Ο. Exhibit 30 is your testimony and do you have 8 a copy of that in your hand? (Exhibit Nos. 30.0 and 30.1 identified for 10 the record.) 11 Α. Yes, I do. 12 If I asked you all the questions in that Ο. would you reply the same? 13 14 Yes. Α. MR. PEEPLES: I move it into evidence. 15 16 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, there's a motion before you for Exhibit 30 to be brought in as well 17 18 as the exhibits it references in the application for site 19 certification and anything else referenced in Exhibit 30 on pages 2 and 3 and perhaps elsewhere. All those in 20 favor? 21 22 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye. 23 JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed? 24 (Exhibit Nos. 30.0 and 30.1 admitted into 25 evidence.)

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1 JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Tribble, Counsel for the
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- 2 Environment, if you'll switch seats with, Mr. Peoples.
- 3 So, Mr. Krichbaum, hold on one second.
- We'll get our lawyers shuffled around in this room and
- 5 then ask the questions. It will be Michael Tribble,
- 6 Counsel for the Environment.
- 7 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 8 BY MR. TRIBBLE:
- 9 Q. Mr. Krichbaum, do you have Exhibit 30 in
- 10 front of you?
- 11 A. Yes, I do.
- 12 Q. Can you turn to page 6, please. I'm going to
- draw your attention to portions of your testimony to sort
- of get everybody in the frame of mind before some of my
- 15 questions.
- 16 A. Okay.
- 17 Q. Page 6 your testimony states on line 16, you
- 18 walked or drove the entire 50 meter buffer corridor and
- delineated areas of lithosolic or shallow-soiled plant
- communities within the corridor. Skipping down to 21, the
- 21 final cover type map includes 65,100 acres of land and
- contains 11 different major cover types. The shrub-steppe
- 23 type covered the largest extent, 51.2 percent with the
- 24 grassland type accounting for another 31.5.
- Over to page 7 beginning at the top of line

- 1 1, the lithosolic sub-type included in the shrub-steppe
- low sagebrush and grassland types was found to be present
- 3 on approximately 39 percent. Then you said it is
- 4 important to note that in many parts of the project area
- 5 lithosols occur as small inclusions in deeper-soiled
- 6 habitats, and that these inclusions are typically too
- 7 small and numerous to map at the project, at the project
- 8 scale.
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Looking at the next page, page 8, beginning
- on line 7, you said, "We expect the general mitigations
- 12 proposed by the applicant to minimize the degree and
- extent of ground disturbance will be effective at reducing
- both permanent and temporary impacts to vegetation
- 15 resources."
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 O. Can you describe the relative differences on
- the vegetation--excuse me--the relative differences in
- 19 impact on the vegetation when construction occurs on
- 20 lithosol and shrub-steppe habitat with dry soil generally
- 21 associated with summertime construction and also with
- 22 moist soil generally associated with a mid fall to mid
- 23 spring construction.
- A. Yes. With most projects in semi-arid regions
- of the Northwest when construction occurs when the ground

- is wet often there is additional disturbance, ground
- 2 disturbance and vegetation disturbance. This can be
- 3 mitigated for through application of a storm water plan,
- 4 erosion control, construction timing, but this is a factor
- 5 on most construction projects that occur in rural areas.
- 6 Q. Was it your understanding when you made this
- 7 testimony and in your review of the application and the
- 8 environmental documents was it your understanding that
- 9 construction or at least the bulk of heavy equipment
- 10 construction would take place during the dry season?
- 11 A. Well, we did not carry out investigation with
- 12 any knowledge of when the construction would occur.
- 13 Q. Doesn't the DEIS specifically refer that its
- belief that the bulk of the construction would be done in
- the late string through the summer?
- 16 A. I'm not familiar with that section. When we
- 17 conducted the survey the DEIS had not been issued yet.
- 18 Q. You talked about seasonal timing being one of
- 19 the mitigating factors in impact on the vegetation.
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 O. The kind of areas of your testimony that I
- 22 highlighted earlier don't they show that this type of
- 23 shrub steppe and lithosol habitat is hard to predict where
- 24 you're going to find it throughout the project?
- 25 A. Yes. As we said in there, there can be

- 1 inclusions of lithosol habitat within deeper-soiled
- 2 shrub-steppe areas. The same is also true in areas that
- we mapped as lithosol. That can be also be deeper-soiled
- 4 habitats within those.
- 5 Q. On page 9 of your testimony you said on line
- 6 24 the last line, "Certain areas could benefit from active
- 7 revegetation efforts." Can you describe what you meant by
- 8 active revegetation efforts?
- 9 A. I believe that section was talking about the
- 10 habitat quality in the mitigation parcel that we looked
- at; is that correct? Is that where you're talking about?
- 12 Q. Line 24 of page 9.
- 13 A. Yes. Yes. Yes, there are areas especially
- 14 along there's a creek that is intermittent that runs
- 15 through there. There are areas where replanting of native
- vegetation might be appropriate in order to enhance the
- overall quality of that parcel.
- 18 Q. Is that the only area that you were referring
- 19 to when you mentioned active revegetation efforts?
- 20 A. That is what I was mentioning in line 24
- 21 there. That is where we were discussing the mitigation
- 22 parcels.
- MR. TRIBBLE: Thank you.
- 24 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, does
- Mr. Tribble's questions raise anything further you want to

- follow up on?
- I see Councilmember Towne.
- MS. TOWNE: Just a quickie.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Krichbaum, let me know if
- 5 you can't hear her. She's a little bit away from the
- 6 microphone.
- 7 MS. TOWNE: A quick question. Do we have a
- 8 large scale exhibit of the proposed habitat mitigation
- 9 area? I don't recall seeing one.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Krichbaum, did you hear
- 11 the question?
- 12 THE WITNESS: I heard the question. I don't
- know. We produced an overall vegetation map of the entire
- 14 project area that includes detailed analysis of the
- mitigation parcel. I don't know if that's available at
- 16 this point.
- 17 JUDGE TOREM: Do you know if that's in the
- application for site certification, sir?
- 19 MR. PEEPLES: I believe it's in the
- 20 application and is it in the DEIS? I know it was
- 21 provided, I just can't tell you right now.
- MS. TOWNE: May I ask Mr. Peeples to let us
- know when he discovers its whereabouts?
- 24 MR. PEEPLES: Yes, I'll find it for you
- 25 because it's in the record. I just can't remember right

- 1 now.
- 2 MS. TOWNE: I had one more unrelated
- 3 question.
- 4 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Towne, if you'll
- 5 speak up.
- 6 MS. TOWNE: Yes. Is there a relationship
- 7 between the size of the lithosol patch and its value? Is
- 8 a big patch ten times the size of a little patch is it
- 9 worth 20 times more in habitat value or is it a one-to-one
- 10 thing?
- 11 THE WITNESS: From a biological point of
- view, I believe that all of the habitats that are native
- dominated like the lithosols are probably of equal value.
- 14 A larger area may provide more wildlife habitat; however,
- a smaller area may provide a small island of habitat
- within a larger area that's degraded. So I think it's
- 17 difficult to place a particular value multiple on a
- 18 question like that.
- MS. TOWNE: Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Adelsman.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Really quick one. Are you
- 22 familiar with the Wild Horse Project?
- THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I didn't hear you.
- JUDGE TOREM: The question was are you
- 25 familiar with the Wild Horse Project?

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1 THE WITNESS: Only. I have not seen the
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- 2 project. I have read information on it, but I am not
- 3 familiar with any what of went on with the project or the
- 4 preparation of the site.
- 5 MS. ADELSMAN: So you're not familiar with
- 6 the mitigation that was required for the project to
- 7 preserve some of then vegetation and then during the
- 8 construction; is that right?
- 9 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I can barely hear
- 10 you.
- JUDGE TOREM: I'll restate the question.
- 12 Councilmember Adelsman wants to know if your unfamiliarity
- with the general project would also extend to if you're
- 14 familiar with the mitigation that was done with the
- project itself and specifically some issue that came up
- during construction? Do you have any knowledge as to the
- experience the applicant had in applying for and now
- 18 building the Wild Horse Project?
- 19 THE WITNESS: No, I don't. We did not work
- on that project, and I have no information about it.
- JUDGE TOREM: Okay. Thank you.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Thanks.
- JUDGE TOREM: Any other questions for
- 24 Mr. Krichbaum?
- Mr. Krichbaum, I wanted to follow up on what

- 1 Mr. Tribble, Counsel for the Environment, had asked.
- 2 Would you say that if EFSEC is going to
- 3 permit this project to be built that to best mitigate the
- 4 impacts on these lithosols construction season should be
- 5 restricted to the dry season?
- 6 THE WITNESS: I believe that while that may
- 7 be an option, there are construction methods and planning
- 8 that can occur that will reduce or eliminate any
- 9 additional impact that occurs during the wet season.
- 10 Certain construction can take place during a wet season
- without providing any additional disturbance to the ground
- or vegetation, although it does take careful planning and
- careful monitoring of the site conditions and the weather.
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. I think we've
- addressed the monitoring and compliance issue with other
- 16 witnesses. Let me see if Mr. Peeples has any redirect or
- 17 if Mr. Tribble has any additional cross-examination
- 18 questions?
- MR. PEEPLES: No.
- 20 JUDGE TOREM: Seeing none from either of
- 21 them, Councilmembers, any objection to letting this
- 22 witness go for the day?
- 23 COUNCILMEMBERS: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. Thank you,
- 25 Mr. Krichbaum.

- 1 THE WITNESS: Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: We will take a brief recess.
- 3 It's now almost 2:30. I don't believe we have any other
- 4 witnesses scheduled until three o'clock. So we'll break
- 5 until to that time and see who calls in.
- 6 (Recess taken.)
- 7 (Randy Hardy and Stephen Grover appearing by
- 8 telephone.)
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. It is three o'clock
- in the afternoon. We have both the witnesses that are
- 11 scheduled already on the telephone line so I'm going to
- 12 call your attention first to Mr. Randy Hardy. His
- exhibits are 43, and I believe this is the only one.
- 14 There is no supplemental testimony, just the original 2004
- submission. So I'm going to first swear in Mr. Hardy and
- then I'll have Darrel Peeples next to the phone to have
- 17 you adopt his testimony, sir.
- 18 (Randy Hardy sworn on oath.)
- 19 RANDY HARDY,
- 20 being first duly sworn on oath,
- 21 testified as follows:

22

- 23 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 24 By MR. PEEPLES:
- Q. Mr. Hardy, do you have Exhibit 43-T in front

- of you, your prefiled testimony?
- 2 (Exhibit Nos. 43.0 and 43.1 identified for
- 3 the record.)
- 4 A. Yes, I do.
- 5 BY MR. PEEPLES:
- 6 Q. If I asked you those questions would those be
- 7 your answers?
- 8 A. Yes, they would.
- 9 MR. PEEPLES: I move the entry of Exhibit
- 10 43-T.
- JUDGE TOREM: Parties, any objections to
- 12 Mr. Hardy's testimony coming in?
- Seeing none, Council, all those in favor?
- 14 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
- 15 JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed?
- 16 (Exhibit No. 43.0 and 43.1 admitted into
- 17 evidence.)
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. Mr. Hardy, let me
- 19 see if I can locate the designated parties who are doing
- 20 cross-examination.
- MR. PEEPLES: I believe it's just the county
- 22 and applicant.
- 23 JUDGE TOREM: It should be Counsel for the
- 24 Environment has reserved a tenth of an hour and Kittitas
- 25 County has reserved two-tenths of an hour.

- 1 Mr. Hurson, did you want to go first?
- MR. HURSON: Actually in looking at it and
- after having gone through days of testimony I hope the
- 4 Council will appreciate that we'll just waive it for now
- 5 unless something comes up and we'll ask a question if it
- 6 pops to mind.
- JUDGE TOREM: So the County is going to
- 8 reserve their right to cross-examine depending on what
- 9 else is said.
- 10 Counsel for the Environment?
- MR. TRIBBLE: We reserve.
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. So now it's up to
- the Councilmembers, Mr. Hardy. Let me see who among the
- 14 Council may have some questions. Let's just pause for one
- or two minutes while they finish paging through your
- testimony for probably the second or third time this week.
- 17 All right. I'm ready to poll the
- 18 Councilmembers.
- 19 Councilmember Wilson, any questions?
- MS. WILSON: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Towne, any
- 22 questions?
- MS. TOWNE: Yes. At page 6, Mr. Hardy, the
- 24 first full paragraph you're talking about firming up
- power, how hydro can be manipulated, and you say because

- 1 Northwest integration costs are low it is to the region's
- 2 economic advantage to maximize its available wind
- 3 potential for electricity generation.
- 4 THE WITNESS: That's right.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Hardy, did you hear the
- 6 question?
- 7 THE WITNESS: Yes, I heard the statement.
- 8 What's the question?
- 9 MS. TOWNE: Talk to me about this
- integration capability and how wind and hydro work
- 11 together. I'm a little dim on it.
- 12 THE WITNESS: Okay. Since we have a
- predominantly hydro base load region, that is 50 percent
- or more of our total generation capacity in the Northwest
- comes from hydro, we are absolutely unique vis-a-vis any
- other region in the United States.
- 17 And how this helps with wind integration is
- 18 the hydro, having that much hydro capacity is just like
- 19 having a big storage battery. If the wind doesn't blow,
- 20 you simply ramp up the hydro to fill in the gap of
- 21 generation for the minutes or the hours that it doesn't
- 22 blow. You just draft the reservoirs a little bit more and
- when it does blow you, you don't draft them as much.
- In virtually every other region--so you just
- use your surplus hydro to effectively back up, if you

- will, or firm up the wind generation. In virtually every
- 2 other region of the country you have to use thermal
- 3 resources, either combustion turbines, in some cases coal
- 4 resources to back up the wind machines when they don't
- 5 blow or when they're not blowing as much as you forecast
- 6 the day ahead, and that's a much more expensive
- 7 proposition. In reality we just we had the hydro already
- 8 available. It's sitting behind the reservoirs and as long
- 9 as you're just talking about brief periods that you're
- drafting a reservoir, that is within the hour or one to
- 11 two hours ahead, you can do that without damaging the
- 12 system's capability to any appreciable extent and it hence
- is much cheaper to integrate wind resources with kind of
- 14 hydro base load to work with than it is in a region where
- 15 you predominantly have thermal resources that you have to
- 16 run to that in.
- 17 MS. TOWNE: That's helpful and it brings up
- just one quick follow-up question. Does wind tend to blow
- vigorously when water levels are low or is that at the
- 20 same time?
- 21 THE WITNESS: They're completely independent
- and trying to forecast either when it's going to rain or
- when the wind is going to blow is beyond mine or I think
- just about anybody else's capability.
- MS. TOWNE: Thank you.

- 1 JUDGE TOREM: Councilmember Adelsman.
- MS. ADELSMAN: Maybe I'll come over there.
- 3 Mr. Hardy, on page 8 you talk starting with line 7, you
- 4 talk by November 2006 we'll know whether Initiative 937
- 5 will pass, and then you go on to say that the utilities
- 6 would be required to acquire about 4,500 to 5,000
- 7 megawatts of wind capacity.
- First of all, the part of my question is do
- 9 you know what is our wind capacity at this time with say
- once Wild Horse is completed and I think the Nine Canyon
- is also under construction? Do you know where we are?
- 12 THE WITNESS: I'll give you an approximate
- estimate. Given the two Puget Projects, Hopkins Ridge and
- 14 Wild Horse, plus the existing wind generation Vancycle,
- 15 Condon, State Line--not just in Washington State, but
- regionally you probably have 800 to 1,000 megawatts of
- capacity that's already on line in the region, and my
- 18 figures that I cited are in addition to that. You're
- going to have to build another 4,500 to 5,000 megawatts of
- wind in a capacity sense to meet the requirements of
- 21 Initiative 937 which you can do but the amount of wind
- 22 sites is limited.
- 23 And the issue that we'll get into with if
- 24 937 passes is do you fence off some wind sites so they are
- 25 more marginal and hence the price goes up a lot because

- 1 the wind doesn't blow as much at those sites, at those
- 2 particular sites, or do you proceed with the most valuable
- 3 sites and keep the price down to more reasonable levels?
- 4 And that's the challenge we'll face with 937.
- 5 MS. ADELSMAN: Okay. Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Other Councilmember questions?
- 7 All right. Seeing no other Councilmember
- 8 questions, just out of curiosity, Mr. Hardy, is there any
- 9 relationship between the building out of wind power in the
- 10 region that might contribute to the argument for the
- 11 removal of those Columbia system dams in the future?
- 12 THE WITNESS: No, I don't. At least I can't
- see any connection. If anything, for the reasons I cited
- before in the answer to the question about why hydro is so
- valuable as an integrater of wind you'd want to keep the
- 16 four Snake River dams and all the other hydro capacity
- 17 you've got because that makes the more hydro capacity you
- have, the more cheap capacity you have to integrate the
- 19 wind resource. And as soon as you start removing that
- 20 capacity not only do you suffer the difference between
- 21 replacing it with much more expensive energy, but you also
- 22 have to replace it with much more expensive thermal
- 23 capacity for the integration.
- 24 CHAIR LUCE: I do have a question.
- 25 Mr. Hardy, I have a question. In the different

- 1 alternative or different resource mixes of hydro, thermal,
- and wind given the fact that the hydro system is under a
- 3 number of Endangered Species Act listings in your opinion
- 4 is it valuable to have a wind resource such as the project
- 5 before us to help take pressure off of the hydro system so
- 6 that, if necessary, the water that is available can be
- 7 used for fish mitigation?
- THE WITNESS: In some respects, yes, because
- 9 the wind generation that you have since wind is strictly
- an energy resource and doesn't have a capacity component
- 11 to it will help you avoid having to draft reservoirs more
- than you otherwise would and therefore that energy, the
- water behind the reservoirs could be available either for
- energy generation or fish fill or flow augmentation or
- 15 other measures.
- 16 So in an energy sense the answer to your
- 17 question is yes. In a capacity sense it goes just the
- other way. What you spill for fish or use for flow
- 19 augmentation for fish directly competes with the capacity
- 20 you need for wind integration.
- 21 CHAIR LUCE: In that circumstance I believe
- 22 you said it's also possible to firm wind with thermal, if
- 23 necessary.
- 24 THE WITNESS: It's possible to firm wind
- with thermal and we still have enough capacity even with

- 1 the fairly dramatic Endangered Species Act requirements of
- 2 the hydro system. We still have plenty of capacity and
- 3 probably will for the next several years to integrate wind
- 4 with basically hydro capacity so that's not an immediate
- 5 problem. Even though Bonneville is looking at that right
- 6 now, I see it as more of a prospective problem.
- 7 CHAIR LUCE: Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Councilmembers, does any of
- 9 that raise additional questions for you?
- 10 Counsel for the Environment, any questions
- 11 at this time?
- MR. TRIBBLE: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Hurson, any questions at
- 14 this time?
- 15 All right. Mr. Peeples, any redirect?
- MR. PEEPLES: No.
- 17 JUDGE TOREM: All right. Thank you,
- 18 Mr. Hardy. You can go ahead and disconnect from the
- 19 conference.
- 20 THE WITNESS: Great. Thank you very much.
- JUDGE TOREM: I'm going to direct people's
- 22 attention to Exhibit 80 and Stuart Grover to get those
- exhibits and supporting exhibits in front of him and ask
- Debbie Strand to come up and I'll assist her in sponsoring
- 25 his testimony in.

Page 759 1 I think I've been saying Stuart Grover. Ιt 2. should be Stephen Grover. 3 MS. STRAND: Correct. 4 JUDGE TOREM: I know a Stuart Grover, pardon 5 me. 6 Stephen Grover, do you have that exhibit in 7 front of you? 8 MR. GROVER: Yes. 9 (Stephen Grover sworn on oath.) Debbie Strand is here and 10 JUDGE TOREM: 11 she's asked for me to give her a little bit of assistance 12 in asking the questions to go through and adopt your 13 testimony. 14 STEPHEN GROVER, being first duly sworn on oath, 15 testified as follows 16 17 18 EXAMINATION 19 BY JUDGE TOREM: 20 Ο. So I'll just start off and say have you reviewed Exhibit 80 your original testimony and its 21 22 supporting exhibits in recent days? 23 Α. Yes. 24 That was originally submitted in 2004; is 25 that correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 Q. Have you reviewed Exhibit 80-SUP which I
- 3 believe was prepared for this proceeding in 2006?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And it's accompanying a number of items,
- 6 including a report that's labeled Exhibit labeled 80-5,
- 7 Economic Impacts of the Kittitas Valley Wind Project dated
- 8 August 11, 2006. You're sponsoring all of those studies
- 9 associated with both Exhibit 80 and 80-SUP; is that
- 10 correct?
- 11 (Exhibit Nos. 80.0 through 80.5 and 80-SUP
- identified for the record.)
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 BY JUDGE TOREM:
- 15 Q. Would you give the same answers to those
- questions today that you did in 2004 and when you
- 17 submitted Exhibit 80-SUP in 2006?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Any corrections or clarification you wish to
- 20 make?
- 21 A. No.
- 22 JUDGE TOREM: All right. Are there any
- objections to 80 or 80-SUP coming into the record?
- Seeing none from the parties, Councilmembers,
- 25 there's a motion then presented by the Economic

- 1 Development Group of Kittitas County to have this come in
- 2 as prefiled testimony and supporting exhibits. All those
- 3 in favor?
- 4 COUNCILMEMBERS: Aye.
- JUDGE TOREM: Any opposed?
- 6 (Exhibit Nos. 80.0 through 80.5 and 80-SUP
- 7 admitted into evidence.)
- JUDGE TOREM: All right. So, Mr. Grover,
- 9 I've got the County scheduled to ask some questions.
- 10 Mr. Hurson, do you wish to ask those
- 11 questions?
- MR. HURSON: Actually I just had a couple
- 13 questions.
- 14 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 15 BY MR. HURSON:
- 16 Q. As I recall, your economic analysis was based
- on some I think was two-megawatt turbines?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. When were you told that they are two-megawatt
- 20 turbines?
- 21 A. I don't remember the exact date, but it would
- 22 have been in preparation of the August report, August
- 23 2006.
- Q. Do you know who told you the size and number
- of turbines?

- 1 A. I got that information from Horizon Wind.
- Q. What did they tell you their size and number
- 3 was going to go be?
- 4 A. 65 turbines at two megawatts a piece.
- 5 Q. Did they tell you that there's a possible
- 6 range of turbine sizes, numbers?
- 7 A. I was told for my analysis to assume two
- 8 megawatts, 65 turbines.
- 9 Q. So you were basically given a very specific
- 10 project to analyze: 65 turbines, two megawatts in size.
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. Your analysis is based upon that specific
- 13 configuration.
- JUDGE TOREM: I'm not sure he heard your
- 15 questions.
- 16 BY MR. HURSON:
- 17 Q. And that analysis is based upon that specific
- 18 configuration.
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 Q. All right. If they are in fact building
- 21 something different, then your analysis would be
- 22 different.
- A. Possibly.
- MR. HURSON: Okay. Thank you.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Grover, would your

- analysis change dramatically if the megawatt changed or
- 2 only if the number of turbines changed?
- THE WITNESS: It's hard to tell. You know,
- I would have to look and see. It's basically how do costs
- 5 change and what share of that cost is local. I suspect
- 6 that the change in megawatts would have less impact in my
- 7 numbers than the number of turbines.
- JUDGE TOREM: So can the Councilmembers here
- 9 at EFSEC take it that if you analyzed a situation with 65
- 10 turbines, even if the applicant decides to put in a
- 11 different size turbine that most of the affects you've
- 12 suggested here economically would remain the same so long
- as the number of turbines remains the same?
- 14 THE WITNESS: Again, without running through
- the numbers again, I suspect that with the same number of
- turbines but a different megawatt value the analysis would
- be pretty much the same, yes.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Hurson, did you want to
- 19 follow up at all?
- 20 Councilmembers, any individual questions for
- 21 Mr. Grover?
- 22 Councilmember Wilson.
- MS. WILSON: Mr. Grover, if the number of
- turbines--let me see. How can I can ask you think this?
- What would make a difference: one turbine, five turbines,

- ten turbines less, or is it incremental by the number?
- 2 Does make any sense?
- 3 THE WITNESS: It would be incremental by the
- 4 number. Again, and this is talking just about the
- 5 construction impacts. I think operationally, you know, it
- 6 would take a significant reduction in the number of
- 7 turbines before the manpower estimates went down.
- But for, again, what we're talking about
- 9 here is how much is being spent locally on construction,
- and, you know, you remove a turbine you're removing the
- 11 spending on a portion of the workers, the supplies that go
- into that one turbine. So I think that if you, you know,
- start removing turbines then the numbers would start
- scaling back for those reasons.
- MS. WILSON: Thank you.
- 16 JUDGE TOREM: Any other Councilmember
- 17 questions?
- 18 Seeing none, Ms. Strand, were there any
- other issues you wanted to follow up on?
- MS. STRAND: No.
- JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Grover, thank you. A very
- 22 short audience with us, but I know the group has reviewed
- your materials in this matter, and I think we can let you
- 24 go so thank you very much.
- THE WITNESS: Thank you very much.

- 1 JUDGE TOREM: Parties, that's all for the
- witnesses on the phone this afternoon, and my schedule
- 3 shows that we somehow managed to get everything we said we
- 4 were to get done today done at the expense of some comfort
- 5 here and there. But our next reassumption of this will be
- 6 7:00 p.m. tonight back at the fairgrounds in the Home Arts
- 7 Building. That's where if you are a registered local, you
- 8 might have voted yesterday.
- 9 CHAIR LUCE: If you didn't vote, shame on
- 10 you all.
- JUDGE TOREM: But, again, all of you please
- reserve your votes and judgment on this matter until we've
- heard the public testimony tonight and tomorrow might. My
- thoughts are that we're going to figure out, Irina and I,
- a way to determine if people that sign up tonight can't
- 16 make it tomorrow that they please be given priority. But
- 17 I'm not sure how I want to announce that because suddenly
- 18 everybody that's there tonight will not be able to come
- 19 back tomorrow.
- 20 So Irina and I will work that out. I've
- 21 been a made aware of a few people that need special
- accommodation for tonight already, and we'll take care of
- that sort of behind the scenes.
- 24 But please come ready to do what you did
- last Tuesday and hopefully the lights won't be so bright

- and no one will think to go in front of the lights and
- 2 create their own shadow flicker. I was waiting for that
- 3 last week, but tonight that should not be the case. You
- 4 know the room and you've been there before. Just bring
- 5 your bright smiling faces and ears ready to pay attention.
- 6 CHAIR LUCE: And a fly swatter.
- JUDGE TOREM: And perhaps fly swatters. We
- 8 hope that the Home Arts Building is not so infested. And
- 9 tomorrow morning be ready to go again at nine o'clock.
- 10 We'll have three witnesses, Arne Nielson on shadow
- flicker, Ted Clausing on wildlife, and Troy Gagliano will
- be here for Renewable Northwest Project. So those three
- 13 I'm hoping given the minimum that we have addressing them
- 14 for cross-exam can be done in probably no less than an
- 15 hour but hopefully not much more than an hour and by ten
- o'clock be ready to go on our field trip out to see the
- 17 site.
- Tomorrow morning I'll go over on the record
- 19 again what the ground rules for that are. I've not been
- 20 made aware of any other members of the public that are
- 21 wishing to attend. I'm not going to announce it tonight
- at the public meeting. It's been announced throughout the
- adjudication and I'd rather not extend the announcement.
- 24 The public meeting is for a different purpose and I don't
- 25 think it's appropriate for us to mention it there. But we

- will be telling people again tomorrow morning. Show up,
- 2 if you're there, and we leave at 10:00 or as soon as we're
- available to leave thereafter, that will begin the site
- 4 visit and we'll be back when we're back and have hopefully
- 5 the afternoon to rest up for one more public meeting.
- I hope tonight we get your consensus that
- 7 stopping at ten o'clock is quite late enough. So we'll
- 8 only run until about ten o'clock. At about nine o'clock
- 9 I'll figure out how many more people there are. We'll
- 10 probably take a short ten-minute break at nine o'clock but
- 11 plan to run from I don't know 7:00 to 9:00 or 7:00 to
- 12 8:45, take a break, come back and finish with the last
- hour, something like that. So come prepared
- physiologically as well and we'll try to stick to some
- 15 schedule that I'll announce.
- If you want to lobby me for a break at 8:30
- or 8:45, let me know off the record and we'll figure
- 18 something that works for everyone.
- 19 Parties, anything else we need to do
- 20 procedurally on the record today?
- 21 Anybody from the Applicant have anything
- 22 else we need to take care of this afternoon?
- 23 All right. Then the adjudication resumes
- tomorrow, the public meeting starts at seven o'clock.
- 25 Councilmember Towne.

- 1 MS. TOWNE: For my record keeping, I want to
- 2 make sure I've figured out where all these other people
- 3 went. Flenniken did we affidavit?
- JUDGE TOREM: He's going to come in by
- 5 affidavit so is Polisky and so apparently is
- 6 Mr. Jorgensen. In the two o'clock group you'll find that
- 7 Mr. Bernay, Mr. Kammen, Mr. Pappalardo, and Peggy O'Neill
- 8 will come in by affidavit as well.
- 9 MS. TOWNE: What about the three o'clock:
- 10 Butler, Acutanza, and Pitzler?
- MS. ADELSMAN: Yes.
- 12 JUDGE TOREM: That's correct.
- MS. TOWNE: Thank you.
- 14 JUDGE TOREM: I believe that exhausts the
- 15 witnesses but for the three we have tomorrow morning.
- Okay. It's now a little past 3:20. We'll
- be adjourned until tomorrow morning. We'll take the
- 18 public comment tonight at seven o'clock.
- 19 * * * * *
- 20 (Adjudicative hearing adjourned at 3:21
- 21 p.m.)
- 22
- 23
- 24
- 25

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5	AFFIDAVIT
6	
7	I, Shaun Linse, CCR, Certified Court Reporter,
8	do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript
9	prepared under my direction is a true and accurate
10	record of the proceedings taken on September 20, 2006,
11	in Ellensburg, Washington.
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14	
15	Shaun Linse, CCR
16	CCR NO. 2029
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